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The Bombay Chronicle

The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

VOL. II NO. 4 — BOMBAY: MONDAY, JANUARY 5, 1914 — ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.
MAIL SERVICE.
LIST OF DEPARTURES
FROM BOMBAY FOR
MARSEILLES & LONDON,
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT
BRINDISI and MALTA.

BOMBAY to MARSEILLES in ..... 13 days
BOMBAY to LONDON via MARSEILLES by rail in ..... 14 ,,
BOMBAY to PLYMOUTH by sea in... 19 ,,
BOMBAY to LONDON by sea in ..... 20 ,,

The above mentioned improved transit will commence from the 1st January 1914.

Date of Sailing.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1914.				
10th ,,	Delta ..	8000	.....	..
17th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa.....	11000
24th ,,	Arabia ..	8000	.....	..
31st ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mooltan	10000
7th Feb.	Mantua ..	11000	.....	..
14th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Morea	11000
21st. ,,	Caledonia ..	8000	.....	..
28th ,,	Maloja ..	12500	.....	..
7th March.	Persia ..	8000	.....	..
14th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Marmora ...	10500
21st. ,,	Macedonia ..	10500	.....	..
28th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Moldavia....	10000
*1st April.	Himalaya ..	7000	.....	..
4th ,,	Arabia ..	8000	.....	..
11th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Medina.....	12500
18th ,,	Mantua ..	11000	.....	..
25th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia ..	10000
*29th ,,	Arcadia ..	7000	.....	..
2nd May	Caledonia ..	8000	.....	..
9th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Malv.	11000
16th ,,	Persia ..	8000	.....	..

All the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamers at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMERS.

The S. S. "HIMALAYA" 7,000 tons will leave Bombay at 2 p.m. on Wednesday, 1st April, 1914.

The S. S. "ARCADIA" 7,000 tons will leave Bombay at 4 p.m. on Wednesday, the 29th April, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES as follows.

	SINGLE.	RETURN.
	"A" rate "B" rate.	"A" rate "B" rate.
To MARSEILLES ...	Rs. 594 or Rs. 495	Rs. 891 or Rs. 742-8.
,, LONDON ..... ,,	627 or Rs. 528	Rs. 940-8 or Rs. 792.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, AUSTRALIA, and NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to,

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.
P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

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NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

TO Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons	Arrival.	Departure.
BombayMaru	Y. Tozawa.	4625	23rd Dec.	7th. Jan. 1914.
ColomboMaru	N.Kawashima	4709	30th. Dec.	10th. Jan.
KamakuraMar	T. Hori.	6126	7th. Jan.	19th. Jan.
RangoonMaru	T. Date.	4926	17th. Jan.	29th. Jan.
KawachiMaru	A.Christiansen	6163	28th. Jan.	9th Feb.
Penang Maru	S. Murazumi	5500	10th Feb.	22nd. Feb.
Isaba Maru	S. Tominaga.	6189	8th. Mar.	20th. Mar.
BombayMaru	Y. Tozawa.	4625	22nd. Mar.	3rd. Apr.
ColomboMaru	N.Kawashima	4709	5th. Apr.	17th. Apr.

For Freight apply to—
T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager,
York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE
Indian Newspaper Co.,
LIMITED.
MEDOWS STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

CHAIRMAN.
The Hon. Sir PHEROSHAH MEHTA, K.C.I.E.
DIRECTORS.
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SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
(JOINT SERVICE).
SPRING SAILINGS, 1914.
TO MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL.

Steamers.		Tons.	Leave Bombay about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Athens	A&C	5794	....	7th Jan....
City of Poona	A&C	7437	21st Jan.....	....
City of Birmingham	A&C	7475*	23rd Feb.....	21st Feb....
City of Calcutta	A&C	7680*	12th Mar....	10th Mar..
Trafford Hall	A	5321	21st Mar ...	....
City of Manchester	A&C	5551	....	25th Mar...
City of Paris	A&C	9232*	13th April....	11th April..
City of Karachi	A&C	5566	....	22nd April
City of Lahore	A&C	6875	....	29th April..
City of Birmingham	A&C	7475	27th May ...	25th May .

*Calling at Bombay for passengers only. Excepting the Trafford Hall all other steamers carry 1st and 2nd Class Passengers.

FARES.	1st Class Single.	1st Class Return.	2nd Class Single.	2nd Class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..	573	891	428	649
London via Marseilles ..	653	1091	489	809
Liverpool ..	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool ..	....	999	.....	737

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Nord-deutscher Lloyd and Cunard Lines.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passages and full particulars apply to:—Bombay.—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons. Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

FUNDS EXCEED.....£19,031,22
ANNUAL INCOME.....£7,139,550

FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, PROFITS AND MOTOR CAR INSURANCE.

Send for Prospectus and Particulars to:—
C. M. ROSS, Resident Secretary
Royal Insurance Buildings, BOMBAY.

Or T. H. MOORE & Co., Chief Agents, Hummum St., Fort.
BOMBAY

ALL ABOUT HEALTH.

An important publication of Health Literature of 150 pages. Most interesting and useful reading of definite truth—a result of practical experience. Gratis and post free.

Apply to —
VAIDYA SHASTRI,
MANISHANKRE GOVINDJI,
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
(*JAMNAGAR KATHIAWAR.*)

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. LIMITED.

INTEND to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.
WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Steamer. Tons. Sailing Date. Time. Route.
LINGA, 2185, Mon. 5th Jan. 11 a.m. †P. D. & C. M.
KASARA 1195, Th. 8th Jan. 9 a.m. ‡C. M.
LHASA, 2184, Fri. 9th Jan. *6 a.m. Direct
†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.
‡Cutch Mandvie.
*Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.
(Weekly.)

S. S. "KASARA" 1195 tons, on Thursday, 8th January, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
(Weekly.)

S. S. "PUTIALA" 2998 tons, on Thursday, the 8th January, calling at Verawal, Mongrole, Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busrah.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
(Fortnightly).

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing on.
†PURNEA	3306	Thursday, 8th Jan.
*PUNDUA	3305	,, 22nd ,,
†PENTAKOTA.....	3418	,, 5th Feb.
*PALAMCOTTA....	3413	,, 19th. ,,

†Calls at Lamoo, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.
*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony ports transhipping at Durban to the steamers of the Union Castle or other Line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.
(Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, Bombay.

5th January, 1913.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,040,000

Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Eliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

Payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS.

Are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Acting Manager.

Post Box 141.

FELICE CORNAGLIA,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

Caters for large and small parties in his usual recherche style.

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

83-85, Medows Street, } BOMBAY,
7, Esplanade Road, }

ARSENAL ROAD, POONA.

Telegrams: "Cornaglia." Telephone No. 24.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

(ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

Capital Authorised	Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs. 15,00,000
Capital Paid up	Rs. 9,88,153
Reserve Fund (in Govt. Papers)	Rs. 10,00,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches—
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote, and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS, and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to:—

SRI RAM, B.A.,
Manager.

89, Apollo Street, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE, APOLLO STREET.

Branches:—
Mumbadevi (Bombay), Ahmedabad and Gondal.

Authorised and Subscribed Capital, Rs. 1,00,00,000.

Interest on fixed deposits for 12 months 5 per cent p. a. Savings Bank 4 per cent. Current accounts on daily balances 3 per cent. at Bombay.

Rates for short deposits and information regarding terms of any other Banking business to be ascertained on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

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BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the Rules are obtainable on application at the Bank 264-

THE
DIAMOND JUBILEE
WASHING COMPANY.

Cleaning, dyeing, and general laundry work have now become a science, and there are few firms in Bombay who realise this. We claim that we, at least, have kept pace with the times and with the assistance of our new electrical and steam cleaning plants, collar and shirt finishing machinery, electric and gas, irons, and finishing cones, we are enabled to satisfy the most fastidious taste. Try us and be convinced. Price lists on application.

SHOW ROOM
2-14, HAMAM STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY.

When you go visiting—don't have a headache, and be out of sorts. Carry Stearns' Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

THE BURMAH OIL CO., LD.

B. O. C. LAMP OILS.
B. O. C. PETROL.
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS.
AND GREASES.
B. O. C. CANDLES.

Agents:—SHAW WALLACE & Co.,
TAJ BUILDINGS.
Wallace Street, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE NO. 102.

W. I. T. C.
RACE MEETINGS.

It is not necessarily the swiftest horse that first catches the judge's eye as the field flash past the winning post, for there is one all-important factor which has an immense bearing on the result of any horse race and in this factor is bound up much that is interesting and salient from a spectacular and sporting standpoint. We allude to the dexterity, tact and grit of the Jockey; his ability to ride to orders; his judgment of pace and staying power—in short his qualification to ride a skilful race and, perhaps a great finish: masterly qualities which give truth to the old saying. "*It is the bridle and spur that makes a good horse.*" Everybody knows that to fully appreciate the attractiveness or fascination of racing it is essential that the manœuvring of good jockeyism be carefully observed, and to permit of this being carried out successfully a BINOCULAR giving wide field and perfect definition is an absolute necessity.

We can provide these. Select any one of the following PRISMATIC FIELD GLASSES and you will be investing in an article of intrinsic merit and utility, giving EXTENDED VISION, FINE DEFINITION and STERLING VALUE.

What more useful present for a racing man, shikarist, for the rifle range, or for use under Service conditions, than one of these powerful and beautifully finished and wear resisting Binoculars?

Busch's	Prismatic	"Lynkop"	8 diameter,	Rs. 105
do.	do.	"Ultralux"	do.	,, 120
do.	do.	"Sollux" 6	do.	,, 138
do.	do.	do 10	do.	,, 155
do.	do.	"Terlux" 9	do.	,, 140
do.	Ordinary, Wide Vision			,, 45

For Cash, the above prices are subject to a discount of 10 per cent.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,
JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

MILD DINDIGUL CIGARS.
PERFECT HAND-MADE INDIAN SMOKES.

Dindigul Pearls with rings	per 50	Rs. 3—0
Dindigul-Bouquets ,, ...	,, 50	,, 2-12
Dindigul Torches ,, ...	,, 50	,, 3—8
Dindigul Rocks ,, ...	,, 50	,, 2—8
Dindigul Pride, thin and long	,, 50	,, 2—0

Besides the above, good many other Brands in stock.
Price List on receipt of a Post-card.

Sole Agents in India, D. Merwan & Co., 24 Medows Street, Fort.
Branch: 95, Hornby Road, opp. Cox & Co.
Also at DINSHAW MERWAN, opp. the Docks.

Our I. C. O. brand
REFINED COTTONSEED OIL
is an excellent cooking and salad oil, safely taking the place of GHEE or BUTTER in a number of dainties.
INDIAN COTTON OIL Company, Limited.
HUMMUM St., FORT, BOMBAY.

ALL INDIA UNITED INSURANCE Co.
LIMITED.
FIRE LIFE

CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000.
Subscribed. Rs. 25,00,000 Paid up Capital, Rs. 5,00,000. Claims paid about Rs. 2,00,000 both Fire and Life.

Funds Invested in Government Securities.
Necessary security has been deposited with the Government of India under the New Insurance Act.

INFLUENTIAL AND EXPERIENCED AGENTS REQUIRED.
Messrs. M. M. SHIRAZEE & SONS, SECRETARIES.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS under the above heading are charged:-

	Rs.	a.
Per line	0	4
Minimum charge	1	0

CONTRACT RATES for three, six and twelve months can be had on application to THE MANAGER.

BE INDEPENDENT—Get good job during leisure. Better Income by "American Money-Making Plans." Particulars FREE, NOORANI BROTHERS, Box F-7 Bhavnagar 1155

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FRENCH CONVERSATION CLASS, all in French, 4 months from January 8th: Mondays, Thursday, 9-10 a. m. In advance: Rs. 8 per month, or Rs. 28 for the cource. Prof. Louis Peltier, FRENCH INSTITUTE, Thoburn House, Apollo Bunder. 1002

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YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing? We place the services of thoroughly competent workman at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument is a guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCUS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Blutner Pianos.

WANTED

FIRST CLASS COOK.—Required for Hotel, Goanese preferred. Apply, with testimonials and salary required, to PROPRIETRESS, St. Mark's Hotel, Bangalore.

WANTED a SUPERINTENDENT for Ali-Rajpur State Police. Pay Rs. 60 plus Rs. 10 horse allowance. Apply with testimonials to DEWAN, Ali-Rajpur, C. I.

WANTED a competent Assistant CARDING and SPINNING MASTER for a Local Mills; Apply to Box 185, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1161

WANTED by English firm, GUARANTEE BROKER for Financing Piecegoods business. Apply to Box No. 182, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1152

WANTED Nurses for the Ramsay Hospital, Naini Tal. Two certificated, salary Rs. 75 a month; two probationers. —Apply with copies of testimonials and letters of reference to Miss GRANT, 92, Barrackpur, E. B. S. R.

WANTED a smart CLERK for collection and general office work. A fair knowledge of book-keeping essential. Apply stating experience, etc. Box 183, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1156

WANTED.—INFLUENTIAL AGENTS at all, yet unrepresented stations on salary or liberal commission or both to popularise our provident Marriage Schemes. Apply Managing Agents, THE CITY INSURANCE SOCIETY, Ltd., 7, Shallow Lane, Calcutta. 0639

WANTED experienced TEACHERS, graduates and undergraduates for "Trilokchandra Jain High School," Indore. Jains preferred. Apply sharp to The SECRETARY, Trilokchandra Jain High School, Indore. 1058

WANTED—For the Nanak Chand Anglo Sanskrit High School, Meerut, a Head Master from 1st June 1914 on pay Rs. 150-10-200 and the advantages of a Provident Fund

A man of high academical qualifications coupled with experience will have preference.

Personal canvassing of the members of the committee is forbidden. For further particulars apply to the HONORARY SECRETARY.

WANTED AMBITIOUS MEN.

Desirous of qualifying themselves for good positions to read this carefully, as vacancies are constantly occurring for men in all professions.

We can prepare you in your own home, privately, in your spare time, at a reasonable cost, to obtain a well-paid position, improve your present, position, or increase your salary. Your need not leave your present employment. Over 120 Courses taught in the following professions and trades:—

Accountancy	Dairy Farming
Advertising	Engineering in all branches
Agricultural	Mining
Analytical Chemistry	Poultry Farming
Applied Art	Salesmanship
Business Training.	

Mention profession in which you are interested and write for free prospectus to:—

THE REGIST RAR
International Correspondence Schools (of London), Dept. A-E 1.
11, Hamam Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

WANTED

WANTED, immediately, EUROPEAN NURSERY GOVERNESS for Ambala for girl aged three. Apply personally to Mrs. STRICKLAND, Great Western Hotel, Bombay.

WANTED—MANAGERS, AGENTS, CANVASSERS, INSPECTORS and CASHIERS on handsome salary. Apply by letter to THE IMPERIAL BANK, LTD., Delhi.

WANTED—By 15th January, 1914, for the Brigade High Schools, Secunderabad, Deccan, a trained Kindergarten Mistress, European, Music (Piano) essential. Apply, stating age, experience, religion, to the Rev. F. W. HEYCOCK, M.A., Chaplain of Secunderabad.

WANTED an expert middle-aged Lady to supervise the Millinery Department who can also make Ladies' Costumes and attend Lady Customers, salary Rs. 60 per month.

WANTED a young lady who is conversant with Millinery work and attending Lady Customers. Salary Rs. 40 per month. Apply with testimonials to VILCASSIM BROS., **Taj Mahal Hotal,** 1140 Bombay.

WANTED STUDENTS:—Desirous of getting higher wages to read this carefully, We teach SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, and ACCOUNTANCY quickly, thoroughly and with guaranteed results. Fees:—For Shorthand Rs. 2, (Pitman or Script) Typewriting on 60 kinds of Typewriters (including Mechanism) Rs. 2, Book-keeping and Accountancy Rs. 4, per month.

Special arrangements for LADIES.

Apply LENTIN'S COMMERCIAL INSTITUTION, 283, Hornby Road, opposite Whiteaway. 1151

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ACCUMULATORS suitable for small electric lights, carriage lamps, motor cars and wedding processions on hire at very moderate rates. NATIONAL ELECTRIC Co., Princess Street, Bombay. 1158

FOR SALE.—Westinghouse variable speed Motor, 15 Brake horse power 460 volts Direct current, suitable for Printing Press or Flour Mill. Price including Pulley and Rails, starter and speed regulator Rs. 700. Apply to, "Motor" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

HOUSE, BAZAAR and DHOBIE ACCOUNT BOOK, *sixth edition revised* for 12 months with Servants Diary, Wages Table, Household Hints, Cookery Notes and Will Form *by Gerald L. Chard*, price Rs. 1-8 from No. 13 Dept., Army Navy Stores, Fort, Bombay.

3½ H. P. Triumph Motor Cycle and Side Car, perfect running order and condition; lamps, horn, tools, spares, Rs. 500. Apply Capt. HOGAN, Bareilly.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET immediately a chamber facing Esplanade Road and also High Court, useful for Barristers and merchants. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. HIRALAL & Co., 24, Esplanade Road. 1160

TO LET—GROUND FLOOR of a spacious bungalow, at Club Road, furnished or unfurnished, occupied by a European for the last four years. Will be vacant on 31st January, 1914, as occupier goes home. Oil painted, bright and cool with garden. Apply No. 505, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

MODERN DENTISTRY

is different to the dentistry of yesterday. Day by day the public are getting more exacting—wanting more value for their money. What was good enough for them last year is not good enough to-day. Living in India is becoming more and more expensive and people simply cannot afford to pay the fees that they used to. The dentist who progresses must move with the times—he must satisfy the popular demand. His work must be painless, artistic, and lasting; the materials used must be the very best procurable, but at the same time, his

FEES MUST BE MODERATE

hence Dr. Boyes' revised list of charges as under:—

Perfectly Painless Extraction Rs. 3.

Gold, Porcelain Amalgam or Cement Fillings from Rs. 3 to Rs. 10.

Complete sets of artificial teeth upper and lower from Rs. 100 to Rs. 250.

Partial Sets from Rs. 10 upwards.

Dr. C. D, BOYES, R. D. S.,

personally attends all patients.
107, Esplanade Road, Bombay,
opposite the Clock Towers.
Hours: 10 to 6 daily, Sundays by appointment only.

NOTICES.

INADMISSIBLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MANAGER reserves the right to refuse any advertisement without assigning reasons for doing so.

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS of BELL REBEIRO & Co., Agents for the PFAFF Sewing Machines, will as from 1st January 1914, be carried on under the name and style of "Bell & Co," Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency by whom all claims and dues will be paid and received in future.

By Order,
C. WARD,
1099 Manager.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

TOURS THROUGH INDIA.

TICKETS ISSUED TO THE PRINCIPAL CITIES OF INTEREST OR ANY RAILWAY STATION IN INDIA.

FIRST and SECOND CLASS TICKETS (third class for servants) issued for single and return journeys, with the usual free allowance of luggage. Single journey tickets available for two months, return tickets for eight months.

Break of journey at intermediate stations allowed.

For further particulars and tickets, apply to the undersigned.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
353 General Traffic Manager.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA, RAILWAY.

DAILY EXPRESS BETWEEN BOMBAY, DELHI, FEROZEPORE, LAHORE, RAWALPINDI AND PESHAWAR.

Down Northern Express.	Stations.		Up. Northern Express.
H.M.			H.M.
21. 0 Dep.	Bombay (Colaba)	Arr.	8.50
20.37 Arr.	Muttra "	Dep.	8.45
23.20 "	Delhi "	"	6. 0
5.48 "	Bhatinda ..	.. "	23.43
7.21 "	Ferozepore Cantt.	.. "	22.9
8.56 "	Lahore Cantt. West	. "	20.32
11.17 "	Wazirabad ..	.. "	17.50
13.30 "	Sialkote (change at Wazirabad)	.. "	15.51
12.47 "	Jhelum ..	.. "	16.13
15.50 "	Rawaspindi ..	.. "	13.32
19.10 "	Nowshera ..	.. "	9.47
20.13 "	Peshawar Cantt.	.. "	8.48

A 1st and 2nd class carriage runs through on this train between Bombay and Ambala via Saharanpur to the following timings:—

Down Northern Express. 1.2.3. H.M.	Stations.		Up Northern Express. 1.2.3. H.M.
21.00 Dep.	Bombay (Colaba)	.. Arr.	8.50
23.50 "	Delhi ..	.. "	4.35
1.23 Arr.	Meerut Cantt.	.. Dep.	2.11
3.27 "	Saharanpur ..	.. "	23. 5
5.10 "	Ambalia Cantt	.. "	21. 8

DAILY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND KATHIAWAR via VIRAMGAM.

Down Gujarat Fast Mail Passenger. 1.2.3. 1.2.3.	Stations.		Up Fast Gujarat Passenger. Mail. 1.2.3. 1.2.3
21.30 21.45 Dep.	Bombay (Colaba)	Arr.	6.55 7.45
21.55 22.14 "	Grant Road ..	"	6.16 7.21
5.11 7. 5 Arr.	Baroda ..	.. Dep.	21. 0 23.45
7.40 10.20 Arr.	Ahmedabad ..	"	17.35 21.20
9.50 12.35 "	Viramgam (change for Kathiawar).	"	15.20 19.15

THE FAST PASSENGER TRAINS CONNECT AT BARODA WITH THROUGH TRAINS FOR AND FROM DELHI, AS FOLLOWS:—

7.40 Dep. Baroda .. .. Arr. 20.15
6.55 Arr. Delhi .. .. Dep. 21.20

Note.—For timings of Up trains read from bottom to top of column.

FREDERICK W. HANSON.
General Traffic Manager.

INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE Government of the United Provinces is prepared to receive applications for State Technical Scholarships of £150 a year, each tenable for two years, enabling the holders to proceed to England or other western country in order to obtain instruction in one of the following industries:—

Municipal and Sanitary Engineering.
Paper-making.
Wood and grass pulp working.
Cotton printing.
Sugar Engineering.
Tanning.
Wool-dyeing.
Manufacture of vegetable oils.

A thorough preliminary training in India is essential, and candidates must have real practical experience in the subjects they desire to study. It is necessary also that they should know enough English to follow lectures in that language and be in a position to turn their training to practical use on their return to this country.

The possession of a university degree is desirable and candidates should ordinarily have read up to the standard of the B. Sc. or B. A. (with science), or other equivalent degree or have obtained an equivalent diploma. Candidates selecting one of the engineering sciences should have reached the Intermediate Science standard at least and should have a competent knowledge of physics, chemistry and mathematics. Exceptions in regard to the standard of education may however be made in the case of candidates who have an hereditary connexion with, or who have displayed a special aptitude for, the industry they propose to study, provided that their knowledge of English satisfies the condition laid down above.

Applications giving full details of qualifications and antecedents should reach the Secretary to Government, Industries Department, Allahabad, not later than the 1st March 1914. The applicants should state which industry they select and what their qualifications are specially in respect of the industry selected.

Candidates must clearly understand that they will have to depend upon their own exertions when they return to India and that the Government does not and cannot undertake to provide them with employment.

By Order, etc.,
A. W. PIM,
Secy. to Govt., United Provinces.
Allahabad, 24th December, 1913.

FOR ADVERTISEMENT RATES APPLY THE MANAGER, "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," Medows Street,

AUCTION SALE:

CRAWFORD & CO

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
16, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF THE VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT KHOJA ST., NULL BAZAR.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna Esq., the Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate and effects of Kikabhai Rajabally Nagree, an insolvent and with the consent and concurrence of the first mortgagee, Khan Bahadur Framjee Nusserwanjee Santook and the second mortgagee, Mr. Noorbhai Esmailjee, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY the 7th instant, at 5 p.m., (S.T.), the following valuable landed property on the premises.

PARTICULARS:—All that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground rent land together with its messuage, tenement or building standing thereon situate lying and being at Khoja Street, Null Bazar, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 285 3-9 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 434, 434, 2921, New No. 7705, Old Survey Nos. 869, 870, 871, and New Survey No. 4327 and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under "C" ward No. 7306 and Street Nos. 234, 236, 238 and 240, and bounded on the East by the Khoja Street on the West by the Sweeper's passage on the North by the property of Haroon Sulleman and on the South by the property of Borah Mahomed Allibhai.

For further particulars and printed conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Pestonji Rustim, Kolah and Co., Attorneys for the said Official Assignee or to the Undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, IRON SAFES AND BOILER COMPOSITION, ETC.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna Esq., the Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Tyabally Esmaljee Esoofbhoy, an Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction on THURSDAY the 8th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) in the office of Mr. Shekh Adam Esoofbhoy, situated at No. 9 Forbes Street, Fort, the following:—

Chairs, tables, cup-boards, copying presses, sewing machine, electric lights and fans, a big lot of stationery, wooden benches, large dining table, one big pump, office clock, Remington typewriter, screens, empty casks, boiler composition, and iron safes by Harichand and Milner & Co.

A deposit of 25 per cent., will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid and the delivery to be taken on the next day of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 3,000 BAGS OF ANCHOR BRAND FLOUR.

Under instruction from Messrs. Vassonjee Sons & Co., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Wallace Flour Mill at Chickal Wadi Tardeo, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of January, 1914, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), on account and at the risk of Seth Hajee Khanoo Moosa.

3,000 Bags Flour "Anchor Brand" Household; Household pocket; Superfine and Export, manufactured at the Wallace Flour Mill.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale, and the balance to be paid within 2 days and the goods taken delivery of within that time.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF IRON-WARE, VERY USEFUL TO MILL OWNERS, GINNING-FACTORIES, AND MERCHANTS DEALING IN IRON-WARE.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna Esq., the Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Tyabally Esmaljee Esoofally, an Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 9th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), at the ground floor of the Godown of House No. 19/21 and on the first floor of the same house, situate next to the shop of Sheikh Ahmed Sheikh Dawood at Sarang Street, Bhoosari Moholla, the following goods of the abovenamed insolvent.

Such as sluice valves, packing sundries, Manilla ropes, sundries for Steam boilers, Platt Bros.' gins and all kinds of Platt Bros.' sundries, galvanized pipes of all diameters, copper pipes, canvas and leather belts, coach screws, fire bricks, safety rods, pipe gauges, jacks, scales, grinding stones, bellows, leather strings, asbestos sheets, canvas pipes, couplings, wrought iron bands, ties, canvas beltings, lead pipes, emery flour (powder), bolts, nuts, circular saws, cloth rubber packings, land pumps, cotton wastes, a very large lot of lead pipes, pulleys, chains, blocks, wired pipes, Dixon's flake graphite, boiler composition, Fibre packings, sliding jacks and various other articles

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid and delivery to be taken on the next day.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.
Bombay, 5th January, 1914.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, Ld., ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital of Rs. 1,88,600.
Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very low scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved Securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife pre-deceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to Canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE GHOST CLUB

SIX THOUSAND FEET

Another Wonderful Production AT

OLYMPIA PICTURE PALACE.

GLORIA

EXCLUSIVE RIGHT FILM

We have purchased the right at great expense.

TO-NIGHT! EVERY NIGHT!!

Saturday and Sunday Matinee with most valuable prizes. 5-15 to 6-45; and 7 to 8-30; 9 to 10-30 and 11 to 12-30 (S. T.)

SANDHURST ROAD
Telephone 1266.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

Charni Road. **TO-NIGHT!** Tel. No. 1271.

A MAGNIFICENT DRAMATIC PRODUCTION

3,500 Feet **SIEGFRIED.** 3 Parts.

Adapted from the Popular Grand Opera.

A fine representation of the adventures of the German hero as given in the legend.

Gorgeous Costumes—Splendid Setting—Superb Acting.

BILL—EXPRESS MESSENGER | HOW TO GROW.

Two good laughter-raisers.

3 Shows nightly:—*7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11.*

Sat. and Sunday:—*11-15 to 12-15.*

Prize Shows—Sat. and Sunday 5-30 to 6-30.

FILMS FOR SALE OR HIRE.

GAIETY THEATRE

By Special arrangement with

LA SCALA

TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT
at 9-30 p. m.

Entertainment & Concert

In aid of the

Indian Christian Women's Friendly Society

Under the Patronage and Presence of

H. E. THE GOVERNOR AND LADY WILLINGDON,

Lord Bishop of Bombay and Mrs. Palmer.

The following Ladies and Gentlemen will take part in the Concert.

Mrs. BEN HICK
Mrs. E. F. HALLIWELL
Mr. GALIMIDI
Mrs. MURRAY
Mr. DODDS

PART II.

FARCE (Forty-five Minutes.)

BROWN WITH AN "E."

CHARACTERS:

Count Donner Wetter..	... Mr. G.C. Nixon
Mr. Brown	.. Mr. A. Ashton
Mr. Parjour	.. Mr. J. E. Crouch
Mrs. Nervesby	.. Miss Hawkins
Mrs. Brown	.. Mrs. Colombi
Miss Peake	.. Miss Ellis

Prices Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 and As. 8.

PLAN AT S. ROSE'S

NOVELTY THEATRE

Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, 13th, 14th and 15th January

THE BOMBAY A. D. C.

will produce

Mr. Bernard Shaw's well-known Comedy

"YOU NEVER CAN TELL"

CAST:

Mr. Crampton.....Major Watson, R.E.
Finsh McComas....Capt. Meade.
Philip Glandon.....Capt. Hawtrey, R. E.
Bolum K. C. .....Mr. Hardy, I. C. S.
The Waiter. .....Mr. M. N. Hogg
Valentine .....Colonel Arthur Young.
Parlour Maid.....Msr. Hawtrey
Mrs. Glandon.....Mrs. Duncan Wilson.
Dolly Glandon ....Mrs. Paterson Brown
Gloria Glandon ....Mrs. Binning.

IN FOUR ACTS.

Overture every evening at 9-20 p. m.

Usual Prices.

Box Office at Messrs. S. ROSE & Co.

To-night! To-night!

AT THE

ALCAZAR

ANOTHER CHANGE OF PROGRAM

6-30.. and Twice nightly.10

ALL VARIETIES NO PICTURES.

Return of Bombay's Favourites

THE CLARIDGES

(UNA AND PERCY)

IN

REVUES AND RAGTIME

WILLIAMS & DIAMOND

In their Mirth-Provoking sketch

"THE ACTRESS."

REGGIE WILLIAMS

The Man in the Check suit.

FRESH COMICALITIES

STEVE BUCKINGHAM

THE GENIAL COMEDIAN.

LAURA DIAMOND

COMEDIENNE

IN ILLUSTRATED SONGS

"VANDEEK"

RUSSIAN DANCING EXTRA ORDINARY

NOTE. Owing to hundreds of children being unble to get a seat on New Year's day we have arranged to

ADMIT CHILDREN FREE

If accompanied by an adult

TO THE 6-30 PERFORMANCE TO-DAY

No Advance in our Prices

Are you losing weight? Muscles weak and flabby? Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract builds up broken down tissues and produces sound healthy flesh— increases your weight.

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AMUSEMENTS:

THE EXCELSIOR.

At 6-30; 8-30; and 10 p.m.

Dramatic

"THE MILLS OF GOD"

Humorous

"TOMMY'S LOVE AFFAIR"

and

"TOTO EXACTS HIS RENT."

Opening Sat. 10th.

The strongest and most expensive programme in Bomba!

Lord Lytton's Masterpiece:—

"THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII"

A stupendous production comprising

4,000 People!

40 Lions!

50 Gladiators!

For the first time in Bombay

"THE MERRY MAGNETS"

Eight complete Vaudeville Acts.

Full Orchestra.

Prices as usual.

BOXING

1st SHERWOOD FORESTERS

OPEN TOURNAMENT

COOPERAGE, BOMBAY

7th, 8th, 9th and 10th January 1914 at 9-30 p. m. nightly.

Under Army & Navy Boxing Association Rules.

EVENTS.

OPEN TO ALL INDIA } Army, Navy, Volunteers and Police (Europeans)

PRIZES

WELTER WEIGHTS. 10st. 7lb. Rs. 75 Rs. 45.
LIGHT WEIGHTS .. 10st. „ 75 „ 45.
FEATHER WEIGHTS 9st. „ 75 „ 45.

VOLUNTEER CHAMPIONSHIP OF BOMBAY

PRIZES.

VOLUNTEERS (Cup value) Rs. 50 Rs. 25.
CADETS „ „ 40 „ 20.

OPEN TO REGIMENT ONLY

PRIZES.

Middle Weights	11st.	Rs. 60	Rs. 30.
Light Weights	10st.	„ 60	„ 30.
Feather Weights	9st.	„ 60	„ 30.

The Committee reserve the right to increase or decrease the amount of the prizes, according to the Entries.

Entries to reach Boxing President by the 1-1-1914.

Weigh in at the Garrison Gymnasium, Colaba, at 9 a. m, 7th January, 1914.

CONTESTS.

The Committee will arrange One or Two Contests Nightly of 4 & 6 Rounds.

Application for same to be made with entries. Prizes from Rs. 25 to Rs. 75 per Contest.

PRICES OF SEATS.

Reserved Rs. 3. season for Same Rs. 8, Unreserved Rs. 2. and 1 Soldiers, Sailors and Volunteers in uniform Half Price to unreserved seats.

Seats may be booked at Messrs McAlpin, Sports Stores, Bombay, from 9 a. m. till 12noon and 4 p. m to 6 p. m. commencing from 1st January, 1914.

CORONATION CINEMATOGRAPH

Sandhurst Road, Girgaum.

A grand opportunity to the Cinema going public

The Sensational Military drama representing 3,000 Soldiers and 3,000 American Indians in death struggle

I CUSTER'S LAST FIGHT

(In 3 Parts-3,000 feet.)

This film cost Rs. 3,00,000 to produce, and to its production over 1½ years was devoted.

2. EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION.

YOUNG BUCKSHOT PRESENTS

The G. Y. American Wild West.

Introducing Cowboys, Cowgirls, and American Indians

IN THEIR WELL-KNOWN PLAYLET ENTITLED

"After the Roundup"

Tremendous success throughout the far East and now the talk of Bombay.

THIS IS NOT AN IMITATION BUT THE REAL THING.

3. THE LAUGH ON DAD Cowboy Comedy (Funny)

PRICES AS USUAL.

Time 7 to 8-45; 9 to 10-45; 11 to 12-45

THE BOMBAY GAS COY'S SOCIAL CLUB.

Chinchpoogly-Parel

"Fancy Dress Dance"

Saturday 10th January 1914, **at 9-30 p.m.**

Two Valuable Prizes given away

Admission Gents Rs. 2 and Ladies free.

Tickets may be had from the undersigned or at the door.

V. N. Pintr,
Hon Secretary

AMUSEMENTS:

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

Christmas Holidays
Special Season
Picture Show.

All nights including Sundays,

3 Shows.

6-15 to 7-30 } P. M. { 7-45 to 9 } P. M. { 10 to 11-15

To-night Grand Change of Programme.

1. **Gazette.**—All latest news arrived by last mail.
2. **Mataras.**—Marvellous feat by star acrobats.
3. **Passing of Uncle.**—Gives very comic sketch of a nephew trying to get hold of his uncle's riches.
4. **Famous Battles of Napoleon,**—Taken on the actual battlefields and executed by the largest concourse of military people ever seen on a battlefield. The subject matter of this film is quite different to what was shown previously in Bombay.
5. **The Two Rascals.**—Young children are seen bringing on most funny situation.

PRICES:—Orchestra Stalls, Rs. 2 Stalls, Re. 1; Dress Circle, Re. 1; Balcony, Annas 8; and Gallery Annas 4. Children half price. Soldiers in uniform half price to Balcony only.

Tram cars available at Girgaum and Charni Road Corners; also Taxi Autos, and Victorias available at the doors of the theatre at close of the shows.

Orchestra Stalls, Stalls, Dress Circle and Balcony patrons visiting Saturday and Sunday shows will be presented each with a beautiful Calendar bearing wishes for a Happy and Prosperous Year 1914.

The Bombay Chronicle.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TOWN.

Yearly ..	.. Rs. 20.
Half-yearly ..	.. Rs. 11.
Quarterly ..	.. Rs. 6.

MOFUSSIL.

Yearly ..	.. Rs. 30.
Half-yearly ..	.. Rs. 16.
Quarterly ..	.. Rs. 9.

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OFFICES: 3, Elphinstone Circle
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SOME SPECIAL FEATURES of the Company are:—

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Exceptional opportunities offered to energetic men with spare time.

Full particulars on application to—

E. F. HALLIWELL,

Resident Secretary
for
Western India, Sind and Madras Presidency.

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When you go visiting—don't have a headache, and be out of sorts. Carry Stearns' Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

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BY

PESTONJI L. PARUCK, B. A., L.L.M.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BOMBAY

Containing all the recent cases decided between 1900–1913 by the High Courts in India and by the Privy Council on the subject. All subjects lucidly explained.

With an Appendix.

Containing the full Text of the Indian Succession Act, the Hindu Wills Act, the Parsi Intestate Succession Act, etc., etc,

Price Rs. 5.

Ramchandra Govind & Son,

Booksellers,

Kalbadevi, BOMBAY.

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SOUTH AFRICAN INDIAN FUND.

AN INDIAN PATRIOT

IN

SOUTH AFRICA.

THE LIFE HISTORY OF

Mr. M. K. GHANDI,

LEADER OF THE INDIAN MARTYRS.

WITH AN INTRODUCTION

BY

LORD AMPTHILL.

Copies at Re. 1-14

May be obtained from "The Bombay Chronicle" Office.

The whole proceeds will be given to the South African Indian Fund.

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FIRE, MARINE & ACCIDENT.

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WESTERN (MARINE) ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

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GAZDAR & Co.,

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Bath Tubs. Lavatories. Urinal Booth-rom Fittings, etc., etc., etc.

Are you losing weight? Muscles weak and flabby? Stearn's Wine of Cod Liver Extract builds up broken down tissues and produces sound healthy flesh—increases your

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co. (INDIA), Ltd.

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TURPENE—THE SUBSTITUTE FOR TURPENTINE.

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Address:—GRAHAM'S BUILDING,
PARSI BAZAR STREET.
BOMBAY.

and at CALCUTTA, MADRAS and KARACHI.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 3rd January 1914, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity and minimum temperature are in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect at Multan and Sirsa.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in east Rajputana and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in excess and maximum temperature is in defect in upper Sind and in the adjacent parts of west Rajputana. Minimum temperature is in excess in east Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are generally clear. The moisture in the air is in defect in Central India West and either equal to or below the average elsewhere. Day temperature is in defect in the northern half of Gujarat and Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is in defect in the southern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual at Ratnagiri. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Both maximum and minimum temperatures are in defect in north Hyderabad. Minimum temperature is in excess at Hyderabad and Bijapur.

General Remarks.—No rainfall of importance has been reported to-day. There has been a decrease of cloud generally.

Dry weather is likely generally.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN

at 8 a. m. ON SATURDAY, the

3rd of January 1914.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st Dec. to date.	Rainfall. Variation 1st Dec. to date.
PERSIAN-ARMA—						
Bushire	62.7	54.6	93	..	6.49	—1.51
Do. (1st)	73.5	60.3	68	..	1.68	—0.01
Jask	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (1st)	75.8	59.1	90	..	0.66	—0.33
PUNJAB—						
Multan	61.6	46.7	96	..	0.91	0.58
Rawalpindi	61.6	40.6	96	..	3.21	1.94
Lahore	67.7	49.4	89	..	1.29	0.76
Sirsa	65.5	48.0	93	..	1.26	0.87
Ambala	70.9	49.1	90	..	0.96	—0.33
Delhi	71.6	51.8	84	..	0.52	—0.12
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	72.9	53.2	70	..	0.09	—0.36
Mainpuri	74.3	47.1	75	..	0.26	—0.42
Jhansi	73.6	49.4	56	..	0.37	—0.07
Cawnpore	74.6	47.9	86	..	0.02	—0.63
Allahabad	74.0	48.1	86	..	0.68	0.05
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	67.1	43.8	85	..	1.30	1.11
Karachi	73.0	56.8	70	..	0.17	—0.04
Ajmer	70.6	54.1	74	..	2.34	1.88
Jaipore	75.0	51.7	69	..	0.86	0.47
Kotah	74.4	54.8	59	..	1.02	0.72
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	70.3	48.9	87	..	0.03	—0.12
Dwarka	74.3	57.2	78	..	0.00	—0.06
Veraval	84.9	62.4	52	..	0.00	—0.40
Rajkot	76.8	50.1	79	..	0.00	—0.28
Bhavnagar Para	83.8	53.8	62	..	0.00	—0.32
Surat	87.3	55.1	72	..	0.00	—0.19
Ahmedabad	80.9	58.0	46	..	0.00	—0.21
Deesa	80.2	50.9	54	..	0.01	—0.19
Neemuch	76.4	50.2	41	..	0.12	—0.26
Indore	79.3	46.7	48	..	0.20	—0.37
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	73.9	43.9	76	..	0.94	0.11
Saugor	72.3	52.1	43	..	0.81	—0.20
Hoshangabad	77.1	41.4	86	..	0.77	—0.20
Khandwa	79.3	46.9	56	..	0.00	—0.75
Akola	80.3	48.5	59	..	0.49	—0.78
Amraoti	75.5	53.3	55	..	1.31	0.15
Nagpur	73.1	47.7	75	..	0.85	—0.47
Chanda	79.1	45.6	73	..	0.37	—0.74
Raipur	75.5	51.4	73	..	1.26	0.56
KONKAN—						
Bombay	82.5	69.3	71	..	..	—0.48
Ratnagiri	86.7	66.9	43	..	..	—0.58
Mormugao	83.2	69.7	81	..	..	—1.88
Karwar	86.7	67.0	89	..	..	..
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	..	..	40	..	0.16	—0.82
Ahmednagar	79.3	48.8	61	..	..	—1.04
Poona	79.5	50.3	33	..	0.01	—1.37
Sholapur	81.2	58.7	52	..	0.24	—0.95
Bijapur	82.8	60.1	39	..	0.82	—0.90
Belgaum	79.3	60.6	39	..	0.00	—0.81
Aurangabad	76.6	51.2	52	..	0.02	—0.72
Nizamabad (Indur).	81.3	49.7	86	..	0.00	—1.05
Hyderabad	81.6	62.5				
MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore	89.5	71.4	66	..	0.93	—2.34
Calicut	87.5	72.3	81	..	4.67	—1.21
Cochin	90.7	72.9	79	..	4.69	—3.34
Colombo	86.3	71.4	85	..	27.19	9.02
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	83.1	66.2	72	..	0	—6.05
Bellary	85.0	64.6	76	..	0.04	—2.04
Cuddapah	86.6	65.1	83	..	3.09	—1.34
Madras	82.6	68.9	89	0.05	28.73	9.53
Bangalore	75.7	61.8	84	0.04	0.34	—3.01
Coimbator	85.2	67.8	82	..	4.87	0.44
Trichinopoly	79.0	68.7	80	..	10.39	2.60
Negapatam	82.3	69.2	74	..	53.35	26.39

The Governor of Bengal attends the Annual Calcutta Trades Association Dinner on the 31st instant.

Major F. A. L. Hammond, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Maymyo, is deputed to Calcutta on duty.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F., and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 3rd January, was 30.308 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer as to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees, according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80° F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

SUN, MOON & TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tide in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Meantime. Depth of water is at Prince Dock Sill.

1913	High Water				
Day of week.	Day of month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	January	h.	m.	ft.	in.
	4				
Mon.	5	m 4	15	25	7
		5	52 a	23	11
Tues.	6	m 5	0	25	1
		7	19 a	24	3
Wed.	7	m 6	1	24	8
		8	43 a	25	3
Thurs.	8	m 7	13	24	7
		9	42 a	26	2

1913	Low Water.				
Day of week.	Day of month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	January.	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Fri.					
Mon.	5	m 1	24	19	2
		11	6 a	22	9
Tues.	6	0	28 a	18	10
Wed.	7	m 0	48	22	4
		1	26 a	18	2
Thurs.		m 2	18	22	7
		3	17 a	17	5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

January.	Sunrise.	Sunset
5. (Mon.)	7h. 13m	6h. 15m
6. (Tues.)	7h. 13m.	6h. 15m
7. (Wed.)	7h. 13m.	6h. 16m
8. (Thurs.)	7h. 13m.	6h. 17m

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

First Quarter	Jan.	4th	6h 39.1m	P.M.
Full Moon.	Do.	12th	10h 39.0m.	A.M.
Last Quarter.	Do.	19th	5h 59.8m	A.M.
New Moon.	Do.	26th	0h 4. 1m	P.M.

CARPENTIER AND THE LONDON HALLS.

BACKED OUT AT THE LAST MOMENT.

The French boxer, Georges Carpentier, who was to have appeared at the Palladium on Dec. 17th, at the first of a series of six special matinees, backed out of his agreement at the last moment. Mr. Charles Gulliver, the managing director of the Palladium, received from Carpentier's representative, at noon yesterday, a letter to the effect that the boxer had accepted a mere lucrative engagement at the Folies Bergeres, Paris, and would not come to England. Mr. Gulliver immediately wired to Carpentier as follows:—

Extremely indignant at your representative's statement you do not intend to appear at the Palladium. In order not to break faith with the British public I will pay you £800 for the week if you carry out your contract in its entirety.

Receiving no satisfactory reply from the French boxer (who, it seems, has been offered £1,000 a week by the management of the paris music-hall), Mr. Gulliver has engaged Bombardier Wells to give exhibitions of boxing in Carpentier's stead.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Jan. 3rd.

S.S. Nordmark	Menmann	Hamburg	Nov. 29
S.S. Umta	Babb	Calcutta	Dec. 7
S.S. Linga	Cutbush	Karachi	Jan. 1
S.S. Lena	Charters	Mauritius	Dec. 21
S.S. Montebello	Smith	Hull	Dec. 6
S.S. Putiala	Bamber	Busreh	Dec. 22

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 3rd.

S.S. Hellas	Berg	Bangkok	
S.S. City of Corinth	Gordon	Karachi	
S.S. Rydal Hall	Leader	Marseilles & Liverpool	
S.S. Salsette	Vine	Aden	
S.S. Baron Ardrossan	Reid	Calcutta	
S.S. Ozarda	Mills	do.	
S.S. Seistan	Forbes	Dunkirk etc.	
S.S. Circassia	Osborn	Liverpool & Marseilles	
5th. Singu	Bulkeley	Rangoon & Marmagoa	

The following vessel began to load on Saturday.

Steamer		for
Red Italia		Genoa etc.

S. S. Nordmark:—The Hansa Line steamer Nordmark 3,175 tons Captain C. Meanmann arrived in harbour on Saturday from Hamburg which port she had left on 29th November with a general cargo.

S. S. Umta:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Umta 3,492 tons Captain T. P. Babb arrived in harbour on Saturday from Calcutta which port she had left on 7th December with a general cargo.

S. S. Linga:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Linga 949 tons Captain A. M. Cutbush arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi which port she had left on 1st January with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Lena:—The steamer Lena 2,678 tons Captain H. J. Charters arrived in harbour on Saturday from Mauritius which port she had left on 21st December with a cargo of sugar.

S. S. Montebello:—The Wilson Line steamer Montebello 2,670 tons Captain W. H. Smith arrived in harbour on Saturday from Hull which port she had left on 6 December with a general cargo.

S. S. Putiala:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Putiala 1,929 tons Captain H. W. Bamber arrived in harbour on Saturday from Busreh which port she had left on 22nd December with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Hellas:—The steamer Hellas 848 tons Captain Berg sailed on Saturday for Bangkok with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. City of Corinth:—The City Line steamer City of Corninth 3,773 tons Captain R. N. Gordon sailed on Saturday for Karachi with a same botton cargo.

S. S. Rydal Hall:—The Hall line steamer Rydal Hall 2,139 tons Captain E. G. Leader sailed on Saturday for Liverpool and Marseilles with a general cargo.

S. S. Salsette:—The P. & O. S. No. Co.'s steamer Salsette 2,391 tons Captain A. F. Vine sailed on Saturday for Aden with mail, general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Baron Ardrossan:—The steamer Baron Ardrossan 2,774 tons Captain D. Reid sailed on Saturday for Calcutta with ballast.

S. S. Ozarda:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Ozarda 3,037 tons Captain T. L. Mills sailed on Saturday for Calcutta with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Seistan:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Seistan 2,711 tons Captain R. R. Forbes sailed on Saturday for Dunkirk etc., with a general cargo.

S. S. Circassia:—The Anchor line steamer Circassia 4,326 tons Captain F. Osborn sailed on Sunday for Marseilles and Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Singu:—The steamer Singu 2,849 tons Captain C. W. Bulkeley will sail today for Rangoon and Marmagoa with a general and same bottom cargo.

The Ellerman Line S. S. City of York, homeward bound arrived at Liverpool on the morning of the 1st instant.

SATURDAY January 3rd, 1914.

P. DOCK.

Shed	Steamer	Capt.	Agents
A.	Cleopatra	Huber	A. L.S. N. & Co
B.	Itonus	Pigott	M. M. & Co
C. & R.	Itaura	Childley	M. M. & Co
D. & E.	Clan Macintosh	Linonx	J. F. & Co
F.	Seistan	Forbes	M. M. & Co
G.	Hellas	Berg	F. F. Campbell.
K.	Taiyabi	Kass A. M.	Jeewanji & Co
M.	Kilbia	Stewart	T. M. & Co
N.	Elr	Marenson	W. & A. G. & Co
O.	Markgraf	Schiapp	A. S. & C
P.	Weissenfels	Klattenhoff	W. & A. G. & C
Q.	Bleamoor	Blakey	T. T. & C

V. DOCK.

1	Cairn Hill	Moodee	W. & A. G. & Co
3.	Colaba	Ross	M. M. & Co
4.	Bombay Maru	Tozawa	N. Y. K.
5.	Rabenfels	Suni	W. & A. G. & Co
7.	Red Italia	Amedes	Rubattino Line
8.	Umballa	Sparrow	M. M. & Co
10. & 11.	Banca	Garwood	P. & O. S. N. & Co
12. & 13.	China	Tocque	P. & O. S. N. & Co
15.	Rydall Hall	Leader	K.N. & Co

H. W. P. D.

Irrawadi ..... McPhail ..... K. N. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Assaye	Coldwell	P. & O. S. N. & C
Arcadia	Barcham	P. & C. S. N. & C
Aviemoor	Koefod	
Birkenfels	Marllar	W. & A. G. & Co
Bloomfontein	Pudall	A. L. S. & Co
Colombo Maru	Kawashima	N. Y. K.
Don of Ogil	Jarvis	T. M. & Co
Errington Court	Lewis	W. & A. G. & Co
Euphorbia	Stewart	K. N. & Co
Falls of Orchy	Murchie	W. & A. G. & Co
Putiala	Bamber	M. M. & Co.
Roselare	Fas	T. M. & Co
Homayun	Hannah	T. M & Co
Iran	Peabody	
Inverness	Venus	W. & A. G. & Co
India	Talbot	P. & C. S. N. Co
Inverness	Venus	W. & A. G. & Co
Kanzler	Smith	D. M. Khandwala
Khorou	Hannah	I. M. & Co
Kasara	King	M. M. & Co.
Lena	Charters	
Linga	Cutbush	M. M. & Co.
Montebello	Smith	Wilson Line Co.
Nordmark	Menmann	W. & A. Graham & Co
Putiala	Bamber	M. M. & Co.
Pundra	Handcock	M. M. & Co
Quetta	Rouse	M. M. & Co.
Resbergen	Burger	A. Y. & Co
Silverdale	Lecl	D. N. & Co
Singu	Bulkeley	S. W. & Co
Sofala	Moth	M. M. & Co.
Unta	Babb	M. M. & Co.

The death took place at the Bowring Hospital at Bangalore on Friday night of Captain R. M. Rowland, late Pension Paymaster of Bangalore. The remains will be removed to St. Patrick's Cathedral this afternoon, where the service will be held before interment at Cossor Road cemetery.

(See Page 4 for Other Amusements.)

AMUSEMENTS:

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!! TO-NIGHT!!

LA SCALA

Under the Patronage and Presence of
H. E. THE GOVERNOR AND LADY WILLINGDON, LORD BISHOP OF BOMBAY.
ENTERTAINMENT AND CONCERT.
TO NIGHT AT 9-30.
AT
LA SCALA

By special arrangement with the management.
IN AND OF THE
INDIAN CHRISTIAN WOMEN'S SOCIETY.

The following Ladies & Gentlemen will take part in the Concert:
Mrs. BEN HICK
Mrs. E. F. HALLIWELL
Mrs. GALIMIDI
Mrs. MURRAY
Mrs. DOODS.

FARCE (Forty-five Minutes).
BROWN WITH AN "E"
CHARACTERS;
Count Donner Wattar..... Mr. G. C. Nixon
Mr. Brown ..... Mr. A. Ashton
Mr. Parjour ..... Mr. J. E. Crouch
Mrs. Nervesby ..... Miss Hawkins
Mrs. Brown..... Miss. Colombi
Miss Peake ..... Miss Ellis.

It is requested that the audience will be in their seats punctually at 9-30.
PLAN AT ROSE'S
Prices Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 and As, 8.

Where were you Last Night!? Did you get in? If not,
Try Again—But Come Early.
LA SCALA
TWO HOUSES
6-30 Twice Nightly 10.
PHENOMINAL SUCCESS.
OF THE SHOW OF SHOWS
"THE EXCELLAS"
THE FINEST ACT EVER SEEN IN BOMBAY
"THE EXCELLAS"
If you play tennis—See this act.
Miss ALICE DIGBY
Comedienne and International Dancer.
TO-NIGHT'S SPECIAL
"Who Were You With To-night?"
AMERICAN DUCK DANCE.
LITTLE MONA
DAINTY—PRETTY—SPRIGHTLY
Come and Hear Her Sing.
MY HERO: From The Chocolate Soldier
THE BEST OF PICTURE
"AT THE ZOO"
A beautiful Pathe colour film.
WIFFLES MAX LINDER
GAZETTE with all the Home News
Local Topical by Bourne and Shepherd:—
THE GARDEN PARTY GIVEN BY
H. E. LORD WILLINGDON.
PLAN NOW OPEN
Price: Rs. 2, 1, As. 8, 6 and 4.
Boxes to hold 4, Rs. 10.
DON'T FORGET
AT 9-30 TO-NIGHT
ENTERTAIMENT AND CONCERT.
H. E. THE GOVERNOR, AND LADY WILLINGDON will be present
Full Particulars see special advt.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
AT THE **ALCAZAR**
6-30 ... TWO SHOWS TWICE NIGHTLY ... **10**
ALL VARIETIES—NO PICTURES.
RETURN OF BOMBAY'S FAVOURITES
THE CLARIDGES
"UNA" AND "PERCY"
IN
Revues and Ragtime.
Williams & Diamond
In a Mirth Provoking Sketch
"THE ACTRESS."
Reggie Williams
The man in the Check Suit.
FRESH COMICALITIES
Steve Buckingham
THE GENIAL COMEDIAN.
LAURA DIAMON
INSTRUMENTAL SOUBRETTE
VANDEEK RUSSIAN LANCER.
Not a dull moment all through the show.
NO ADVANCE IN OUR PRICES.

CALCUTTA DOG SHOW.
THE CALCUTTA KENNEL CLUB'S EIGHTH CHAMPIONSHIP DOG SHOW will be held on the 23rd and 24th January 1914. Entries close on the 10th January, late entries 17th January. Apply for Schedules and Entry Forms to THE HONORARY SECRETARY, Calcutta Kennel Club, 1, Lall Bazar, Calcutta.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY THE HON COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP C.I.E., V. D. COMMANDING.

5th January.

7. *Proficiency Class.*—A Proficiency Class will be held to-day Monday the 5th instant at 7 p.m. at Head-Quarters, Council Road.
8. *Bugle Practice.*—There will be a bugle Practice to-day Monday the 5th instant at the Bo. Ed. Society's School, Byculla at 6 p.m.
9. *Machine Gun.*—The "A" Company Machine Gun Squad will parade on Tuesday the 6th instant at 7-30 a.m. at Head-Quarters.
II. The 2nd Machine Gun Section of "G" Company will parade under Sergt. A.R.S. Hayne, at Head-Quarters on Tuesday the 6th instant at 6-45 p.m.
10. *Parade.*—Wednesday the 7th instant. Commanding Officer's Parade. Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p.m. Dress.-Drill Order, Uniform, Shorts with Caps.
Subject. Battalion drill.
11. *Camp of Instruction.*—It is notified for information that the Annual Training Camp will be held at Santa Cruz from 31st January to 7th February 1914.
12. *Musketry.*—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—
"A" Coy. on Tuesday the 6th inst.
"F" Coy. on Thursday the 8th inst.
"C" Coy. on Saturday the 10th inst
"G" Coy. on Sunday the 11th inst.

(Signed) F.H. JAMES, Captain, Adjutant, Bombay Vol. Rifles.

NOTICE

A Boxing Tournament will take place on the Cooperage on the 7th, 8th, 9th, and 10th Jan. 1914.

Volunteer Championship of Bombay. Volunteers 9st. 7lbs. 1st Prize Cup value Rs. 50; 2nd Rs. 25; Cadets 8st. 7lbs. 1st Prize Cup value Rs. 40; 2nd Rs. 20.

Competitors to weigh in at the Garrison Gymkhana, Colaba, at 9 a.m. 7th January 1914.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Regimental Orders by Lieut-Colonel The Hon. A. Hill Trever Commanding.

Bombay, Janurry 3rd.

345. *Defence Light Manning.*—The E.E. Company will parade on Apollo Bunder at 7 p.m. on Monday the 5th instant, and proceed to Middle Ground for Defence Light Manning.
3. *Revolver Practice.*—Tuesday 6th instant. There will be Revolver Practice at 7 30. a.m. for Officers on the Arsenal Revolver Range.
4. *Parade.*—Wednesday 7th instant; Squad Drill and Rifle Exercises at 7 p.m. at Head Quarters under Section Commanders.
Dress:—Plain Clothes.
5. *Duties.*—Duties for the Week ending 12th January 1914;—
Orderly Officer 2nd Lieut H. Agerup.
Orderly Sergt. No. 1 Company Sergt. C.B. Banks.
Orderly Sergt. No. 2 Company Sergt. A.W. Barker.
6. *Resignation.*—The undermentioned having resigned is struck off the Strength of the Corps from todays date:—
No. 1346 Gunner J. Finch No. 1 Company
(Sd.) R.C.D. Graham Captain R. A. Adjutant, Bombay Volunter Rr Artillery

GREAT ANNUAL SALE
Real Bargains
Call Early
AT
DANN & Co.,
Opposite Thos. Cook & Son,
Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

THE MONEY MARKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 2

Consols 2½ %	72plus⅛
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs.	25.30½—02
Rentes 3 % unchanged	85¼
Berlin Cheques on London	20.51½pl.1½
Bar Silver Spot unchanged	267.16
Bar Silver Spot2 months hence unchgd.	267.16
Closing Tone of silver:—China Buying	
Rupee Paper 3½ % unchanged	63⅞
Exchange on India 30 d-st (Bank buying Rate) unchanged	1.3⅞
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 2nd Oct. 13.	
Amount Paid into the Bank of England about £ 300,000.	
5 % since 2nd Oct 13.	
3½ % India Stock (Sterling Loan) unchgd.	85¼
Discount Bank Bills 3m-st.	4.5.16—7.16
Discount Indian Bank Bills6m-st.	4 1.16—5.16
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5—⅜
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5—⅛
Bar Gold (per oz.)	7 7 9
Interest day to day loans	3½—1½
Interest 7 day market loans	3½—1¼

London, Jan. 3rd.

Consols 2½ % unchanged	72
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs.	25.28½—02
Rentes 3 %	85½plus¼
Berlin Cheques on London unchanged	20.51½
Bar Silver Spot	26 9.16pl.¼
Bar Silver 2 months hence	26 9.16plus⅛
Closing Tone of silver Rise caused by Indian and China buying.	
Rupee Paper 3½ % unchanged	63⅞
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying Rate) unchanged	1.3⅞
Discount Bank of England Rate 5% since 2nd Oct 13	
3½ % India Stock (Sterling Loan) unchgd.	85¼
Discount Bank Bills 3m-st.	4-3.16
Discount India Bank Bills 6m-st.	4—1.16
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 months unchgd.	5
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 months unchgd.	5
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77.9
Interest day to day loans	3—¼
Interest 7 day market loans unchgd	3¼

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York Jan. 2nd.	
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	6 9,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	75,000
Day's Exports to Continent	18,000
Futures at New York March	12.14—15
Futures at New York May	12.07—16
Declined owing to southern selling of futures in the local market and to Bearish Week-end Statisties.	
Spot Cotton at New York	12.50—10
Spot Cotton at New Orleans unchanged	12 13.16
Tone of Spot Cotton:—	Quiet
Futures at New Orleans March	12.43—19
Futures at New Orleans May	12.54—20
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	9⅛
Demand Bills	4.85⅝
Silver Commercial Bars	57⅛

London, Saturday Jan. 3rd.	Bales.
Week's Receipts of Cotton at U.S. Ports	305,000
,, Exports to Great Britain	144,000
,, ,, to France and Continent	83,000
,, ,, to Japan	16,000
Stock of Cotton at U.S. Ports	1,064,000
Stock of Cotton at Interior Ports	956,000
New York, Jan. 3rd.	
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	45,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	13,000
Day's Exports to Continent	10,000
Futures at New York March	12.09— 5
Futures at New York May	12.02— 5
Declined owing to reported slack Spot Demand and to unfavourable financial conditions and Wall Street selling.	
Spot Cotton at New York	12.40—10
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	12⅝—3.16
Tone of Spot Cotton:—	Quiet
Futures at New Orleans March	12.37— 6
Futures at New Orleans May	12.46— 8
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	9—⅛
Demand Bills	4.85½plus⅛
Silver Commercial Bars	57½plus⅜

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 2nd.	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	12,000
,, ,, Sales on Spec. & for Exp	2,000
,, ,, Imports	62,000
Sales increased yesterday by 3,000 Bales.	
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot:—Good biz done easier.	
,, ,, ,, Futures Barely steady	
Tone of Manchester Market steady with a moderate demand.	
Mid. Americans	7.05—09
Egyptian F.G.F.	9.90unch.
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)	March 12.22— 7
	May 12.16 —7
New York Official noon call	March 12.15—14
	May 12.07—16
New Orleans 10 a.m.	March 12.54— 8
	May 12.65— 9

Liverpool Markets closed until Monday.

CLOSING PRICES.

Months.	
J. F.	6.69—2
F. M.	6.71—2
M. A.	6.72—3
A. M.	6.71—3
M. J.	6.71—3
J. J.	6.67—4
J. A.	6.63—5
A. S.	6.52—5
S. O.	6.34—5
O. N.	6.25

LIVERPOOL COTTON GOODS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Grey Shirtings 39"by 37½-38 yards 16 by 12—8lbs. Red Heading.	7.6
Grey Shirtings 44" by 39 yards 14 by 13—8lbs.	8.2
White Nainsooks 28" by 18 yards 16 by 13 to 16—15 Range	2.10
White Mulls 28" by 18 yards 14 by 12 Green Ends	2.1½
Cloth Gunnis's 36"G. 20 cif	13.4½
40's Bannermills Twist	11
Geo. Mayalls Yarns	11
F.G.F. Tinnivelly cif. Liverpool	63.16
Buyers or Sellers	sellers
Months	Jan.-Feb
Water Twist American 30's	10½
,, ,, ,, 40's	11½
Mule ,, ,, 40's	11
,, ,, ,, 50's	12⅜
,, ,, ,, 60's	15
,, ,, Egyptian 40's	16⅝
,, ,, ,, 50's	17½
,, ,, ,, 60's	18½

Tone "Dhooties" and "Shirtings" firmer and more business doing steady prices firm.

Tone "Cloths"	11½
Weft American 54's	18
,, Egyptian 80's	18
Tone "Yarns"	Quiet
Weft Egyptian 32's	12⅝
Twist 32's W.T.C.	10⅛
,, 32's B...	10⅝
,, 36's W.T.C.	
,, 36's B...	10⅝
,, 42's	11⅜
,, American 60's	15¾
,, Egyptian 60's	17½
,, ,, 80's	20⅜

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT

Total in Sight	9,950,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	527,000
East Indian ,, ,,	177,000
American ,, ,,	4,505,000
Other ,, ,,	174,000

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

London, Jan. 2nd.	
Silver to Bombay	£ 60,000
Gold Bar to Bombay	£ 130,000
Gold Coin to Calcutta	£ 10,000

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORT.

LONDON Jan, 2.

WHEAT.

Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. Dec.-Jan.; London Buyers	36¾—¼
F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. nominal quiet.	
South American Rozario Santa Fe—62lbs. nominal.	
Barletta Russo—62½lbs. Jan.-Feb.; nominal dull	32¾
South Australian Jan.-Feb.; Business done	35
Victorian Jan.-Feb.; Business done	35
New South Wales Jan.-Feb.; Business done	35

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416lbs. 85 % ex-Ship March April May; Antwerp sellers unchanged	54
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship March, April, May; Antwerp sellers unchanged	54½
Rapeseed, Brown, 416lbs. ex-Ship Jan. Feb.; Hamburg sellers firm unchanged	48
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship Jan.-Feb.; Dunkirk sellers steady unchanged	47½
Linseed CalcuttaJan.-Feb.; Cotton value quiet steady new Terms pure Basis	48.9
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Jan.-Feb. Amsterdam done steady	43¼—⅜
Bombay Cottonseed Jan.-Feb.; Hull sellers firmer	6.11plus 6d

METALS.

Standard Copper G.M.B.	£ 64⅛—1
Copper Braziers	£ 81—½
Yellow Metal unchanged	6⅞
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary Sizes F.O.B. Antwerp	4—12—6
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B.	
4 % F.O.B. Liverpool	11— 5—0
Basic Steel Bars, Belgian C.I.F. India	5— 7—6

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal value	11
Arrivals:—Dunrobin.	

SUGAR.

German granulated Sugar C. & F. India (Double bags) sellers Jan.-March; very steady not much doing unchanged	12.5¼
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C. & F. India sellers Feb.-March; neglected unchgd.	11.7½
German Beet-root 88 % sellers Jan. unchanged	9
German Beet-root 88 % sellers May unchanged	9.5
Opened steady closed quieter.	
E.A.R. & Similar Crystals C. & F. India sellers Jan.-March; steady slightly advanced prices	13.2½plus¾
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta January value	11.3plus1½
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Bombay January value quiet	11.1½plus1½
Java Sugar still idle.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Jan.-Feb.; Buyers quiet	3½

LONDON Jan. 3.

WHEAT.

Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. Jan.-Feb.; London value	37plus¼
F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. nominal steady.	
South American Rozario Santa Fe—62lbs. nominal.	
Barletta Russo—62½lbs. Jan.-Feb.; sellers firmer	33⅝plus⅞
South Australian Jan.-Feb.; sellers	35½plus½
Victorian Jan.-Feb.; sellers	35½plus½
New South Wales Jan.-Feb.; sellers	35½plus½

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416lbs. 85 % ex-Ship March April May; Antwerp sellers unchanged	54
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship March April May; Antwerp sellers unchanged	54½
Rapeseed, Brown, 416lbs. ex-Ship Jan. Feb.; Hamburg nearest value firm unchanged	48
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship Jan.-Feb.; Dunkirk sellers quiet but steady	47½plus¼
Linseed Calcutta Jan.-Feb.; London done firm unchanged	48.9
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Jan.-Feb. Hamburg sellers quiet but steady	43½plus⅛
Bombay Cottonseed Jan.-Feb.; Hull sellers firm	6.11.6plus 6d

SUGAR.

German granulated Sugar C. & F. India (Double bags) sellers Jan.-March; quiet and downward tendency unchanged	12.5½
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C. & F. India sellers Feb.;March; neglected unchgd.	11.7½
German Beet-root 88 % sellers Jan.	8.11½—¼
German Beet-root 88 % sellers May	9.4½—½

Dull and prices easier.

E.A.R. & Similar Crystals C. & F. India sellers Jan.-March; easier little doing	13¾—1½
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta January value unchanged	11.3
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Bombay January value unchanged	11.1½

Java Sugar market remains idle.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Jan.-Feb.; value quiet but steady	3.1plus⅛d

MESSRS. SAMUEL MONTAGU'S WEEKLY CIRCULAR.

(From our Correspondent.)

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., write us as follows, under date, London, Dec. 18th:—

GOLD.

About £650,000 arrived in the form of bar gold, for which there was hardly any external demand, except for India.

The shipment to India this week was £197,000.

Owing to the Christmas Holidays, which render it impossible for refiners to provide any of the gold required for next week's shipment out of next week's arrivals, sufficient has had to be reserved from this week's supplies.

The following amounts were received by the Bank:—
Dec. 11th, £160,000 in bar gold.
Dec. 12th, £189,000 in bar gold.
Dec. 13th, £6,000 in bar gold.
Dec. 15th, £114,000 in bar gold.
Dec. 15th, £40,000 in sovereigns from Brazil.
Dec. 15th, £25,000 in sovereign from Argentina.
Dec. 16th, £47,000 in bar gold.
Dec. 17th, £80,000 in bar gold.
Withdrawals were made as under:—
Dec. 11th, £10,000 in sovereigns for Gibraltar.
Dec. 16th, £250,000 in sovereigns for Bolivia.

During the week the net influx was £401,000.

The following figures give the Gold imports and exports of Germany, in millions of Marks:—

	Imports. Bars.	Imports. Coins.	Exports. Bars.	Exports. Coins.
1903	164.3	116.4	64.2	27.4
1904	218.6	235.4	31.3	34.0
1905	133.3	115.6	16.3	53.0
1906	169.3	191.7	18.1	59.7
1907	117.5	84.1	50.5	171.3
1908	154.8	214.3	32.7	25.5
1909	205.4	57.6	91.3	143.1
1910	236.3	79.7	38.2	95.6
1911	164.1	37.4	16.6	60.2
1912	137.6	137.6	20.0	88.5

In sterling, the total gold imports amount to £145,068,000, and the exports to £55,542,000, making the total net imports amount to £89,526,000 during the decade.

The net gold imports during the first eleven months of 1913 were £17,205,000, and during November, £1,263,000.

SILVER.

The market has shown more tone during the week.

On the 12th instant price rose to 26 13/16d. for cash and 26 7/8d. for forward delivery, and remained at those figures next day. At these rates a good deal of silver changed hands.

On the 15th and 16th instants, buyers were few, and prices were 3/16d. lower. Coincident, however, with less enquiry, supplies shrank, and business was transacted only on a small scale.

On the 17th instant, a slight improvement was manifested, and quotations for both deliveries were fixed at 26 11/16d., which price has been maintained to-day.

American supplies are extraordinarily small, and Mexico has ceased from selling, and is likely to abstain from doing so for some time. In these circumstances, the present range of prices can only exist whilst buyers also refrain from coming forward.

An Indian Currency Return cabled on the 17th instant showed an increase of 30 under the combined denominations of Rupees and Silver under Coinage, and an increase of 10 lakhs of rupees and of 14 lakhs of gold in the Standard Reserve in India.

The stock in Bombay has become quite negligible—the value is only £50,000. The off take is rather lower at 90 bars a day.

The holdings of silver in Shanghai by Banks and other consist of £5,475,000 in sycee or currency, and of £300,000 in bars.

No shipment has been made from San Francisco to Hongkong during the week.

The quotations to-day for cash and 2 mos. delivery are respectively 1/16d. and 1/8d. below those fixed a week ago.

Quotations for Bar Silver p. oz. std.
Dec. 12th, 26 13/16 cash 26 7/8, 2 mos.
Dec. 13th, 26 13/16 cash 26 7/8, 2 mos.
Dec. 15th, 26 5/8 cash 26 11/16, 2 mos.
Dec. 16th, 26 5/8 cash 26 11/16, 2 mos.
Dec. 17th, 26 11/16 cash 26 11/16, 2 mos.
Dec. 18th, 26 11/16 cash 26 11/16, 2 mos.
Average for the week, 26.708 cash 26.75.
Bank Rate 5 per cent.
Bar Gold p. oz. std. 77/9.
French Gold Coin p. oz. Nominal.
German Gold Coin p. oz. Nominal.
U. S. A. Gold Coin p. oz. Nominal.

A special meeting of the Indian Railway Conference Association will be held in Calcutta on Monday, the 2nd March 1914, to consider the regulations for the interchange of rolling-stock and all Railways are being asked to furnish the Secretary of the Conference with particulars of any proposals for modifications of the regulations which they may desire to make for the consideration of the Conference. At the last meeting of the Association help in Simla it was resolved that the existng regulations passed under Resolution No. 49 of the Conference of 1912, remain in force up to the 31st March 1915, and that in view of the great importance of arriving at interchange rules which will be acceptable to the requisite three-fourths majority, the additional meeting referred to above should be held.

After the stress and worry of a busy day at the office take a dose of Stearn's Wine of Cod Liver Extract....It infuses a new strength and energy.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

(From our Correspondents.)

Jan. 5.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	*Rs.*	*From*	*Bank.*
38 bars Silver	75,000	London	Comptoir

We quote:—

EXCHANGE.

There has been rather more business doing in 3 months sight bills at the rates now obtainable. For remittance there is little enquiry. The tone of the Market is quiet but steady.

BANKS SELLING—	s.	d.
T. T. ready	1-4	1-16
D. D. mail	1-4	3-32
T. T. forward, Feb.	1-4	1-16
BANKS BUYING—		
Private D. D. ready	1-4	5·32
Credits 3 m-s ready	1-4	11-32
,, ,, forward, May.	1-4	1-4
,, 6 m-s ready	1-4	17-32
Francs 3 m-s ready		171⅜
Marks ,, ,,		139½
60 dys Hongkong		141½
,, ,, Shanghai		190
,, ,, Japan		147¼

BULLION.

There was no change in the London Market for bar silver, the rate being 26 7-16 both for ready and for delivery. Locally the Market has remained quiet but steady during the day with a moderate business doing and rates close as under for all deliveries.

We quote:—	Rs.	a.	p.
English bar gold	23	15	9
Australian bar gold	23	15	3
Sovereigns	15	0	0
Silver (cum duty) ready	77	12	0
,, ,, 1st Settlement	77	5	0
,, ,, 2nd ,,	76	9	0

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by Rail on 31st December 1913.

	Bars.	Ounces
G. I. P. Railway	33	37,830
B. B. & C. I. Railway	31	37,028

COTTON.

The New York Market closed 15 and 16 points lower and New Orleans 19 and 20 points lower for futures. A bearish estimate of the Ginners' Report, showing over 500,000 bales ginned during the period for which the report is compiled, caused selling in these markets and was chiefly responsible for the decline. The Market is still nervous as to the yield this season, and a bearish or bullish report from any source is sufficient to affect it for the time being. We await the figures of the Ginners' Report with added interest. Hitherto estimates of the number of bales ginned during the period have been rather bullish.

The Local Market opened easier. Good Broach was quoted Rs. 289, or about Rs. 4 lower than yesterday's closing rate. At the decline buyers came out, and rates have steadied up during the day chiefly owing to a good demand by shippers for ready cotton. At the close good Broach is quoted Rs. 292/93, fully good Bengal January Rs. 207, fine M. A. Bengal January Rs. 214, and fine Khamgaon Akola January Rs. 252.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat:—The Market is quiet but steady
Quotations:—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Ready White, Pessi 85 %	5	5	0	R. T.
White Pessi 75 %	5	4	0	R. T.
WhiteDelhi, May	5	13	6	R. T.

Linseed :—The Market is quiet but steady.
Quotaions:—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Bold Brown, Ready	7	12	0	B. T.
Bold Brown May	8	14	0	R.T.

Rapeseed :—The Market is quiet but steady.
Quotations:—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Brown Cawnpore	7	12	0	B. T.
Yellow Cawnpore	9	0	0	,,
Brown Delhi, May		1	0	R.T.

Teelseed :—The Market is quiet
Quotations:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
85 % Bold White	58	0	0
Mimbara	59	0	0
Black Kutni J.F.	48	0	0

Groundnuts :—The Market is quiet but steady.
Quotation s:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Bold	48	4	0
Small	47	4	0

Mowraseed :—The Market is quiet.
Quotations:—

	Rs	a.	p.	
Ready	8	2	0	B.T.

Poppyseed :—The Market is dull.
Quotations:—

	Rs	a.	p.	
Ready	10.	6	0	B.T.

RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal Food Grains into Bombay for 24 hours up to yesterday at 6p.m.:—

Cotton	24,678 Bales
Wheat	4,347 Cwts.
Linseed	7,918 ,,
Rape, Rai, etc,	312 ,,
Gingelyseed	27,809 ,,
Poppyseed	12 ,,
Groundnuts	25,469 ,,
Castorseed	5.858 ,,
Rice	5,544 ,,
Myrabollams	1,612 ,,
Cottonseed	31,733 ,,
Mowraseed	1,559 ,,
Gram	5,013 ,,
Jowar	4,961 ,,
Maize	Nil.
Barley	Nil.

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COLLARS & SHIRTS GLAZED AT OUR ELECTRIC WORKS LOOK AS GOOD AS NEW.
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HEROES AT THE PALACE.

MEDALS CONFERRED BY THE KING.

GALLANT DEED ON THE UNDERGROUND.

Men who had distinguished themselves by acts of gallantry in saving, or efforts to save, life were decorated by the King at Buckingham Palace on Dec. 16, says the "Daily Chronicle."

For a very brave act the Albert Medal of the First Class was awarded to Henry Frederick Ewington.

On July 1, a fitter on the Metropolitan Railway fell on a live electric rail at Aldersgate-street Station. He was unable to release himself, and his leg was being badly burned. The stationmaster shouted for a porter to fetch the insulating rubber gloves, but while these were being fetched a train entered the station on the same line. Herbert Ewington jumped on to the permanent way and pulled the man's leg clear of the rail, though he received several shocks in doing so, and got the man between the two sets of rails. The danger was increased by the fact that another train was approaching in the opposite direction at the same time.

The Edward Medal of the Second Class was awarded to Mr. Matthew Withers for bravery at the Annesley Colliery, near Nottingham. A workman had been buried by a fall of roof, and Withers managed to clear away the dirt with his hands until he reached the workman's head, which he protected by placing a piece of timber across large stones. Another fall of roof then occurred, burying both men and extinguishing the lamp. Withers' arms were free, and being able to extricate himself he started again to rescue his comrade. Though help arrived there was only room for one man to work. Withers persisted in his efforts in spite of his own injuries, and uncovered his fellow-workman sufficiently to admit of his being hauled to a place of safety.

For bravery during a wreck a silver medal was bestowed on William Marsden, a coastguard at Blyth Haven, and bronze medals on Peter Gibney, Emmanuel Kelsey, Adam Robertson, George Scott, George Beading, William Brown, Ralph Macarthy, and Anthony Nixon.

The bronze medal was also awarded to Edward Archbold, but he has since been drowned.

Among a number who were decorated for gallantry on the occasion of the Cadeby Mine disaster was the Rev. Sidney F. Hawkes, vicar of Denaby Main.

A number of other awards were made, and in each case his Majesty shook hands with the recipient.

FIRST OFFICER'S GALLANTRY.

Lieutenant David Blair, R.N.R., first officer of the steamship Majestic, of Liverpool, has been awarded the silver medal for gallantry in saving life at sea.

On May 6 last, while the Majestic was in the North Atlantic Ocean, a trimmer jumped overboard.

The starboard emergency boat was lowered, but Mr. Blair, seeing that the man was nearly exhausted and fearing that the boat might not reach him in time, jumped overboard from the port side of the vessel, swam to a lifebuoy which had been thrown overboard from the port side of the vessel, swam to a lifebuoy which had been thrown overboard and endeavoured to reach the man.

He did not succeed, but, although weakened by the coldness of the sea, he managed to point out the whereabouts of the man to those in the boat, who rescued him and then picked up Mr. Blair.

SPY AND HIS WIFE-

CHATHAM STORY OF LOST TELEGRAMS AND THREATS.

Karl Hentschel, the German who recently gave himself up to the London police as a spy, the prosecution being subsequently withdrawn, was committed for trial at Chatham on a charge or threatening to shoot his wife Patrica, says the "Daily Chronicle."

Mrs. Hentschel said that while in employment at Weybridge she received the following telegram from her husband:—

Have tried to get you over telephone; even with aid of police impossible. Can only tell you if you do not turn up at home to-night, God help your babies.

Another telegram sent by accused to her mother read:—

Tell Patricia to stop her madness. Charles absolutely desperate. Will do for her one way or another. No chance after 10 p.m. to-night.

Her husband told her that when in London he went in an assumed name because he was being shadowed. He had given way to drink, and he said it was because she would not return to him.

In reply to Mr. Dutton, who defended, witness said she was not aware that Hentschel was shot at while crossing the great lines from Gillingham early on November 21.

Mr. Passby (prosecuting): How long have you gone in fear of your husband?—Three and a half years.

Mrs. Hentschel's sister said that once after his wife had refused to return Hentschel drew a revolver and said, "This is for Gilbert and Pat." He said he would rather hang, drown, or shoot the childeen than that they should remain with his wife.

Police-sergeant Ramsley said Hentschel had told him he bought the revolver for his own protection, because he had been shot at. He suspected Captain Fels, in the secret service of the German Army.

The stipendiary commented strongly on the disappearance of the originals of two telegrams which had been produced at the last hearing and returned to the Post Office, who "proceeded to lose them."

SPORTS AT HOME

FOOTBALL.

At a meeting of the Football Association Council on December 15, it was decided to adopt the report of the Finance Committee, which recommended that the next final tie should be decided at the Crystal Palace. The committee have also submitted a scheme for the accommodation for 120,000 people. The proposals have been provisionally accepted by representatives of the Crystal Palace, and if agreed the ground improvements will be completed for the final tie of 1915.

RUGBY.

Old merchant Taylors and Harlequins played a drawn game, at Richmond, on Dec. 13, each side having scored 16 points; Blackheath beat Northampton, at Blackheath, by 27 points to 0; Liverpool beat Oxford University, at Liverpool, by 20 points to 15; Edinburgh University beat Cambridge University, at Edinburgh, by 23 points to 6.

Oxford University beat Monkstown, at Dublin, on Dec. 15, by 1 goal and 3 tries (14 points) to 2 goals and 1 try (13 points).

Dublin University beat Oxford University, at Dublin, on Dec. 16, by 27 points to 3; Cambridge University beat Edinburgh Academicals, at Edinburgh, by 56 points to 3.

Edinburgh University beat Belfast University, at Belfast, on Dec. 16, by 1 try (3 points) to 0.

The Army beat a combined team of Woolwich and Sandhurst, at Queen's Club, on Dec. 17, by 23 points to 3.

In the County Championship, Cornwall beat Gloucestershire, at Redruth, on Dec. 13 by 2 dropped goals, 1 penalty goal, and 1 try (14 points) to 1 penalty goal and 3 tries (12 points). Devon beat Somerset, at Exeter,, by 1 dropped goal and 3 tries (13 points) to 0.

The Midland Counties beat Middlesex, at Moseley, on Dec. 17, by 4 goals, 1 penalty goal, and 1 try (26 points) to 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points). The winners are now certain of heading the South-Eastern group of the county Championship.

Richmond beat London Welsh, at Wandsworth Common, on Dec. 13, by 1 goal, 1 dropped goal, 1 goal from a mark, and 2 tries (18 points) to 0.

Old Leysians beat Old Millhillians, at Wandsworth, by 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points) to 1 goal (5 points).

Rosslyn Park beat St. Bartholomew's Hospital, at Winchmore Hill, by 1 goal (5 points) to 0.

London Hospital beat Old Alleynians, at Hale-End, by 2 goals and 2 tries (16 points) to 1 goal and 3 tries (14 points).

Old Blues beat Old Haileyburians, at Twickenham, by 4 goals and 2 tries (26 points) to 1 goal (5 points.

Newport beat Swansea, at Newport, by 1 goal, 1 dropped goal, and 1 try ((12 points) to 0.

Aberavon beat Llanelly, at Aberavon, by 1 goal (5 points) to 0.

London Irish beat Cheltenham, at Cheltenham, by 2 goals and 1 dropped goal (14 points) to 2 goals and 1 try (13 points).

Bristol beat Bridgewater, at Bridgwater, by 1 goal and 3 tries (14 points) to 0.

Devonport Albion beat Devonport Services, at Devonport, by 1 penalty goal and 4 tries (15 points) to 1 goal (5 points).

Cardiff beat United Services of Cardiff, by 1 goal and 4 tries (17 points) to 1 goal (5 points).

Gloucester beat Stroud, at Gloucester, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 2 tries (6 points).

London Scottish beat Chatham Services, at Chatham, by 2 tries (6 points) to 0.

Bedford beat Guy's Hospital, at Bedford, by 1 dropped goal and 4 tries (16 points)) to 1 goal and 1 try (8 points).

Edinburgh Wanderers beat Edinburgh Academicals, at Edinburgh, by 3 goals and 2 tries (21 points) to 4 tries (12 points)

Watsonians beat Stewartonians, at Edinburgh, by 2 goals, 1 penalty goal, and 2 tries ((19 points) to 1 try (3 points).

South of Scotland beat North of Scotland, at Galashiels, by 1 goal and 3 tries (14 points) to 1 goal, 1 penalty goal, and 1 try (11 points).

Leicester beat Headingley, at Leeds, by 1 penalty goal and 6 tries (21 points) to 2 tries (6 points).

ASSOCIATION.

The chief result of the matches in the first round of the Amateur Football Association Cup competition on Dec. 13 were as follows:—Old Malvernians 2 goals, Woolwich Polytechnic 0, at Norbury; Civil Service 2, Minerva 0, at Lee; Nottingham 5, Hampstead 0, at Ealing; Ipswich Town 6, Old Cholmeleians 1, at Ipswich; Casuals 3, Old Christians 1, at Weybridge; Cambridge Town 1, Townley Park 1, at Cambridge.

The results of the matches in the League Championship on Dec. 13 were as follows:—West Bromwich Albion 4 goals, Sheffield Wednesday 1, at Sheffield; Newcastle United 2, Sheffield United 1, at Newcastle; Chelsea 1, Sunderland 1, at Chelsea; Aston Villa 3, Tottenham Hotspur 3, at Birmingham; Bolton Wanderers 0, Everton 0, at Bolton; Manchester United 1, Bradford City 1, at Manchester; Oldham Athletic 1, Blackburn Rovers 1, at Oldham; Preston North End 2, Derby County 0, at Preston; Liverpool 2, Middlesbrough 1, at Liverpool; Burnley 2, Manchester City 0, at Burnley.

The results of the matches in the Second Division of the League on Dec. 13 were as follows:—Clapton orient 1 goal, Woolich Arsenal 0, at Homerton; Hull City 1, Fulham 1, at Hull; Bradford 3, Lincoln City 0, at Bradford; Stockport County 0, Blackpool 0, at Stockport; Birmingham 2, Bristol City 1, at Bristol; Notts County 3, Huddersfield Town 0, at Nottingham; Leicester Fosse 0, Bury 0, at Leicester; Leeds City 4, Grimsby Town 1, at Leeds; Barnsley 1, Wolverhampton Wanderers 0, at Wolverhampton.

Glossop beat Notts Forest, at Glossop, on Dec. 16, by 3 goals to 0.

The results of the matches in the Southern League on Dec. 13 were as follows:—Swindon Town 2 goals, Exeter City 0, at Exeter; Millwall 2, Bristol Rovers 0, at New Cross; West Ham United 1, Brighton and Hove Albion 0, at Brighton; Northampton 0, Southampton 0, at Northampton; Cardiff City 3, Queen's Park Rangers 0, at Cardiff.

The following tables are corrected up to Dec. 13 (inclusive).

LEAGUE.—DIVISION I.

	Pld.	Won.	Lost	Drn	For	Agst.	Pt.
Blackburn R.	17	10	3	4	43	19	24
Manchester U.	16	10	4	2	31	16	22
Sunderland	17	8	4	5	33	22	21
Bolton Wan	16	8	4	4	31	21	20
W. Bromwich A.	16	7	3	6	20	14	20
Oldham Athletic	16	8	5	3	25	22	19
Tottenham H	17	7	6	4	32	30	18
Burnley	17	6	6	5	28	20	17
Bradford City	16	5	4	7	19	16	17
Sheffield United	17	7	8	2	28	28	16
Aston Villa	16	6	6	4	22	24	16
Newcastle U.	16	6	7	3	16	21	15
Sheffield Wed.	17	7	9	1	23	31	15
Derby County	17	4	7	6	29	36	14
Chelsea	16	6	8	2	24	30	14
Everton	16	4	6	6	20	29	14
Liverpool	16	5	7	4	16	30	14
Middlesbrough	16	4	8	4	22	31	12
Manchester City	16	3	8	5	17	25	11
Preston N.E.	17	3	11	3	13	27	9

LEAGUE.—DIVISION II.

	Pld.	Won.	Lost	Drn.	For	Agst.	Pts.
Witton Albion	15	12	1	2	62	18	26
Great Harwood	15	9	6	0	31	26	18
Crewe Alexandra	15	7	5	3	29	19	17
Rossendale United	13	7	4	2	36	17	16
Lancaster Town	15	7	6	2	36	28	16
Stalybridge Celtic	15	6	5	4	32	20	16
Denton	14	7	5	2	19	16	16
Newton Heath	12	6	3	3	17	14	15
Darwen	15	6	6	3	25	27	15
Oswestry United	14	7	7	0	24	25	14
Macclesfield	13	6	6	1	22	22	13
Portsmouth	14	5	7	2	26	30	12
Padiham	13	5	6	2	23	33	12
Rochdale	15	5	8	2	17	32	12
Nantwich	14	5	8	1	27	39	11
Hindley Central	14	4	7	3	24	36	11
Barnoldswick	12	3	7	2	15	30	8
Bacup	14	1	11	2	15	50	4

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

	Pld.	Won.	Lost	Drn.	For.	Agst.	Pts.
Swindon	16	12	1	3	36	13	27
Crystal Palace	16	8	3	5	27	10	21
Brighton and Hove	17	8	4	5	17	14	21
Reading	16	9	2	5	19	16	20
Plymouth Argle.	15	8	4	3	19	17	19
Northampton	17	6	4	7	24	21	19
Portsmouth	15	6	5	4	21	18	16
West Ham	16	6	6	4	25	22	16
Southend United	16	6	6	4	21	25	16
Exeter City	16	5	6	5	16	14	15
Queen's Park	16	5	6	5	17	18	15
Southampton	16	5	7	4	22	25	14
Coventry City	17	4	7	6	21	35	14
Norwich City	15	3	5	7	16	20	13
Gillingham	16	6	9	1	22	27	13
Watford	17	4	9	4	22	22	12
Bristol Rovers	16	4	8	4	17	22	12
Merthyr	15	4	7	4	13	22	12
Millwall Athletic	15	3	6	6	16	25	12
Cardiff City	15	4	8	3	21	20	11

SOUTH-EASTERN LEAGUE.

	Pld.	Won.	Lost.	Drn.	For.	Agst.	Pts
Fulham	20	13	3	3	52	22	31
Tottenham Hotspur	18	12	3	3	46	19	27
West Ham. Utd.	18	11	3	4	39	14	26
Portsmouth	17	11	4	2	33	18	24
Queen's Pk. Rangers	17	10	4	3	40	19	23
Woolwich Arsenal	18	9	6	3	44	34	21
Chelsea	18	8	6	4	35	21	20
Norwich City	16	7	4	5	17	13	19
Southampton	17	7	5	5	26	24	19
Clapton Orient	22	7	10	5	35	42	19
Croydon Common	19	6	8	5	19	24	17
Gillingham	18	5	8	5	22	37	15
Swindon Town	18	6	10	2	32	38	14
Watford	18	6	10	2	28	46	14
Peterborough	17	5	8	4	27	39	14
Bristol City	14	6	7	1	21	24	13
Reading	17	5	9	3	20	31	13
Brighton & Hove	18	4	10	4	22	40	12
Leicester Fosse	17	3	9	3	21	33	11
Northampton	17	4	11	2	18	41	10
Brentford	15	2	10	3	18	46	8

	Pld.	Won.	Lost.	Drn.	For.	Agst.	Pts
Celtic	19	16	2	1	41	9	33
Hearts	19	13	1	5	41	10	31
Rangers	19	14	4	1	39	15	29
Morton	17	12	4	1	31	21	25
Airdrieonians	19	9	4	6	31	19	24
Falkirk	20	9	5	6	36	28	24
Dundee	19	10	7	2	30	25	22
Clyde	17	6	5	6	23	19	18
Hibernians	19	7	9	3	33	32	17
Third Lanark	16	6	6	4	20	25	16
Ayr. United	18	7	9	2	27	30	16
Raith Rovers	18	6	10	3	24	31	15
St. Mirren	18	6	10	2	23	28	14
Dumbarton	16	7	7	4	20	30	14
Queen's Park	18	4	9	5	25	36	13
Patrick Thistle	18	4	10	4	19	26	12
Motherwell	18	5	11	2	20	34	12
Hamilton A.	18	3	11	4	19	31	10
Kilmarnock	18	3	11	4	21	44	10
Aberdeen	19	2	12	5	14	35	9

GOLF.

The Royal Porthcawl Club beat a team of old Rugby Football International players in an eighteen-a-side match, at Porthcawl, on Dec. 13, by 17 games to 8. They won the singles by 11 games to 6 and the foursomes by 6 games to 2, one match being halved in each section of the play.

Mr. D. M. Smith, playing with Mr. F. C. Garrick at Sandy Lodge on Dec. 16, accomplished the eighteen holes in the fine score of 70, which beat the amateur "record" for the course by 3 strokes. The former "record" was held by Mr. T. H. P. Kolesar.

A match between the Golfer's Club and a Cambridge University team was played at Forest Row on Dec. 17. The result was a victory for the Cambridge side by 6½ matches to 2½. They won the singles by 3½ matches to 2½ and the foursome by 3 matches to 0.

A MOTHER'S COURAGE.

THREE CHILDREN RESCUED FROM BURNING HOUSE.

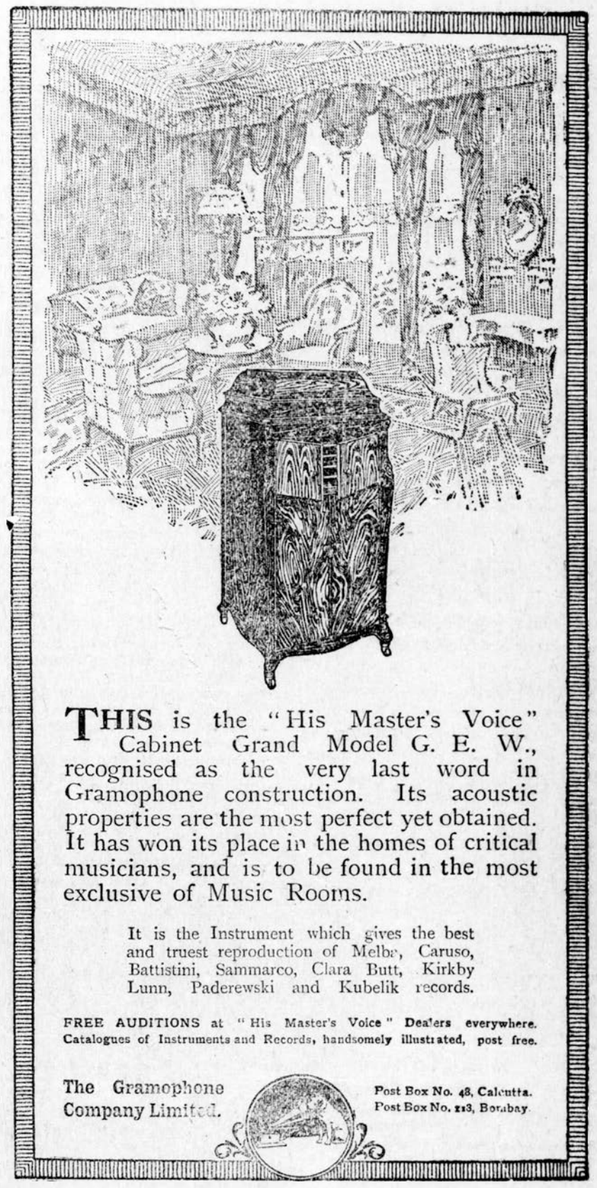
A courageous rescue from a dwelling house fire in Newling-street, Birkenhead, on December 18, was made by the wife of the house-holder, who went through the flames to save her three children.

The occupier of the house, Mr. Stenhouse, a picture-frame manufacturer, left home at about 8 o'clock in the morning, and left a fire burning in the grate in the kitchen. Mrs. Stenhouse and their three children were then in bed; later she noticed a small of smoke, and, hearing sounds of burning, she rushed down-stairs and found the kitchen in flames. In her night attire she dashed to her mother's house near at hand to call for help, then returned to the burning house, and, though the stairs were ablaze, she made her way to the bedroom in spite of burns on the arms and body. She picked up her children, smashed the front bedroom window, and took refuge on a ledge over the bay window.

Meanwhile some neighbours had come to her assistance, but the flames prevented any one from entering the house. A blanket was procured and held under the window, and Mrs. Stenhouse first dropped into the blanket the youngest child, aged three months, then the second, a girl of three, and then the eldest, a boy of five, and followed herself. The drop was a distance of 13ft. The children, in their night clothing, were taken to neighbours' houses and Mrs. Stenhouse was taken to hospital.

The fire brigade soon extinguished the flames, but not before the furniture had been entirely destroyed. It seems there was a serious delay in sending news of the outbreak to the brigade head-quarters, and but for this the house might have been saved.

When other remedies fail to cure that headache, here's the cure. Stearns' Headache cure, headache gone in a few minutes.



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BOMBAY RACING SEASON.

THIRD EXTRA MEETING.

ARAB GRIFFIN QUANDARY.

TRITONS AMONGST MINNOWS.

The racing last Saturday afternoon at Mahaluxmi could not very well have been better. It was delightfully cool: no high wind to raise the noxious, grimy dust from the central Sahara: and above all, the fancies of the "great majority" were very much in evidence. Under such exceptionally cheerful conditions it was not surprising to note the buoyant light-hearted mood of the large gathering when wending its way homewards after a jolly week-end outing.

POPULARITY OF W. I. T. C. RACING.

There is very little doubt that our Bombay racing is not only now ultra-respectable under the new regime, but there is a high-class, refined air about the proceedings which is only met with in the more exclusive enclosures of fashionable racing fixtures in the old country. And if this recently adopted policy of conciliation towards the pubblic be persevered in by the Turf Club, Western India racing under the benign and considerate influence of the Secretary, Major Hughes, will soon develop into a powerful factor in the social economy of the presidency. Bombay has of late been betraying marked symptoms of apathy and general stagnation, and pleasurable diverting afternoon sporting revues for congenial intercourse as now provided by the W. I. T. C., will go a long way towards dissipating the torpid conditions which have been threatening to envelop us.

Lord and Lady Willingdon were present. The active interest displayed by Their Excellencies in these sporting fixtures is very much appreciated by everyone, contributing most materially to their success and increasing popularity.

THE NEWLY LANDED DIVISION.

A special import attached itself to Saturday's meeting, as the first lot of newly landed Arabs aspiring to racing merit made their debut. The first public appearance of these racing neophytes always excites a good deal of curiosity, as the quality of the season's racing mainly depends on the percentage of animals, out of the heterogenous mob, which will in the course of time crystallize into racers worthy of the name to keep the business alive. These Arab griffins are imported to Bombay from September up to December usually, but in order to give the Arab dealers a wider scope, and not to place some early bird at a disadvantage, the Turf Club have fixed the date from the 1st July. Races are accordingly framed exclusively for these griffins, landed in Bombay on or after this date, viz., 1st July. And it will perhaps be convenient to state here, that the Turf Club cater for this particular class on the assumption the animals are imported from the country of foaling direct, and are brought to India from the breeding establishments in Arabia, being griffins, or untrained animals, in every sense of the word.

AMAZING OVERSIGHT.

Owing to an amazing oversight on the part of the W. I. T. C.'s executive, the terms of the races framed in the published prospectus of Extra Meetings fail to restrict entries to this class of animal at all, and through the flaw in formulating the terms, it has been found possible to engage highly trained ponies which have already won races in another country.

The terms for the Elephanta Plate, the griffins' race last Saturday, were:—"For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under, landed on or since 1st July 1913."

Now, on the face of it, there can be no possible ambiguity about these "terms." Any Arab pony 14 hands or under is eligible for the race, the only proviso being, that he must be landed *on or after the 1st July* 1913. From what has already been stated it must be quite obvious that the *intention*, however, was quite otherwise when the race was framed.

BEN HUR AND ANAZ.

The ponies Ben Hur and Anaz, which captured the two divisions of the Elephanta Plate are two highly trained and educated racers which have both won races in Egypt, but as they fulfilled the prescribed conditions by being *landed on or since July 1st* 1913, Nawab Najaf Ali Khan, after landing them in Bombay last July, kept them in fighting trim at Poona during the monsoon months, and had no difficulty on Saturday in accounting for the feeble opposition of a pack of green, half-trained animals, winning, the two races in a common canter.

FURTHER POSSIBILITIES FOR ABDUL MALIK.

The utter absurdity of the situation will at once be apparent when it is realized, that if Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's contention is unassailable, it is up to Mr. R. R. S. to give old Abdul Malik a cruise across the harbour in one of Killick's boats, land him at the Carnac Bunder, and proceed to clear the board at all the ensuing extra meetings. The Shinning Way affair over at Calcutta was droll enough in all conscience, but it is grim tragedy compared with this farcical episode which has risen up in our midst. It is difficult to say what will happen next, but had we run second to Ben Hur or Anaz an objection would have been lodged on the off chance of our being able to spring an argument on that rather potent factor "intention."

BROWN COMMENCES WELL.

Brown commenced well by winning the first two races on Kokab and Old China, and as he was also nominated for another bit of "hot stuff" in Ajmer for the third race, the Bandra Plate, it looked as if he were about to emulate Pratt's great performance at the second extra. He, however, found his Waterloo in Ajmer, and went down persistently for the remainder of the day.

HARD LINES ON MULBERRY.

Quite one of the features of the afternoon was Old China's lucky win in the Coorla Plate. Mulberry should have smothered him. And if the race was run over again fifty times. Mulberry would always beat him at the weights. Whether Mulberry's jockey broke a leather, his saddle slipped, or something else of an untoward nature occurred, it is difficult to say, but a more unattractive finish was hardly possible. Lucifer in the same race also appeared to be having a rough passage coming to the bend, and will probably do better some other time when he is not so unlucky.

A PROMISING COLT.

In the Bandra Plate the best handicapped horse, from a winning standpoint, was a non-starter, and that was Noor-ul-Malik. On his Poona form, over a mile, this race was a gift for him provided he got off well. He is, however, very fractious and unreliable at the machine. Our anticipations regarding a further win for Bhatty Chief were realized at an early date. This is a very promising colt.

North was again made a warm favourite for the January Plate. What Mr. Welman's gelding has ever shown to account for this popular fetish is not easy to explain. Lady Douglas ran a real good mare, and in being beaten by Seigneurie was certainly not disgraced.

SOME GOOD GRIFFINS.

Among the newly landed divisions, apart from Ben Hur and Anaz who stand out by themselves, Mr. Ali bin Talib owns a very useful pair in Red Silk and Cyprus, both will win a little later on. Good Star, Crisis, Chaser, and Nainava are ponies full of promise worth watching in handicap events.

BRAVO'S DECADENCE.

The Virar Plate provided a battle royal between Galiard and Malster, Pratt just getting Galiard home by a sensation of a margin, due to his capable and vigorous horsemanship. Poor little Bravo must be a mere shadow of his former self. In his pristine form he could have cantered home on the ten-stone mark. If he cannot do better than this with 8st. 5lbs., he should be wrapped up in velvet and cremated.

Details:—

AN ARAB SELLING PLATE 3-0 P.M.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs entered to be sold for Rs. 1,000. Distance—About 7 furlongs.

Mr. A. R. Dakeel's KOKAB, 8st. 10lbs. Brown 1
Mr. K. B. Sorabji's ALWAR, 7st. McGlone 2
Genl. Nawabzada O. Khan's YANASUB, 8st. 12lbs. Bowley 3
Mr. A. A. Rehman's YUNGI DUNYA, 9st. 3lbs. Kaikhosroo 4

Also Ran:—Guinea Merchant (Taylor 9st. 2lbs.) Farash (Duller 8st. 1lb.) Sadil Malik (Japheth 7st. 10lbs.), Langford (Clarke 7st. 9lbs.), Moo-a-fag (Ferguson 1st. 7lbs.), Mootavaz (Purtoosingh 7st.)

The Race.—Moo-a-fig broke the line first, with Yungi Dunya, Kokab, Alwar and Kokab in close attendance. They raced to the bend pretty well in this order, when Kokab commenced to improve his position. At the distance Brown secured a nice opening and coming through won by a head-neck 2nd and 3rd—1¼ 3rd and 4th. Time: 1min. 41secs.

Total Investments:—Win 6,520. Place 9,200.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 18-8 Places Rs. 13-8, Rs. 31 and Rs. 39-8.

THE COORLA PLATE.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. For Maiden Arab Ponies 14 hands and under. 14 hands to carry 9st. 3lbs. W. I. Distance 5 furlongs. (Old Course).

Messrs. Sharaballi and Mehta's OLD-CHINA 8st. 2lbs. Brown 1
Messrs. Dakeel and A. A. Mahomeds MULBERRY 8st. 5lbs. Zammil 2
Mr. A. R. Badshaw's PRETENDER II. 8st. 5lbs. Purtoosingh 3
Mr. Ebraim Mana's SAFI, 8st. 5lbs. Fahad 4

Also Ran:—Turkish Spot (Pratt 9st. 3lbs.), American Spot (Duller 8st. 11lbs.), Jehanger Shah (Native 8st. 8lbs.), Malabar (Bowley 8st. 8lbs.), Lucifer (Mujeed 8st. 8lbs.), Nasirabad (Mr. Crawford 8st. 5lbs.), President (Native 7st. 13lbs.), Papa (Ahmed 7st. 10lbs.), Dahemsee (McGlone 7st. 7lbs.), Royalist (Etul 7st 1lb.).

The Race.—Old China and Pretender II. led the field, followed closely by Malabar, Safi and Lucifer. At the bend, Mulberry was lying handy going strong. Down the straight there did not appear to be anything in it but Mulberry, his effort however, was ill-timed, and going wide at the finish, failed to catch Old China who won by 1½ lengths ¾ 2nd and 3rd—1½ 3rd and 4th. Time—1min. 9secs.

Total Investments:—Win 1,260. Places 12,120.

Dividends Paid:—Win, Rs. 17. Places Rs 12-8, Rs. 21, and Rs. 16.

THE BANDRA PLATE.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second. Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. A High Handicap for Arabs in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions. Distance about 1 mile.

Messrs. Goculdas and R. Matharadass' BHATTY CHIEF 8st. 1lb. Pratt ... 1
Mr. K. Govidjee's BEST CHANCE 8st. 1lb. McGlone 2
Mr. Esmail Gussoo's AJMER 8st. 3lbs. Brown 3
Genl. Nawabzada, O. Khan's SOOMSAM, 9st. 9lbs., Bowley 4

Also Ran:—Mysore (Etul. 8st. 7lbs.), Grey Ghost (Purtoosingh 8st. 4lbs.), Tulwar (Mujeed 7st. 11lbs.), Welcome (Ferguson 7st. 11lbs.), Occident (Zammil 7st.), Seaman (7st. 8lbs.), Fado (Fahad 7st. 8lbs.), Mars (Native 7st.).

The Race.—Welcome acted as pilot for the greater part of the journey with Soomsam, Ajmere and Best Chance always prominent. Soomsam was done with at the turn, and Welcome crumpled up at the distance a great race ensuing between Best Chance and Bhattya Chief who came into the picture at the home-turn. Bhattya Chief won by a head-neck 2nd and 3rd—2 lengths 3rd and 4th. Time—1min. 54⅘secs.

Total Investments:—Win 10,710. Place 14,430.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 34. Places Rs. 13/8, Rs. 36 and Rs. 13.

THE JANUARY PLATE.

4-30 p.m.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions.

DISTANCE—6 FURLONGS.

Genl. Nawabzada O. Khan's SEIGNEURIE 8st. Bowley 4
Mr. L. K. Kapadia's LADY DOUGLAS st. 5lbs. Purtoosingh 2
Mr. Welman's North 9st. 4lbs. Brown ... 3
Messrs. Goculdass and N. Mathuradass' MASTER DELAVAL 9st 12lbs. Pratt. 4

Also Ran:—Sly Kiss (Duller 8st. 10lbs.) Silver Memory (Mujeed 7st.)

The Race:—Master Delaval was too slow in the earlier stages to get up to the leaders, Seigneurie and Lady Douglas, over such a short course, and a splendid race between the leading pair resulted in a win for Seigneurie by a neck—4 lengths 2nd and 3rd—6 lengths 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1 Min. 15-1/5 secs.

Total Investments:—Win 12,110. Place 8,400.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 30. Places Rs. 12-8 and Rs. 25-8.

THE ELEPHANTA PLATE.

DIVISION I.

5-0 p.m.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under landed on or since 1st July, 1913. 14 hands to carry 9st 3lbs. W. I.

DISTANCE—5 Furlongs (Straight.)

Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's BEN HUR 7st 10lbs. Ferguson 1
Mr. Ali bin Talib's RED SILK 8st 8lbs. Duller 2
Messrs Shaik Cassum and A. Aziz's GULDASTA 7st 4lbs Kaikhosroo 3
Genl. Nawazada O. Khan's RUBY FISH 6st. 12lbs. Purtoosingh 4

The Race:—This was a one-horse affair for Ben Hur who went to the front and won by six lengths with plenty in hand—6 lengths 2nd and 3rd—3 lengths 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1 min. 8-4/5 secs.

Total Investments.—Win 11.670. Place 12,150.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 16/8. Places Rs. 12/8. 16. 84/8.

THE ELEPHANTA PLATE.

(Division II.)

5-30 p.m.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under landed on or since 1st July, 1913. 14 hands to carry 9st. 3lbs. W. I.

Distance—5 furlongs. (Straight.)

Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's ANAZ 7st. 4lbs. Ferguson 1
Mr. Khatab bin Amir's NAINAVA 8st. 11lbs. Brown. 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's CIPRUS 8st. 2lbs. Duller 3
Mr. Abdool Baaker's CHASER 8st. 11lbs. Taylor 4

Also Ran:—Navigator (Purtoosingh 8st. 11lbs.) Aromatic (Bowley 8st 11lbs.) Timoor (Fahad 8st. 8lbs.) Decoration (8st. 5lbs.) Balkan Prince (Pratt 8st. 5lbs.) Khatiaa (Zammil 8st. 2lbs.) Blue Peter (Native 7st 13lbs.) Red Eagle (Keess 7st. 13lbs.) Emigrant (Kaikhosroo 7st. 1lb.)

The Race:—Anaz got off none too well, but as soon as he found his legs he came through the field and spread-eagled the feeble opposition. Won by 6 lengths—1 length 2nd and 3rd—2½ lengths 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1 min. 9 secs.

Total Investments:—Win. Rs. 12,750. Place Rs. 13,350.

Dividends Paid. Win. Rs. 14 Place Rs. 12/-13/-14/8.

THE VIRAR PLATE.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 1st Division.

DISTANCE—6 furlongs.

Messrs. Goculdas and P. Mathuradass' GALIARD 8st. 1lb. Pratt..... 1
Mr. Abdoola Faras's MALSTER 7st. 11lbs. Brown. 2
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's MINERVA 7st. 3lbs. Abbas. 3
Mr. T. R. Raja's GUINEA MOHUR 7st. 7lbs. Zammil. 4

Also Ran:—Zuheir (Ferguson 9st.) Lookman (Duller 9st.) Bravo (Bowley 8st. 5lbs.)

The Race:—Bravo and Malster took up the running, with Lookman and Galiard close up. In the straight Galiard challenged Malster and Pratts just managed to win the best race of the day by a very narrow margin—2 lengths, 2nd and 3rd—3 lengths 3rd and 4th.

Time—1 min. 21 secs.

Total Investments:—Win 15,900. Place 10,120.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 53/. Places Rs. 23/-14/.

Photo by Central News. *Bombay Chronicle Press.*

JACK JOHNSON.

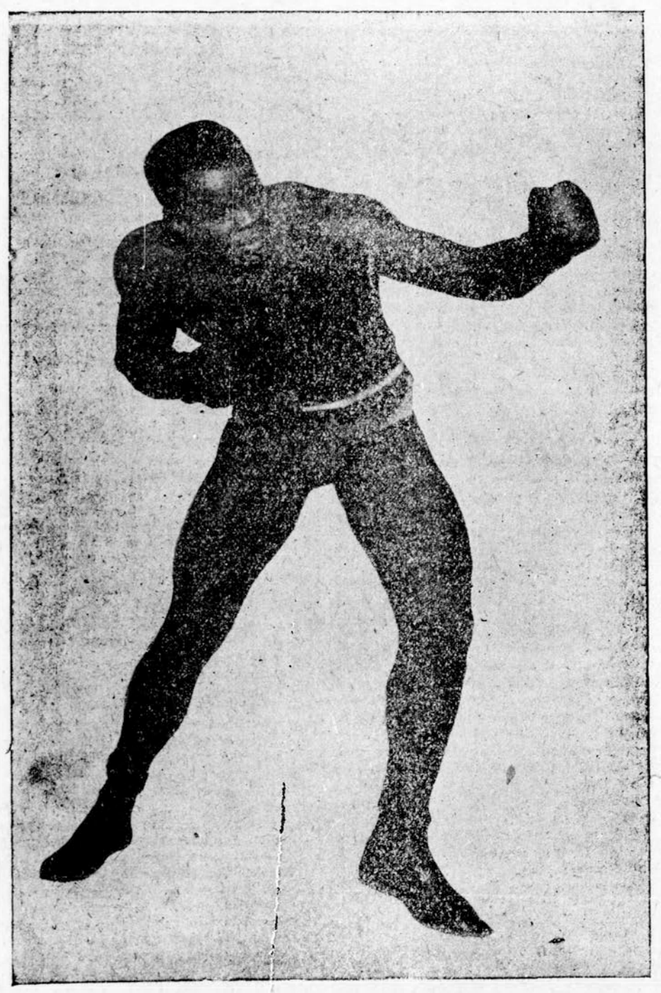

Photo by Central News. *Bombay Chronicle Press.*

JIM JOHNSON.

BOXING.

JOHNSON V. JOHNSON.

JACK JOHNSON'S ARM BROKEN.

Jack Johnson, world's heavy-weight champion, and Jim Johnson met in a ten-round contest at Premierland, Paris, on Dec. 19, says the "Daily Mail." After a hard fight, in which Jack Johnson showed some superiority, a draw was declared. At the close it was announced that Jack Johnson had broken his left forearm. Johnson states that it happened in the third round when he struck Jim's head with a left swing. He said nothing during the fight, but showed it to a doctor after the decision.

JIM JOHNSON'S REPUTE.

The fierce war in which daily floods of journalistic abuse had been poured by one set of promoters upon the other resulted in the bona-fides of Jim Johnson, at all events, being proved. Copious reprints from the American and English Press were served up, and they showed that the man to whom Jack Johnson gave about a stone had really bested Joe Jeannette in America, as well as being the participant in many other hard fights. Therefore the end of the apparent hardship to which Jack Johnson had been submitted was much free publicity, lots of sympathy by sentimentalists who regard the world's champion as a big, naive, frank fellow; and best of all a packed house at the Paris Premierland.

The gameness of the men in the preliminary bouts, and the manner in which they fought would have done credit to any country in the world, and there is no doubt that as an athlete the modern Frenchman has come to stay. Certainly the muscular condition of the average French boxer is astonishing. But the practice of wild infighting by inexperienced boxers must lead to many blows below the belt, and to many such disqualifications as took place in one of the contests when a man was three times fouled.

It was after 11-30 before the two entered the ring. Both looked rather fat but well. Jack was taller than Jim by at least two inches, although, according to the weights supplied, he weighed only 16st. 2llb., as against the 16st. 11lb. of his rival.

M. Emile Maitret refereed, assisted by two judges.

Before the start Frank Moran entered the ring and challenged the winner. Time was called at 11-45.

THE FIGHT.

Round 1.—Jack went straight in after some preliminary sparring and jabbed his left home several times. Then he upper-cut the right to the body and hooked a hard left home on the other side. Jim shapped well and got away from a left in exceedingly clever style. Both were fighting well, and it was evident that Jack was far from being the back number some people reckoned him to be.

Round 2.—The men crouched cautiously on reopening. Jim tried a right upper-cut but Jack slipped it and showed a mouthful of gold teeth in a broad smile. Jim stood up well to his work and stopped some hard left hooks to the jaw. Jack kept rushing but could not land with effect. In a clinch Jim shoved out his tongue in apparent derision.

Round 3.—In a clinch Jack threw Jim off like a baby, and tried to force the fighting. He batted Jim's glove aside, but could not land, even though the move caused laughter. Then Jim began to fight, and landed a clean, straight right to the jaw, afterwards uppercutting Jack to the body. The blows might have upset a weak white, but they only made Jack grin.

Round 4.—Jack jabbed his left to the face, but the long left and crouch of Jim were hard to get past. At length Jack landed a left hook to the jaw and a jab to the face. Jim's feet saved him later, but he came back and landed a straight hard to the jaw. At the end of the round the men were in Jim's corner with Jack trying hard to land. The contest up to this point had proved not only that Jack Johnson was no back number, but that still another negro stood between the many white hopes and the world's championship.

Round 5.—Jim went on fighting, but Jack came back in dead earnest, and his fierce attack would have finished most champions Jack kept hooking his left, and landed one hard to the body. He was the stronger fighter, and the better boxer this round.

Round 6.—Jim started rushing from the well and got away from a left in exceedingly gong, but got more than he could manage. Jack landed a right cross and later a good jab to the face. Jim fought hard to the body, and twice landed well.

Round 7.—Jim was tired and fought poorly. A section of the crowd began to shout "Fake," and the end of the round was greeted with hooting.

Round 8.—To shouts of "remboursez" the round began, and prospects of trouble loomed ahead. It was certainly obvious that the audience expected a knock out.

Round 9.—The house had now become very rowdy. The "arrangement" idea having spread it was impossible to check it, and so loud was the shouting that the gong could not be heard.

Round 10.—The men seemed to be trying hard. Jim fought cleverly and with effect. He landed two fine rights to the body, but in a rush slipped and fell. Both were hitting hard when the end came. M. Maitrot gave his decision as a draw.

BOMBAY HUNT.

A SHARP RUN.

The meet yesterday was at Sahar, and a field of 60 met the Master there including four ladies.

Taking the pack off to draw, the Master led us over Sahar Hill. In the cover on the far side the pack picked up a line, but the scent was not very good, and they followed it out slowly on to the Mamanwadi Valley, where the left found a strong scent and tore away with a fine chorus of music right along to the top of the valley at a rattling pace, which gave the field some good going, coming to the road, hounds dashed across and through a garden on the far side, the field dividing round, and part going up the hill and the remainder keeping to the grass land. As we reached the far side of the road not a hound was in sight, probably being so accustomed to the jack seeking refuge in the mango-tope the field with one accord made in that direction, and after getting beyond the hill no sign of the pack was heard there. A short halt, and the sound of the pack away over the grass lands called the field back, some were still on the hill and others racing away down on the level, both positions giving good going. Before long we had reached past any country previously traversed this season, and had passed Marole Hill, to our right, when we came upon the pack, they having run the jack to ground on the side of the hill. Great was the clamour round the jack's refuge in the rocks before they got him out and killed him.

Taking the pack sharply back to Sahar, the Master managed to put up another jack, which started to lead the pack in the direction of the hills, but he doubled about a lot and was not for running straight, hounds crossed the valley hurriedly behind him and pushed him across the nullah bed, and beyond it seemed that we were going to get well away for a gallop, but the pack suddenly checked at a wall, and coming back found their quarry sitting tight on this wall off which they soon pulled him, and worried him with a will.

The morning though moderately late was still cool, and the Master made to draw the side of the Andheri Road, but nothing was found here. Following on until we crossed the back-water, we saw the pack feathering in the woods beyond, but they could not make anything of it, and after crossing the Vehar Road, and skidding about on the rocky hill beyond for a while, the Master reached the Vihar Road again, and led the pack back to kennels.

It was a more than usually enjoyable morning sport, the first run was really sharp, and from the time hounds crossed the Andheri Road until they were found with their jack at bay no rider could keep with them.

It therefore seems that the scent is improving day by day, and naturally the condition of the pack for after they had run away from us, there was not one straggler to indicate the way they had gone. The second might have been a good run had there been a better jack, but we must always take our chance, and surely the first run was good enough to satisfy us for one day. The next meet will be at Irla on the 6th.

TIRED

WORN OUT, RUN DOWN.

That's what many of us often find ourselves and are so often unable to find the cause. We grow fagged out over the ordinary day's work, listless and lifeless without any reason, devoid of energy or ambition. nights are passed sleeplessly. The appetite grows poor, we have no desire for work or even pleasure. Then come troubles of the nerves, the head, the stomach, the liver, bowels, blood, in fact the system is undermined. This wrecking of the system is appalling—but we are all liable to it any time just the same. Blood and nerve diseases are silent and insidious, they come without warning and do deadly work almost unnoticed. At the very first sign of the smallest symptom of such troubles, use that KING OF ALL REMEDIES.

PROF. JAMES' ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS.

In Neurasthenia and the impotence of old age, this remedy gives especially marked results. Energy is in all cases quickly restored.

These Pearls build up the delicate tissues, and bring back to manhood all broken down and weary constitutions. They renew vitality, replace weakness with strength, keen wits for dulled brains, and transform the dejected and desponding into healthy and cheerful men and women.

Price, per bottle of 40 pills Rs. 2, 3 bottles Rs. 5-8; V. P. 4 annas extra.

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169—4

CALCUTTA RACES.

FOURTH EXTRA MEETING.

SMALL FIELD BUT CLOSE FINISHES.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

In three out of the six races betting was only 1—2 as the fields ruled small. In the first and the last race there were only four and three starters.

The attendance was very good for an extra metting. Some prominent owners had already left Calcutta. Brown too was absent.

The racing, however was, far from being dull and uninteresting and some close finishes were observed. The second, third and fifth races proved bad upsets of forms.

Details:—

SECOND SELLING HANDICAP.—6 furlongs:—

Col. Desaraj Urs' METAL MAID, 7st. 10lbs. Melsom and Mr. Battin's LADY LEONARD, 6st. 7lbs., Harrison, Dead Heat 1

Lala Raghobir Prosad's ANNAHEAN, 7st. 13lbs., Crowden 3

Also Ran:—Bonny Boy, 8st. 13lbs.

Betting:—6 to 4 Metal Maid and Annahean; 4 to 1 Bonny Boy, 6 to 1 Lady Leonard.

Totalisator:—Rs. 12 and Rs. 27 win; Rs. 1[illegible] and Rs. 22 places.

The Race:—Metal Maid laid out with Annahean second. In the straight Lady Leonard challenged the leader and dead heated on the post Annahean being a length and three-quarters behind.

Time:—1 min. and 17 1-2 sec.

TURF PLATE.—7 furlongs:—

Lala Raghobir Prosad's MESALLIANCE 6st. 10lbs., Harrison 1

Mr. Goculdass' BERYL, 7st. 8lbs., Hoyt ... 2

Maj. Holden and Mr. Scott's LADY MARCHMINT, 8st. 13lbs., Mr. Evers 3

Also Ran:—Naini 7st. 11lbs., Gipsy's Advice 9st. 12lbs., Go On 9st. 8lbs., Blue Dubk 9st. 4lbs., Nareb 8st. 8lbs., Winnie R. 6st. 8lbs.

Betting:—2 to 1 Go On, 3 to 1 Lady Marchmint, Beryl and Gipsy's Advice; longer prices the rest.

Totalisator:—Rs. 130 win; Rs. 18, Rs. 15 and Rs. 14 places.

The Race:—Nareb and Winnie R. took up the running with Messalliance and Lady Marchmint lying next. Mesalliance was the first into the straight and despite a hot challenge from Beryl won by a head, a length between second and third.

Time:—1 min. and 31 3-4 sec.

(Naini finished third but not being able to weigh in was disqualified.)

KEDLESTON PLATE.—7 furlongs:—

Mr. Lang's AIRMAN, 7st. 9lbs., Andrews ... 1

Mr. R. R. S.'s TARTANIA, 9st. 2lbs., Sampson 2

Mr. Goculdass' BORGIE 9st. 1lb., Ruiz 3

Also Ran:—Canteria 8st. 7lbs., Foudrette 8st. 12lbs., Rococo 8st. 9lbs., Shell 7st. 10lbs., St. Bobo 7st. 7lbs., Macann 8st., Silver Beacon 7st. 4lbs., Affluence 7st. 4lbs., Don Urbano 6st. 12lbs.

Betting:—6 to 1 against Airman, 2 to 1 Rococo, 5 to 1 Borgie, 3 to 1 Tartania, longer prices the rest.

Totalisator:—Rs. 150 for win; Rs. 29, Rs. 20 and Rs. 17 places.

Time:—1 min. and 29 3-4 secs.

OCHTERLONY PLATE.—1¼ miles.

Mr. Goculdass' DOUBLE CHIN, 8st. 12lbs., Ruiz 1

Mr. Scott's JON DOH, 7st. 2lbs., Crowden and Mr. Lauder's WHIM 8st. 12lbs., Andrews, Dead Heat 2

Also Ran:—Bally Maclune 8st. 11lbs. (carried 8st. 10lbs.), Lasu 6st. 11lbs.

Betting:—5 to 2 on Double Chin, 6 to 1 Whim and Bally Maclune, any prices the rest.

Totalisator:—Rs. 16 win; Rs. 11, Rs. 16 and Rs. 14 places.

The Race:—Whim led for the first three furlongs then Jon Doll came to the front, Double Chin lying third all the way. In the straight a good race ensued Double Chin just winning by a short head, a dead heat for second place.

Time:—2 mins. and 44 secs.

MINTO PLATE.—1¼ miles.

Mr. Goculdass" PRETTY GOOD SORT, 9st. 3lbs., Ruiz 1

Messrs. Valentine and Vernon's BUSHEY DAME, 7st. 2lbs., Smyth 2

Mr. Harrison's VANCOUVER, 8st. 5lbs., Harrison 3

Betting:—2 to 1 on Pretty Good Sort, 5 to 4 on Bushey Dame, 4 to 1 Vancouver.

The Race:—Pretty Good Sort led all through and won easily by a length.

Time:—2 min. and 11 1-4 secs.

GANGES PLATE.—5 furlongs:—

Mrs. Pugh's DOLLY SIMPLE, 8st. 9lbs., Trenoweth 1

Mr. Galstaun's WINCEY, 8st. 10lbs., Quinn 2

Mr. Captain's KATHARO, 9st. 7lbs., Southall 3

Also Ran:—Master Advance 9st. 12lbs., Midsand 9st. 6lbs., Little Scot 9st. 3lbs., Side Walk 9st. 3lbs., Sandbeck 8st. 6lbs., Box-of-Toys 8st. 4lbs., Wesper 8st. 3lbs.

Betting:—10 to 1 Dolly Simple, 3 to 2 Wincey, 3 to 1 Midsand, 5 to 1 Side Walk. Longer prices the rest.

Totalisator:—Rs. 136 win; Rs. 41, Rs. 14 and Rs. 41 places.

PRUDENT PERSONS ARE LIKE PINS

Their heads prevent them from going too far and look for something better than STEARN'S ATLAS TONIC, the last word in tonics. It tones the liver and helps digestion, while it feeds the brain, the nerves and the muscles. It is this double action on the system that renders ATLAS TONIC an ideal tonic for the tropics. It is non-exicitant and has lasting effects. Sold by all Chemists in India. Literature free on application to MARTIN AND HARRIS, Bombay or Calcutta.

THE FACE IS AN INDEX TO THE HEART

but with a woman it is likewise an index to her internal organism, the healthy or diseased condition of which is at once betrayed in her facial expression. While the freshness of complexion, sparkle of the eye and light and lively movements go to denote a healthy condition, the sallow face, the dragging step and the look of pain and misery are evident signs of a disordered state. Any functional disorder will promptly yield to UTRODINE the most harmless vegetable tonic and sedative for the organic diseases of women. Of all Chemists in India.

Literature free on application to MARTIN and HARRIS, Bombay or Calcutta.

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GOVERNOR AT PALANPUR.

Photo by Bourne and Shepherd. **Watching a game at Polo.** *Bombay Chronicle Press.*

THE AUSTRALIAN CRICKET TEAM.

AN ALL-ROUND AND POWERFUL COMBINATION.

SOME NOTES ABOUT PLAYERS.

The Rev. Mr. E. F. Waddy's team of New South Wales Cricketers, arrived in Colombo on December 31, by the P. and O. Macedonia. The team is composed as follows:—

Rev. E. F. Waddy, New South Wales, Sydney University and Central Cumberland.

R. B. Minnett, Australia, N. S. Wales and Sydney Varsity.

G. R. Hazlitt, Australia, Victoria, N.S. Wales and Western Suburbs.

E. J. Long, N. S. Wales and North Sydney.

Norman Gregg, N. S. Wales and Sydney Varsity.

Norman Ebsworth, N. S. Wales and Northern Districts.

C. Docker, N. S. Wales, Zingari and Western Suburbs.

P. W. Docker, N. S. Wales Western Suburbs.

P. S. Arnott, N. S. Wales, Balmain and Australian Team in America.

H. R. Gregg, Sydney, Grammar School.

W. Cameron, Singleton and Northern Districts.

G. S. Hall, North Sydney.

W. E. Pite, Waverley.

The following notes about the Australian players appear in the "Ceylon Independent."

The team is a powerful one all round, including Minnett and Hazlitt, who have distinguished themselves in International Test matches.

The Rev. E. F. Waddy has been one of the best batsmen in Sydney for the past ten years. He scored a century for N South Wales on his first appearance against an English team, (A. O. Jones' M.C.C. eleven) and a century on his first appearance in a Sheffield Shield match. The latter was when he made 129 for N. S. Wales vs. South Australia. Waddy is described as an elegant batsman, who remainds some of Victor Trumper. He possesses all manner of strokes and is especially good in cutting. He holds the Inter-Varsity record of Australia for he scored 309 for Sydney University vs. Melbourne University in 1904. In the previous match he had scored 265. In the season of 1905 he headed the 1st-class averages of Australia with 71-5 and was first reserve in the test matches with Warner's team. Waddy is a first class wicket-keeper and a clever fieldsman in any position. He has captained Sydney University and Central Cumberland, while he has also been a selection of New South Wales teams.

Roy Minnett is the dashing N. S. Wales cricketer, who scored 90 in his first test match with England. That was against Warner's team at Sydney in December 1911. In that same season he scored 216 not out against Victoria. Minnett is the best all round athlete in this team. He is first-class at cricket, Rugby football, baseball, tennis and athletics. He bowls fast medium right hand with a swerve and an off-break. in the field he is as brilliant as the best.

G. R. Hazlitt is the bowler who took 7 wickets for 25 runs for Australia in England at the Oval last year in the Triangular Tournament. He captured over a hundred wickets on tour in England and was the best of the Australian bowlers. He is a very wristy bowler, with a swerve and a splendid length. He played for Australia in a test match before he was twenty and he helped to win that game by some remarkable batting at a crisis. He has scored seventies and eighties in Inter-State cricket and more than one century in first-class club games.

E. J. Long is said to be a high class stumper and had the honour of playing for his State.

Norman Gregg scored two centuries last season in N. S. W.—Victoria Colts match. He is regarded as a potential Test match player of the Trumper—Macartney type. He is a right hander with beautiful style and a large repertoire of strokes. He is a good chance bowler and an excellent fieldsman. He is, besides this covered court champion tennis player of Queensland and Singles and Doubles Lawn Tennis Champion of Sydney University.

H. R. Gregg, an elder brother of Norman Gregg was considered the best Public School batsman in Australia in 1907. He is the only Australian who has scored a double century in an inter-school match. He is another dasher of the Minnett type and a good change bowler and fieldsman.

The hitters of the team are Norman Ebsworth, W. Cameron and C. Docker, Ebsworth was referred to recently in the "Sydney Morning Herald" as one of the greatest hitters in the history of cricket. He has played for his State and has some rare records to his credit as a batsman. If he gets going in Ceylon we shall see some rare cricket.

Cameron is a hard hitting batsman who, but for lack of opportunities owing to business, would be figuring high in inter-state cricket. He scored 112 in 20 minutes two years ago, hitting 17 sixers in 19 consecutive scoring strokes! This feat has been recorded in Wisden. Cameron and Ebsworth are both good bowlers and first-rate fieldsmen.

Cyril Docker is another big hitter, and the fastest bowler in the team. He too has played for N. S. Wales in recent years and done well.

P. W. Docker is a fast medium left hand bowler who has done well when tried for N. S. Wales. He is also a first-class right hand batsman of the sound type. P. S. Arnott scored over 1,500 runs in America with the Australian team that went on tour a few months ago. He is a well set batsman, who has solid defence and severe punishing powers. His record as a batsman is a very good one. Besides this he is a googly bowler and a tip-top fieldsman.

G. S. Hall was unlucky to have missed Inter-State honours this year. He is a stylish and sound batsman who goes in first for Worthy Sydney, the Champion Club of N. S. Wales. He is quite young but has many good records to his credit. He scored 247 last year for N. S. Wales vs. Victorian Banks and the latter included several State cricketers.

W. E. Pite is another solid batsman who goes in first always for Waverley. The fielding of the visitors will be particularly strong. Their bowling ranges from fast to slow right hand while they have also a high class left hander in Docker. The betting will be very strong down to number eleven.

BURMA ATHLETIC SPORTS.

ASSOCIATION'S ANNUAL MEETING.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Jan. 4.

The Burma Athletic Association's Annual Meeting was continued last evening in the presence of a large gathering of spectators, amongst others being present Sir Harvey and Lady Adamson. There were eighteen events on the card and they were all keenly contested. Sergeant Drummer W. Andrews of the Buffs was again easily successful winning three prizes in the following events:—

Army Championship 100 yards in 10 and 4/5 seconds; Amateur Championship 440 yards in 51 and 4/5 seconds; and Army Championship one mile race in 4 minutes 47 seconds. Andrews it may be noted won the quarter mile and half mile Championships of Hongkong when his regiment was stationed there in 1907. The following year he went to Manila and took the same events there. In 11911 and 1912 he again won the Middle Distance Championships of the Philippines. He has only been in India since February last year and came across to Rangoon to meet Sergeant Miller of the Physical Training Staff, Poona, whose entry was anticipated for the sports. Sergeant Miller when in Burma with his regiment the Royal Irish Rifles last year won everything before him and almost all military records were established by him. Owing to his regiment proceeding to Aden, Miller was unable to come across this year. Andrews, however, has beaten Miller's times in both the quarter mile and the half mile. He is an exceptionally fine runner his long stride is kept up without variation.

nI the Native Troops and Police Championship 100 yards,—Maung Chit was first as also in the Native Troops and Police Championship long jump, jumping 19 ft. 2¾ inches.

The following are some of the principal results:—

Army Championship 120 yards, hurdles,—Pte. P. Erwin, Munster Fusiliers (1). Time—20 3/5 seconds.

Amateur Championship High Jump,—Ba Chin, St. John's College (5 ft. 11¼ inches) 1.

Schools High Jump, Ba Chin (5 ft. 7¼ inches) 1.

Havildar Imam Din 93rd Burma Infantry was first in the Native Troops and Police Championship 440 yards and also in the half mile race.

In the Schools 100 yards, W. Hardinge, Maymyo School, won with easily making record time for Burma School 10 and 3/5 seconds compared with 11 and 1/5 seconds of previous years.

At the close of the events Lady Adamson gave away the prizes after which three cheers for a Ladyship brought the proceedings to Her conclusion.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

LAST SATURDAY'S RACING

A Class Handicap Race start at 3-40 p.m.—

Major Muter and J. F. Watson's Eileen IV, Scratch. 2h. 27m. 40s.

Messrs. Stokes and Preston's Turquoise, 2h. 19m. 55s.

Mr. T. Sinclair Kennedy's Isca, did not start.

Mr. W. H. Hughes's Mahshuka, did not finish.

Messrs. Talbot, Hawkins and Hurlbatt's Melody, 2h. 21m. 59s.

Mr. J. S. Wardlaw Milne's Chula, 2h. 20m. 38s.

Mr. H. R. Sandford's Nelta, 2h. 26m. 2s.

Course:—Committee Vessel. N. Karanja Stbd. S. Karanja Stbd. Committee Vessel. N. Karanja Stbd. Committee Vessel.

Length 12.95 Miles, Wind W. N. W.; Strength Moderate.

1st Prize won by Turquoise.

2nd Prize won by Chula

Melody, Saves Entrance.

B. Class Handicap Race start at 3-20 p.m.—

Major Dickinson's Minx, 2h. 38m. 27s.

Messrs. Bunbury, Grantham and Haig Brown's Trixie, 2h. 37m. 15s.

Mr. M. S. Magill's Erin, 2h. 29m. 29s.

Col. Street's Lylie, 2h. 39m. 34s.

Capt. Hordern's Gita, 2h. 47m. 22s.

Course:—Committee Vessel. P. and O. "B" Buoy Stbd. Tucker Beacon Stbd. N. Karanja Stbd. Committee Vessel. N. Karanja Stbd. Committee Vessel.

Length 10.65 Miles, Wind W. N. W., Strength Moderate.

1st Prize won by Erin. Time Limit 6-30.

2nd Prize won by Trixie.

C. Class Handicap Race start at 3-10 p.m.

Officers H. M. Mint's Anna, 2h. 18m. 14s.

Mr. C. N. Rich's Lady Bird, 2h. 18m. 26s.

Mr. N. Taylor's Mavourneen, 2h. 22m. 47s.

Messrs. McLauhlin and Durkin's Bunty, 2h. 23m. 26s.

Capt. Welch's Clutha, did not finish.

Major and Mrs. Russell's Blue Bird, did not finish.

Mr. B. H. Hewett's Curlew, 2h. 25m. 5s.

Mr. T. Gregson's Cricket, 2h. 28m. 48s.

Officers R. A.'s Jenny Wren, 2h. 25m. 24s.

Course:—Committee Vessel. P. and O. "B" Buoy Stbd. Tucker Beacon Stbd. N. Karanja Stbd. Committee Vessel. Short Course.

Length 7.79 Miles, Wind W. N. W., Strength Moderate.

1st Prize won by Anna. Time Limit 6-30.

2nd Prize won by Lady Bird.

3rd Prize won by Mavourneen.

Bunty, Saves Entrance.

Metre Class Handicap Race start at 3-30 p.m.:—

Mr. V. Janson's Maya, 1h. 53m. 51s.

Mr. N. Macbeth's Corrie, 1h. 55m. 4s.

Officers R. E.'s Cynthia, 2h. 3m. 10s.

Mr. D. Fraser's Mynona, 2h. 9m. 47s.

Course:—Committee Vessel. N. Karanja Stbd. S. Karanja Stbd. Committee Vessel.

Length 8.45 Miles, Wind W. N. W., Strength Moderate.

1st Prize won by Maya. Time Limit 6-30 p.m.

Corrie, Saves Entrance

POLO AT CALCUTTA

EZRA CUP WON BY 17TH CAVALRY.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

The final for the Handicap Polo Tournament for the Ezra Cup was played off yesterday between the 12th Cavalry and the 17th Cavalry. This game was regarded as a certain victory for the 17th who began well but a sensational combination by the 12th resulted in that regiment winning by five goals to three.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

The programme now running at the America-India Cinema includes a fine film entitled "Siegfried," depicting the adventures of the hero as given in the legend. "Express Messenger," and How To Grow" are two good comics.

CRICKET IN CEYLON.

AUSTRALIANS V. CEYLONESE.

AUSTRALIANS WIN BY 7 WKTS.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

COLOMBO, Jan. 3.

The first match between the Australians, and the Ceylonese commenced yesterday Winning the toss the Australians sent in the Ceylonese whose innings closed for eighty-three runs. The Australians replied with one hundred and eighty-three runs. In the second venture, the Ceylonese scored thirty-five runs for no wicket.

The game was resumed to-day at luncheon time, they had scored one hundred ten for six wickets. The game became very interesting, Ceylonese playing a plucky uphill game.

LATER.

The Australians won by seven wickets.

COUNCIL CUP TOURNAMENT.

FALLEN THROUGH.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 4.

The Council Cup tournament, which was fixed for the week commencing on Monday 12th January, has fallen through for want of entries.

CORONATION CINEMATOGRAPH.

The chiefy atraction of the Coronation Cinematograph this week is Youny Buckshot and Company, which includes American Cowboys, Cowgirls and Red Indians. These appear in a fine playlet entitled "After the Roundup." Young Buckhot's mainpulation of the lasso is really wonderful, while Prairie Rose, the Cowgirl from the plains of the Wild West, Chief Running Bear, and Denver Bill also proved great successes. The picture part of the programme is also equally interesting, including as it does the great film entitled "Custer's Last Fight." It is a military drama, full of sensational incidents, showing a struggle waged to death between American soldiers and Red Indians. "The Laugh on Dad" is a fine comic film. The current programme has proved a huge success, and the amusement-loving public should not miss the opportunity of seeing it.

OLYMPIA PICTURE PALACE.

"The Ghost Club," is the star film at the Olympia Picture Palace and the programme is strengthened by another star film entitled "Gloria" in which a Hindoo Rajah is shown enticing an Englishwoman who has proved faithless to her former lover. "Gloria" is full of pathetic incidents and holds the audience spell-bound from start to finish.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Re-opening of the Bombay High Court, after the Christmas vacation.

TUESDAY, January 6.

Meet, Bombay Hunt, Irla.

WEDNESDAY, January 7.

Bombay Art Society, Annual General Meeting, Sir Basil Scott's Chamber, High Court, 5-45.

Meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, 4-10.

B. V. R. Boxing Tournament and Bombay Championship Cup.

THURSDAY, January 8.

Bombay Municipal Corporation 3-40.

Meet, Bombay Hunt, Rifle Butts.

B. V. R. Boxing Tournament and Bombay Championship Cup.

DAILY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8; 8-30; to 9-30; and 10 to 11-30.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; and 10 to 11 p.m.

The Alcazar, Cinema de Luxe 6 p. m. and 10 p. m.

The Gaiety Theatre. 6-30 p. m. and 7-45 p.m.

Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road, 5-15 to 6-45; 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30, and 11 to 12-30 (S. T.)

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

LA SCALA.

The La Scala again had packed houses at their Saturday entertainments, despite the fact that there was no marked change in the programme. Little Mona, Alice Digby, and the eccentric knockabouts, the "Excellas"—the variety turns—again commanded a warn reception, and the pictures proved quite as popular as they did on the previous nights. A feature of the entertainments was the applause which the snapshots of the march of the Natal Indians into the Transvaal was received.

CHARITY CONCERT AT LA SCALA.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR TO BE PRESENT.

A concert and entertainment will be held this evening at 9-30 at the La Scala by special arrangements with the mangement. The concert is in aid of the Indian Christian Women's Friendly Society. A programme of exceptional merit has been arranged and the performance will be under the patronage and in the presence of H. E. the Governor and Lady Willingdon, the Bishop of Bombay, and Mrs. Palmer. Amongst the artistes will be Mrs. Ben Hick Mrs. Halliwell, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Galimidi, and Mr. Dodds. In addition to the concert a farce entited "Brown with an E" will be staged. The concert will commence at 9-30. The management requests that the public take their seats punctually.

The plan is at Messrs. S. Rose and Co., and the prices range from Rs. 4 down to 8 as. The La Scala usual performance will take place at 6-30.

THE EXCELSIOR.

Although this week's programme at the Excelsior does not include a variety turn the programme is by no means uninteresting. The principal film, "The Mills of God," is one of the most powerfully acted films that has been shown in Bombay for a long time. it may be rather melo-dramatic, but it has to be remembered that a film has to be vividly drawn to appeal to the imagination in the absence of the spoken word, and in the treatment of a plot, which cannot be said to be very new the author has shown remarkable ingenuity and a fertile imagination. Of a totally different character is "Tommy's Love Affair." It is crammed full of delightful humour, and the audiences during the week end found in the antics of this precocious infant much food for merriment. "Tommy" is a most charming little actor and should make a name for himself in the cinema world. "How Toto Exacts His Rent," is another very humorous film, not as funny as the longer one, but still sufficiently good to be a most valuable contribution to the programme and then there is of course the "Animated Gazette," without which no cinema programme would be compete. Next week the Excelsior management hope to be able to introduce a strong variety company to Bombay, and the famous Pompeil film will also be a great attraction.

THE ALCAZAR.

The non-appearance of the Claridges at the Alcazar on Saturday proved quite a disappointment to the large audience that filled the theatre on Saturday night, and two films, of no particular merit, were introduced, which together with the Sisters Ormonde filled the gap created by Miss Una Jan and Mr. Claridge. Mr. Reggie Williams was again responsible for much of the fun of the evening. His songs "He Was a Married Man, was well received, and "Let's All Go Mad" again found the favour of his audience. The sketch "The Actress" by Mr. Williams and Miss Diamond, which was first acted on New Year's Day, was again most flatteringly applauded. Mr. Steve Buchingham, who has some catchy chrouses in his repertory succeeded in carrying his audience with him as "the genial comedian," while "Vandeek," the "boneless wonder," appeared in a simple, effective Russian dance, and in his usual acrobatic turn.

The Claridges duly appeared at yesterday's performances and their turns proved as popular as ever.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

The "Famous Battles of Napoleon" are the star attraction at the Royal Opera House. The film chiefly refers to the incidents leading up to the great battle of Jena, in which Napoleon shattered the power of Prussia and which paved the way for his virtual dictatorship over the Continent. The film is full of thrilling incidents, and the one depicting the scene of the meeting between the Emperor and the beautiful and patrotic Queen of Prussia, who very nearly persuades him to spare the Fatherland, is especially tonching. The pictures of the famous battles waged by the Great General are altogether different from any shown in Bombay, a fact which should attract crowded houses. Besides, anything relative to the "Man of Destiny," perhaps the most facinating figure in human history is always interesting. The lighter side of the programme is represented by two side splitting comics entitled "The Passing of the Uncle," and "The Two Rascals," while "Mataras," in which some fine acrobatic feats are seen is also interesting. The Pathe's Gazette concludes the list, which is quite attractive.

IMPERIAL CINEMATOGRAPH.

The Imperial Cinematograph is showing a magnificent society play entitled "The Leaves of Memory," which is 3,500 feet long. It is a splendid film which engrosses the attention of the audience from start to finish. The programme also includes Pathe's Animated Gazette, and "The Carpet Trailer," a fine comic.

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Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTH.

PEPPE.—December 14th, at Ranchi, the wife of G. T. V. Peppe, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

CAROLINE.—January 2nd, at All Saints' Home, Mazagon, Caroline, Sister of All Saints.

PEREIRA.—December 14th, at "Sunny Nook," Samastipore, Isabel, for forty years, the devoted wife of Edwin Hilary Pereira.

SUNDER BAI.—Wife of Mr. Jivandas Pitamber died on Thursday, 1st January, 1914. Deeply regretted by relatives and friends.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Monday, Jan. 4, 1914.

MORE APPARENT THAN REAL.

If we were to trust to the impression conveyed by Reuter's telegrams it would seem as though the Liberal party were at last threatened with a serious split in their ranks. The announcement by the "Daily Chronicle" that Mr. Lord George has been studying the question of armaments and has come to certain conclusions, which are said to be a direct negation of the policy pressed by Mr. Churchill, might indicate no doubt, at the first flush that the Chancellor of the Exchequer has definitely decided to place himself at the head of that section of the Liberal party which favours a reduction in the Naval Estimates, and the Unionist press have quickly accepted this view of the situation. There would thus be a direct cleavage with the two strongest men in the Cabinet, and the two who are most popular in the country, at the head of the opposing forces. Such a crisis would require all Mr. Asquith's energy and tact to prevent an immediate disaster which might put the Unionists temporarily in power, and postpone indefinitely the coming into force of the Home Rule Bill and the continuance of the beneficent programme of social legislation which is as yet less than half completed. The Chancellor's three reasons, according to the "Daily Chronicle," for being of opinion that "the present is the most favourable moment for the la twenty years for overhauling the expenditure on armaments," are hardly convincing. The first is that relations between Britain and Germany are "infinitely more friendly." That in itself is a matter of some dispute, but even if it is so, the friendly relations are purely platonic and have yet to be translated into some practical demonstration on the part of Germany that she is willing to enter into an arrangement,—an invitation that has hitherto been pressed upon her in vain. The second reason is that "continental nations are directing their energies to strengthening their land forces." Well, this has always been the case, but it does not dispose of the fact, with which Great Britain has to deal, that Germany and Austria and Italy are also strengthening their sea forces, and that the extent to which the first-named is developing her navy, constitutes a direct threat to Britain's supremacy on the seas, with which the latter must continue to calculate, even if it involves a continued increase of expenditure. The third reason is that "there is a revolt against organised military insanity throughout Western Europe." That may be so, but it is a revolt that has as yet made but little impression on the Governments either of democratic or autocratic States, which, so far from being impressed by it, are, as Mr. George says, still further strengthening their forces.

We are left in doubt, therefore, as to what exactly Mr. Lloyd George's intentions are. If he merely wishes to place himself at the head of a platonic agitation for the reduction of armaments, which is only to take practical effect in England when the Continental Powers have agreed to co-operate, everyone will wish him well, and his aims will be shared, as they are already, by all right-thinking people. But, if he wants Great Britain to lead the way with some practical action, as is the undoubted desire of a large and active section of his party, we are convinced that he will find the country as a whole is against him, and that, if his view prevails in the Cabinet, the Government will come to grief. There has always been in the Liberal party a strong body of opinion that would ignore the obvious demands of prudence in regard to Imperial defence and would favour a blind reduction of naval and military expenditure. That their influence in the party councils is no less strong today than it ever was is evident from the strongly worded resolution on the subject recently passed at the meetings of the National Liberal Federation. That resolution and the enthusiasm and unanimity with which is was passed, would seem to indicate that, if it comes to a tussle between Mr. Churchill and the "economists" with the Chancellor at their head, the former must go to the wall. But that would not be the end of the struggle. We believe that the existence of the Liberal Government, the first conditon on which they can remain in office, depends on their ability to satisfy the country of their willingness to maintain British naval supremacy at all costs. That is an inevitable condition of the existence of any government in Great Britain. And the moment that there is any indication that the counsels of the "economists" are likely to prevail in the Cabinet, the early doom of the Government is assured. Liberals cannot be so short of memory as to have forgotten the "eight Dreadnoughts" agitation of a few years ago, the extent to which it imperilled the Government, and the ultimate surrender of the Cabinet to the demand of the country that the lead which Germany threatened to assume in Capital ships should be forestalled.

But it has yet to be seen whether Mr. Lloyd George is proposing anything more than a movement for the education of public opinion. As to the immediate necessity for maintaining expenditure, the Chancellor, only as far back as August last, expressed himself in uncompromising terms. Speaking on the third reading of the Finance Bill on August 13, he said

he was genuinely alarmed about the expenditure on armaments, but there was not *the slightest prospect of any reduction; the prospect was all the other way.* The countries of the world were scaring one another into incurring greater expenditure.....*One country alone would not dare a cry a halt*..... Few persons realised how near to disaster Europe had been in the last twelve months.

It cannot be supposed that the Chancellor has so quickly changed his mind as to believe that the necessity for Great Britain to maintain her expenditure on armaments is any less insistent now than it was at the time he made the above declaration. In the absence of a detailed report of the interview in the "Daily Chronicle" it is not easy to speak definitely, but we are inclined to think that, perhaps, the apparent discord between the Churchill and the Lloyd George parties in the Cabinet is more apparent than real. Mr. Churchill recently predicted a further increase of the Naval Estimates. This was followed by the resolution of the National Liberal Federation, referred to above, and the deputation of Liberal members to the Prime Minister to urge a reduction. Something has to be done, no doubt, to placate the "economists" and, while Mr. Lloyd George is leading a crusade against "organised military insanity," Mr. Churchill will no doubt be able to secure the necessary support for his increased expenditure, under protests in which he will join as heartily as anyone. We are inclined to doubt that any such situation as would be likely to involve Mr. Churchill's secession, has arisen,—as the Unionist papers would be glad to believe,—or is likely to arise. But, whatever may be the true facts of the situation, it is clear that for the Government to refuse the demands of the First Lord, backed, as they would undoubtedly be, by his board of experts, would be to court open disaster, and to imperil Great Britain's relations with those Powers with whom she now acts in friendly concert. The comments of the French press on Mr. George's declarations to the "Daily Chronicle" already indicate the concern which has been aroused in France, by the suggestion "to reduce British armaments upon the ground of British friendliness with Germany, while France, another member of the Triple *Entente*, is compelled to endure the immense sacrifice involved in the Three Years' Service scheme besides increasing her Naval Forces in the Mediterranean."

DAY BY DAY.

Their Excellencies' Engagements.

Lord and Lady Willingdon and Party visited Elephanta yesterday. Their Excellencies left the Apollo Bundar at 2-30 in the afternoon and returned about 6-30 p.m. Their Excellencies attend Mrs. Palmer's concert at the Gaiety Theatre, to-night, at 9-30. On Wednesday, Their Excellencies will attend Miss Pike's wedding, at the Cathedral in the afternoon. Lady Willingdon will attend Lady Tata's "At Home" in connection with the National Indian Association at 5-30 p.m., on Thursday. Their Excellencies' engagements for January and February are as follows:—Dinner parties at Government House on the 10th, 17th and 22nd January, and 14th and 28th February; meeting of Christian Women Workers' Union, at 5 p.m., on the 22nd January; St. John's Ambulance Meeting, 4-30 p.m., 23rd January; and a Reception at 9-45 p.m. the following evening. Their Excellencies leave for Sind on the 27th instant, returning on February 10th. There will be a ball on the 20th February and the Establishment Reception, will be held the next day.

Guests at Government House.

The following guests are staying at Government House:—Lady Arthur Butler, Mr. Butler, Lady Alington, Miss Honor Leigh, the Hon'ble A. McDonnell, the Right Hon'ble Sir George Murray, and Lady Murray, Mr. Paulton. The following guests are expected at the end of the week:—H. H. the Maharaja Sir Pertab Singh, Regent at Jodhpur, Major the Hon'ble and Mrs. R. Ruthven, Sir John Fuller, and Mr. Impey.

The Bishop of Mombassa.

The Rt. Rev. Dr. Peel, D.D., the Bishop of Mombassa, who is just now prominently before the public in consequence of the quarrel in the Church arising from the Kikuyn Conference, is in Poona on his way to England. He is the guest of the Rev. L. B. Butcher, at the Church Mission House. The Bishop preached at St. Mathew's Church a few days ago. His sermon was in English, but it was interpreted in Marathi and Tamil by two Indian missionaries.

The Aga Khan.

His Highness the Aga Khan has returned to Poona from Agra and will remain there for a few days to recoup and probably to enchange views with Mr. Gokhale, who himself is somewhat indisposed, on the South African problem. About two thousand Khojas from Bombay demonstrate their devotion to the person of His Highness, who is their spiritual leader.

A Historical Contrast.

History does not always repeat itself, and if the view of the present situation,—arising out of the Lloyd George's demand for a reduction of armaments,—which is taken by the Unionist press, turns out to be true, we should be provided with an interesting historical contrast. In 1886 Lord Randolph Churchill resigned the Chancellorship of the Exchequer because the Salisbury Cabinet would not support him in his proposals to reduce naval and military expenditure. If we are to believe the Opposition journals his son is now about to secede from his party because the Cabinet, led by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, refuses to agree to his demand, as First Lord of the Admiralty, for an increase in naval expenditure. But we have yet to see whether Mr. Churchill is not to have his own way.

New Small Causes Court.

We understand that the proposal to reoccupy the old premises in Princess Street for the Small Causes Court has now been abandoned. Mr. Tribhohandas Mungaldas Nathobhai has placed a large plot of ground, measuring 4,000 square yards, at the disposal of Government for a nominal rent of 60 per annum, and building operations are are in full swing. The site of the building is at the rear of Mr. Tribhowandas's residence in Lamington Road, the frontage being on the Khetwadi Main Road. The premises, which are to comprise one floor only, will it is estimated, cost a lakh of rupees, and should be completed in the month of April.

The Story of a Naval Sensation.

"Truth" publishes, now that Admiral Sir Francis Bridgeman has retired from the Navy, what it describes as the true story of the circumstances under which that distinguished officer's retirement was called for by Mr. Churchill. The sensation caused by the incident at the time, will not have been forgotten. "Truth" says Sir Francis Bridgeman, who though a good and keen strategist, had none of the qualities of a good administrator, but was merely brought in as a stop-gap.

Prince Louis of Battenberg had been definitely settled upon as the successor to Sir Arthur Wilson, and the choice was a good one. But that gallant Admiral has never quite lived down an unreasoning prejudice against his Teutonic ancestry, (which is the only reason why he is not now C. I. C. of the Home Fleets), and it was feared that his appointment to the Admiralty over the heads of several officers who were then his seniors might cause inconvenient and hostile comment. To avoid this Sir Francis Bridegeman was selected to keep the berth warm until the time was ripe for Prince Louis to succeed. Sir Francis Bridgeman himself was not long in discovering the true state of the case. When he did so he naturally was not disposed to throw himself the more heartily into uncongenial work. In point of fact, I believe he never went near the Admiralty at all for about six weeks before he was superseded. Mr. Churchill in due course explained that the gallant Admiral's health prevented his doing justice to himself. All that was the matter with his health was what has been above stated.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and Mill Hands.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, on his arrival here on January 1st, spent the evening of that day in visiting some quarters of Mill-hands and other labouring classes. He was accompanied by Mr. S. K. Bole, Secretary of the Kamgarhitawardhunk Sabha, and Mr. N. M. Joshi of the Servants of India Society. He first went to Chinchpokli and saw some chawls there. Mr. MacDonald said he was unable to understand how these people could live in dingy hovels which were shown to him. When asked as to how the standard of life of the Indian labourers compared with that in the West he said that Indian labourers had no standard at all. He then went and saw the huts of the Municipal sweepers on the site of the old Babula Tank. He was pleased with the neat appearance of the people whom he met there and said that he would rather live in these huts than in the chawls at Chinchpokli and also expressed pleasure at the Co-operative Credit and Educational work among the depressed class of people there. From Babula Tank he went to Tardeo and saw the chawls belonging to the Petits and occupied by the mill-hands working in the D. M. Petit Mill. The place has now become a centre of some social work of the Social Service League and the Servants of India Society, there being now in existence a Co-operative Credit Society, a Night Class, Temperance and Sanitary committees. Mr. MacDonald observed that there was ample scope for work like this in the City, and as regards Co-operative work he remarked that we could never have too much of it. He observed that the sooner Co-operative Stores were started for the people the better it would be for them. He was not a little surprised to find that no Indians were appointed as Factory Inspectors.

The Proceedings Against Mrs. Besant.

As our readers are aware, the suit brought by the father of Mr. J. Krishnamurti and his younger brother against Mrs. Besant for the recovery of the minors, has been decreed by the Madras High Court. Mrs. Besant has obtained leave to apply to His Majesty in Council, and we understand that the appeal will be filed in the Privy Council at an early date. There arises now the question of the execution of the decree. Mrs. Besant says that she has stopped the allowance she has been giving to the minors and has instructed her agents in London to pay them the passage money for their voyage back to India. She says that she has done all that she can, but the minors decline to return to their father. We understand, however, that in spite of this, proceedings are to be started against Mrs. Besant for contempt of court.

A Mnemonic Calendar!

A correspondena favours us with a mnemonic" line "specially composed for the Chronicle," which, according to him, will unable one to find out "in a trice" the day of the week for the current year. The line is:—*Said I, I often met several sages in Europe whom I adored.*" "The twelve words," says our correspondent, "denote the twelve months and the number of letters in each word signifies the date of the month on which the first Sunday falls. For instance, suppose we want to find out what day of the week will it be on the 27th April. Now, April being the 4th month, take the 4th word "often" which contains five letters; therefore, the 5th of April is a Sunday, so is 12th, 19th, and 26th. The 27th therefore is a Monday. Again, suppose it is required to determine the day of the week on the 10th October. Since October is the 10th, month of the year, take the 10th word which is "whom." Now, it contains four letters so the 4th day of that month is a Sunday. The 10th, therefore, is a Saturday, —and so on. "This simple device," triumphantly adds the correspondent, "will make calendars useless." Not quite though! We fancy most people would prefer the cold and easy accuracy of the printed calendar to excessive taxing of the brain by feats of mental arithmetic. But, of course, the mnemonic line is curiously ingenious, and deserves to take rank with the famous "Thirty days hath September," of our school days.

A Sheikh for the Phillippines.

Syed Mohammed Vajech has just visited Aligarh on his way to the Phillippine Isles for which he has been appointed Sheikh-Ul-Islam by Turkey in response to a request from the American Governor. The Sheikh is young, 35 years old, and well versed in Arabic, Turkish, Persian, French and German. He intends visiting Deoband, Bhopal, Calcutta, and Rangoon, and will receive £80 monthly from the American Government, which also has accepted the condition laid down that orders issued by the Sheikh will be taken as if direct from the Sultan.

BRITISH ARMAMENTS.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S VIEWS.

FRANCE DISSATISFIED.

WILL MR. CHURCHILL SECEDE?

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 3.

Mr. Lloyd George's speech on economy in armaments has met with a doubtful reception, both in France and Germany.

The French papers look askance at the proposal to reduce British armaments upon the ground of British friendliness with Germany, while France, another member of the Triple *Entente*, is compelled to endure the immense sacrifice involved in the Three Years' Service besides increasing her Naval Forces in the Mediterranean.

The German papers so far comment little, but have failed in any way to reciprocate the Chancellor's declaration regarding infinitely friendlier relations.

MR. CHURCHILL.

UNPOPULAR WITH LIBERALS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 3.

The Unionist papers are making much capital out of an interview with Mr. Lloyd George in the "Daily Chronicle" on the 1st inst. They declare that he has taken the leadership of the Radicals who are making a dead set against Mr. Churchill's naval policy, and that the question whether Mr. Churchill will secede to the Unionist or form a new party is widely discussed.

The Unionist paper publish extracts from a recent Liberal editorial on the subject of Ulster and the Navy, in order to show that Mr. Churchill is unpopular with Liberals generally.

The above refers to an interview in the "Daily Chronicle" which states that Mr. Lloyd George devoted his holiday at Criccieth to a close study of the Armaments Problem and the Land Campaign and that he authorised the publication of his views.

The paper stated the Chancellor was of opinion that the present was the most favourable moment for the last twenty years for overhauling the expenditure on armaments and for three reasons—firstly, because of the infinitely more friendly relations between Britain and Germany; secondly, because the Continental nations are directing their energies to strengthening their land forces; and, thirdly, because of the spread of revolt against organised military insanity throughout Western Europe. Unless Liberalism, therefore, seized the present opportunity it would grossly betray the trust reposed in it by the people.

Replying to Mr. Austen Chamberlain's criticism of the Government's financial policy, the Chancellor made a notable statement in the House of Commons, in August last, on the subject of the expenditure on armaments. Mr. Lloyd George told the advocates of reduction in armaments that they were not likely to have their way. He was genuinely alarmed about the expenditure on armaments, but there was not the slightest prospect of any reduction; the prospect was all the other way. The countries of the world were scaring one another into incurring greater expenditure. He felt confident that if it went on it would end in great disaster. The inevitable consequence of this expenditure on armaments was a state of things that would goad the people into something which would be a sort of revolutionary protest. One country alone would not dare to cry a halt. He feared that without international co-operation nothing could be done to stop this mad rivalry, which might lead to a great disaster. Parenthetically he said that few persons realized how near to disaster Enrope had been in the last 12 months.

U. S. NAVY.

A QUESTION OF PRECEDENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.

Mr. Daniels, Secretary for the Navy, will ask Congress to create four Vice-Admirals in order to avoid embarrassment to the United States Navy on foreign service. Mr. Daniels points out that Rear-Admiral Cradock, commanding the British warships in Mexican waters, ranks above Rear-Admiral Fletcher there.

COTTON FUTURES.

EXCHANGE TO BE OPENED IN GERMANY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BREMEN, Jan. 3.

The establishment of a Cotton Futures Exchange has been sanctioned. The Exchange will probably be opened at the beginning of February. The clearing house founded in connection therewith will begin operations on Jan. 7th as a joint stock company with a capital of 2,000,000 marks; one million has to be paid up at present.

THE COTTON CRISIS.

SHORTER HOURS IN BELGIAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

GHENT, Jan. 3.

As the crisis in the textile Industry continued, the Belgian cotton-spinners have decided to continue to work short time in January and February.

NATAL RESISTERS.

INDENTURED MEN REFUSE TO WORK.

76 MEN GO TO GOAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

DURBAN, Jan. 3.

Over eighty Indians, of whom seventy-six were indentured labourers in the Pinetown district, were arrested yesterday, for refusing to work and fined ten shillings with the alternative of seven days' imprisonment. They chose to go to prison and were lodged in Durban Jail.

THE COMMISSION TANGLE.

A COMPROMISE SUGGESTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Jan. 3.

Mr. Gokhle has received the following telegram from Mr. Gandhi, dated January 2:—"The Revds. Andrew and Pearson have arrived and were accorded a most cordial reception by the Indian community. They had a very rough passage.

We are now trying to secure the addition to the Commission of at least one European member, in whose impartiality we have confidence. The planters, if necessary, are to be allowed to nominate one on their side. I sincerely hope India will support us in this. Pray ask all not to be over-anxious on our account. We had discovered on our release that a large number of our community had shown unexpected powers of endurance and suffering, and we were astonished at the unlooked for ability shown by indentured Indians without effective leadership to act with determination and discipline. We are quite cheerful in our calamity, preparing for, and awaiting, events."

Mr. Gokhale has also received the following cablegram from Messrs. Polak and Kallenbach:—"We move among Europeans, including responsible Pressmen. Privately or publicly they recognise the justice of the Indian demand in regard to the Commission."

MR. GOKHALE'S RESOLUTION POSTPONED.

The following communique has been issued in the Legislative Department:—

"The Hon. Mr. Gokhale has, with His Excellency the Viceroy's approval, postponed the moving of his resolution regarding the treatment of Indians in South Africa.

NATAL COAL DISPUTE.

IMMEDIATE STRIKE THREATENED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 4.

The Natal coal workers threaten to strike on Jan. 7th unless a settlement is concluded in the meantime.

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 3.

The Labour Party states that the Natal mine owners have conceded most of the men's demands, and the prospects of a settlement are hopeful.

DOCK LABOURERS AS STRIKE-BREAKERS.

PORTSMOUTH UNION MEN PROTEST AGAINST RULES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 4.

At a mass meeting held to-day at the gates of Portsmouth dockyard, protests were made against the new regulations regarding transfers which are considered to be a blow to trades-unionism as they may oblige men to act as strike-breakers in other places.

LINKING EAST AND WEST CANADA.

NEW TRANS-CONTINENTAL RAILWAY LINE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WINNIPEG, Jan. 3.

Mr. Mackenzie, the President of the Canadian Northern Railway, yesterday morning, near White Otter Rivers, drove the last spike of the new line connecting East and West Canada. The line will be completed to the Pacific next summer, giving the Dominion two trans-continental lines.

COTTON MAGNATE'S BEQUESTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ACCRINGTON, Jan. 3.

The cotton magnate Mr. Haworth left £153,475. He bequeathed large legacies to the managers of his mills.

PRISON RIOT.

CONVICTS FIRED ON BY GUARD.

MANY CASUALTIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CAIRO, Jan. 3.

A mutiny occurred to-day at Tourah convict prison. The prisoners attacked their warders and badly mauled some of them. Finally the prison guard was obliged to fire a volley at the mutineers. Four were killed and 50 wounded.

MEXICAN REBELLION.

HALF STARVED REFUGEES FROM BATTLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PRESIDIO, TEXAS, Jan. 3.

Two thousand Mexican refugees including half-starved women and children and some federal soldiers have rushed across the river seeking protection in the United States from the battle at Ojinaga.

HEAVY REBEL LOSSES.

After four days, the Rebels at Ojinaga have withdrawn to await ammunition, the Federals entrenched on the heights having repelled the Rebel charges. It is now announced that the Rebel losses are very heavy.

The Federals have hanged seven Rebels as a warning.

TURKEY'S DREADNOUGHT.

STATEMENT IN GREEK PARLIAMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ATHENS, Jan. 2.

M. Venizelos, the Premier, speaking in Parliament to-day, confirmed the purchase of the Dreadnought by Turkey.

He was unable to inform the House as to what steps Government were taking or had already taken to ensure Greek supremacy in the Aegean. He could only assure the Chamber that Greece was determined to maintain her supremacy and that Greek naval authorities were absolutely calm.

TURKISH CABINET,

ENVER BEY AS WAR MINISTER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 3.

The Young Turk, Enver Bey, has been appointed Minister of War and Colonel Duemal Bey, Minister of Works.

A GREEK LOAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ATHENS, Jan. 3.

A Bill providing for a loan of £20,000,000 has been submitted to the Chamber, the loan to be issued at 5 per. cent. to be redeemable at 50 and to have a minimum price of 87¾. Certain revenues are assigned as security.

A JUTE-SPINNER'R FORTUNE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 3.

The jute-spinner Mr. Mathewson left £225,000.

HONOUR FOR A CRACK REGIMENT.

NORTH AMERICAN WAR RECALLED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 3.

The army orders of January give notice that the King has approved of the Black Watch and Rifles bearing upon their regimental colours the honorary distinction "North America 1763-64" in recognition of their services rendered during the war against the Red Indians.

THE ADJUTANT GENERAL.

UNAUTHORISED REPORTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 3.

The War Office announces that statements in the newspapers concerning the appointment of adjutant-general are unauthorised and inaccurate.

TROPICAL DISEASES.

£72,000 FOR LONDON SCHOOL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 3.

The fund raised by Mr. Austen Chamberlain for a London School of Tropical Medicine is closed. The sum obtained is £72,000.

INNOCUOUS BOMB.

DARING OUTRAGE NEAR CALCUTTA.

MISSILE HURLED INSIDE VILLAGE THANA.

POLICE OFFICERS' NARROW ESCAPE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

Yet another bomb outrage in Bengal is reported, the bomb used being of the type of that thrown at the Viceroy at Delhi, which was supposed to have been manufactured in Calcutta.

It seems that on Tuesday night, about seven o'clock, two police officers were seated in the thana of Bhadreswar, a village twenty miles up the river from Calcutta, when a missile was suddenly thrown through the open window with considerable force.

No explosion fortunately occurred; the men rushed out but it was pich dark, and they were unable to discover the perpetrators. No arrests have been made as yet, but Mr. Hutchinson of the C.I.D. has been making investigations upon the spot.

The Bengal bombs are made up in tobacco tins clamped with a hoop of iron and bound with wire. The last one was thrown at a police officer at Midnapore and this fortunately also failed to explode.

From a later message it appears that two sub-inspectors, two head-constables, two writer-constables and several constables were engaged in their duties when the bomb was thrown into the station. Had it burst the loss of life must have been extensive.

The shell contained knife blades, nails, etc.

Search has been made for the culprits without success.

ALLEGED BOMB FACTORY.

POLICE SEARCH CALCUTTA HOUSE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

The hearing of the bomb factory case was resumed to-day in the Alipore Court when further formal evidence was taken of the police search of the premises in Circular Road.

The first witness was a local Bengali, who had been taken by the police to witness the search, and he testified that the police had nothing with them when they entered the premises. He also identified a number of the articles which were taken possession of by the police on that occasion. These included a bundle of hoop-iron, also clamps cut from it and supposed to have been used for stiffening the outside of the bombs, also tobacco tins, spirit stove phials and other materials alleged to have been used in the manufacture of explosives.

The court premises were closely guarded, but hardly anybody but those concerned in the case attended the proceedings.

The six accused are Bengalees of the student type, two of them looking like lads in their teens or early twenties, and the remainder being older. Two are bearded and look to be about thirty.

A European named Thompson said he was in Writer's Buildings when a Mr. Cowley brought in a bomb, which he said had been thrown at him. The bomb produced tallied in appearance with the bomb which was shown to him. It was cylindrical in shape with a short funnel at one end.

A Police-inspector from Sylhet identified some pieces of tin, a piece of lead and a number of pins which were picked up after the Moulvi Bazar explosion.

The sub-inspector of police at Ezra Thana, in Midnapore, identified the fragments collected after the Midnapore explosion.

The court rose soon after 1 p.m.

SLAVERY IN S. AMERICA.

PROPOSED ACTION BY BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 2.

Replying to a memorial from the Anti-Slavery Society with reference to slave-like labour in South America and other tropical regions and the responsibility of the British companies thereanent, Mr. Asquith says the question of consolidating and extending the Slave Trade Acts is engaging the serious attention of Government which will also carefully examine the reports received in response to the Foreign Office White Paper.

(The white paper referred to urges Consuls to report any details appearing to indicate that labour conditions for which Britishers are responsible are unsatisfactory.)

UNITED NIGERIA.

KING GEORGE'S INTEREST IN HER FUTURE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 2.

On the occasion of the amalgamation of the Nigerias, the King has telegraphed to Sir Frederick Lugard requesting him to convey to the Emir's people his best wishes for their future happiness and prosperity and an assurance of the great interest his Majesty takes in their welfare.

INDIANS AND HIGHER APPOINTMENTS.

BILLETS FOR PROVINCIAL SERVICE MEN.

REVISED SCHEME FOR BENGAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Jan. 3.

The following resolution has been issued in the Home Department:—

Prior to the creation of the Bengal Presidency, as now constituted, and the Provinces of Bihar and Orissa and Assam, the following appointments ordinarily filled by members of the Indian Civil Service were included in the list of appointments open to members of the Provincial Civil Service in Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam.

"Bengal, superior appointments,—(a) Headships of Districts, 3; (b) District and Sessions Judgeships 4; (c) Junior Secretaryships to the Board of Revenue, 1. Inferior appointments, undersecretaryship to Government, 1.

Eastern Bengal and Assam, superior appointments,—(a) Headships of Districts 2; (b) District and Sessions Judgeships, 3. Inferior appointments,—(c) Junior Secretaryship to Board of Revenue, 1; (d) Under-Secretaryship to Government, 1.

On the reconstitution of the Provinces in April, 1912, the Government of India made the following redistribution of the listed appointments subject to confirmation by the Secretary fo State for India. Superior posts, Bengal 7, Behar and Orissa 5, Assam 1, total 13. Inferior posts (Under-Secretaryship to Government) Bengal 1, Bihar and Orissa 1, total 2. The appointment of Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Bengal, has been recently abolished and in the Province of Bihar and Orissa there is only one Secretary to the Board of Revenue. One additional superior appointment has, however, been made over to the Provincial Civil Service in the Bengal Presidency in lieu of the appointment of Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue and a new post of District and Sessions Judge, recently created, has also been assigned to the Provincial Service in view of the fact that the whole question of listing appointments has been for some time under consideration and will doubtless be reviewed afresh by the Royal Commission on the Public Services in India. The Government of India do not consider it necessary at this stage to insist upon the specification of the precise number of each class of superior appointments to be listed in the Bengal Presidency and in Bihar and Orissa, and the Secretary of State's approval has been obtained to the listing of the following appointments in the three provinces:—

Bengal Presidency, superior appointments (Headships of Districts or District and Sessions Judgeships) 8.

Inferior appointments (Under-Secretaryship to Government) 1.

Bihar and Orissa, superior appointments, 5. Inferior appointments 1.

Assam, superior appointment (District and Session Judgeships) 1.

The Government of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa will be at liberty, as circumstances may demand, to vary within these totals the number of each class of superior appointments to which the members of the Provincial Civil Service are actually appointed. The Governor-General in Council is also pleased to declare with the Secretary of State's approval that the following rates of pay shall be attached to the several appointments in question, when held by officees of the Provincial Civil Service:—

Headships of Districts, 1st grade Rs. 1,600; 2nd grade, Rs. 1,200; 3rd grade, Rs. 1,000. (2) District and Sessions Judgeships, 1st grade Rs. 2,000; 2nd grade Rs. 1,600; 3rd grade Rs. 1,200 (3) Under Secretaryship to Government Rs. 700.

"INDIAN SPECTACLES" IN LONDON.

HINDUSTANI SYNDICATE GOES INTO LIQUIDATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 4.

The Indian spectacle at Earl's Court has been definitely abandoned, though it is stated that there is a prospect of it being revived at the London Opera House in a month's time.

Meanwhile, the Hindustani Spectacle Syndicate which has been promoting a spectacle has decided to go into liquidation, and a distress committee has been formed to relieve the performers of whom 25 are Indians.

UGANDA RAILWAY.

MORE FUNDS WANTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 3.

In a long letter to "The Times," Mr. Frederic Shelford, the engineer, emphasises the success of the Uganda Railway, which, nevertheless, is starved for money and asks why the British Government cannot guarantee reasonable interest on needful funds as any South American State does for its railways.

THE MAHARANI OF KAPURTHALA

Her Highness the Maharani Saheb of Kapurthala arrived in Bombay on Friday afternoon and is staying at Haroon Manzil, the residence of Hajee Haroon at Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Road, Bandra.

DINNER PARTY AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Their Excellencies the Governor of Bombay and Lady Willingdon gave a dinner party at Government House on Saturday, to which the following had the honour of being invited:—

His Excellency Rear Admiral R. H. Peirse, C.B., M.V.O., Commander-inChief of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels, East Indies' Station; Mrs. Peirse; Miss Peirse; Miss Wyllard; Miss Beresford; Flag Lieut. Hamer, R.N.; Secretary Andrew J. Carter, R.N., H.M.S. "Swiftsure"; the Hon'ble Mr. Abdul Hussain Adamji Peerbhoy, Additional Member of the Bombay Legislative Council; the Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalvad, Additional Member of the Bombay Legislative Council; the Hon'ble Mr. F. L. Sprott, Additional Member of the Bombay Legislative Council; Mrs. Sprott; Mr. Henry D. Baker, Consul for America; Mr. R. Woolcombe, Colonel Commandant, B. B. & C. I. Railway Volunteers; Mrs. Woolcombe; Miss Woolcombe; Mr. A. Montagu Brigstocke, I.C.S., Accountant General, Bombay; Mrs. Brigstock; Lieut.-Colonel H. O. Vincent, Royal Artillery; Lieut.-Colonel P. P. Kilkelly, I.M.S., Ophthalmic Surgeon, Grant Medical College; Lieut.-Colonel A Young; Mr. O. Allen Harker, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay; Mr. R. H. Brooke, Managing Director, The Bombay Company, Ltd.; Mrs. Brooke; Mr. A. K. Graham, Merchant; Mrs. Graham Mr. A. L. Davies, Director, Millar's Timber and Trading Co.; Mrs. Davies; Mr. H. P. Hebblethwaite, Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co.; Mrs. Hebblethwaite; Captain R. W. de C. Rennick, 95th Russell's Infantry; Mrs. Rennick; Mr. M. P. Dilworth, the Sherwood Foresters; Mr. C. Bowes Lyon, Engineer, Messrs. Turner Hoar and Co.; Mr. Cowasji Jehangir; Sardar Davar Kaikhoshru Edalji Modi; Mr. N. N. Wadia; Mrs. Wadia; Mr. F. F. Gordon, Editor and Proprietor "Advocate of India".

The following members of the House Party were also present:—The Hon'ble A. McDonnell; the Lady Arthur Butler; Mr. Butler; the Lady Alington; Miss Honor Leigh; the Right Hon'ble Sir George Murray, P.C., G.C.B., I.S.O.; the Hon'ble Lady Murray; Mr. Paulton; the Lady Mabelle Egerton; Miss Egerton; Mr. C. C. Watson, C.I.E., I.C.S.; Mrs. Watson and His Excellency's Staff.

AMERICAN EXPLORER INTERVIEWED.

ENGLISH RACE FAVOURED BY MAHOMEDANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 4.

The explorer Mr. William Geil has just concluded a tour in Asia Minor and Egypt. In an interview with Reuter's representative he said, he believed that the English were higher in favour to-day with Mahomedans than any other race.

Well-informed Mahomedans had informed him, that they understood that the Imperial Government's attitude during the recent war was not connected with religion.

Mr. Geil starts shortly on an expedition to the Shan States.

William Geil the distinguished explorer is a Fellow of the American Geographical Society. Crossed Africa; penetrated as far as Mount Douglas in New Guinea; visited the Dyacks in Borneo; visited the D'Entrecasteaux Archipelago; crossed China from Shanghai to Burma; followed the Great Wall of China from the Yellow Sea to Tibet; visited the Koko Nor; visited Australia, Friendly Islands, Samoa, Fiji, Friday Island, New Zealand, Timour Japan, Corea, Siberia; visited all the capitals of China. Mr. Geil has published a number of interesting works on his travels.

SOMALILAND EXPEDITION.

AN UNFOUNDED REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 2.

Reuter learns that there is no question of an expedition to Somaliland or of any change in the Government's policy. It is possible that the report of change of policy originated in some question of despatch of reliefs from India to replace the troops at present at Berbera.

KING OF SIAM'S BIRTHDAY.

KING GEORGE'S CONGRATULATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 2.

By command of the King, the Master of Ceremonies to-day called on the Siamese Minister to offer congratulations on the occasion of King Vajiravudh's birthday.

Sir Edward Grey and High Court dignitaries left cards.

RUSSIAN ESPIONAGE LAW.

STRINGENT PRECAUTIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 2.

The recently adopted Espionage Law empowered the Council of Ministers to prohibit the publication of military and naval items considered undesirable. The Council has now issued a list of such items, thus practically preventing the publication of any naval and military news whatever, except promotions and estimates.

OPINIONS OF THE DAY.

The Danger in India.

"The Times."—We begin to-day the publication of a short series of articles on the present situation in India, from the pen of one well qualified to discuss the subject in the light of intimate knowledge. Again and again in recent years we have reluctantly felt it our duty to call attention to the dangers which increasingly threaten the security of British rule in India. The series of articles we have from time to time published have been from the pens of various writers, and it may save unprofitable speculation if we say at once that the present series is the work of another but thoroughly experienced hand. We may be asked why we think it necessary continually to revert to the problems of unrest in India. The answer is that, though the outward manifestations of unrest are intermittent, yet it is always there, it grows more difficult to deal with as the years pass, and it should steadily be taken into account in any consideration of the future of the British Empire. There was one conspicuous lull in the activities of those in India who are hostile to British rule. They remained comparatively quiet during the year which preceded the visit of the King-Emperor and in the year which followed it. The extraordinary and unquestionably sincere expressions of loyalty which attended His Majesty's visit proved that our difficulties in India are not insoluble, and that the strongest link which binds India to Great Britain is the devotion which the people are still willing to accord to a just and beneficent hereditary ruler. Nevertheless we said at the time, and again urge, that the demonstrations which marked His Majesty's visit should not be taken to indicate that unrest is at an end. We predicted that it would again be revealed, and the present series is designed to show the degree to which it has recurred.

The South African Enquiry.

"The Statist."—The question is one of the very gravest importance to the whole Empire, not merely to India, nor to South Africa, nor even to both together with the United Kingdom. It affects the interests of every portion of the Empire, as, indeed, every reader knows who takes cognisance of what goes on from time to time, say, in Canada and in Australia. Most sincerely, then, do we hope that the proceedings of the Commission will inspire full confidence in India that the truth will be brought forth. When that is established we trust that it will be found possible to make such arrangements as will prevent really undesirable immigrants crowding into South Africa, but, at the same time, will not put an unconstitutional or unreasonable limit upon the free movement of the Indian subjects of the Crown. The papers of Thursday morning which made the gratifying announcement of the appointment of this Commission also reported that a great audience, embracing the leaders of every section of the Indian community, assembled at the Town Hall in Bombay the preceding day, under the presidency of the Aga Khan, to express sympathy with the British Indians in South Africa. We are told in the telegram giving us this information that the speeches indicated the imminent danger to the Imperial idea contained in the present situation; the depth of Indian resentment at the sufferings of Indian women, and the attack on Indian monogamous marriages; and, lastly, the magnitude of the services which the Viceroy has rendered to India and to the Empire by the espousal of the Indian Cause. If, then, the Commission so conducts its inquiry as to satisfy opinion everywhere that the truth has been revealed we may hope that we shall be able to conclude that all is well that ends well.

Servants and Masters.

"The Nation."—There is, we think, a better way out of the dilemma, and that is to give to employees better assurances for redress of grievances and considerate treatment than the existing methods of administering public businesses afford. The high, stiff tone adopted by Mr. Samuel is not attuned to the sprit of modern democracy. The heads of our official services, State or municipal, are too apt to assimilate the spirit of absolutism which still prevails in the older order of "masters." If they could be got, or made, to realize that they were public "servants," they might recognize that their fellow-servants upon lower grades ought to have a direct voice in determining the conditions of their joint service, and that the notion that it is their function to give orders and impose conditions, that of their fellow-servants to obey those orders and conform to those conditions, is not compatible with an enlightened conception of democracy. In other words, we believe that the time has come when the Post Office and all public departments should seriously consider the claim of their employees to be represented in the control of the work they are called upon to do. This representation is quite consistent with the maintenance of the supremacy of the wider public interest, and it is urged not primarily as a right, but as the best available means of securing peace, order, and efficiency in the future working of our public departments.

END OF AN EXTRAVAGANT LIFE.

At the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, on Saturday morning, Mr. G. F. Chalk the Coroner held an inquest on the dead body of one Jetsi Nensi, a Hindu aged twenty-four. The deceased, who used to reside with his uncle at Modikhana, was employed as a clerk to a merchant. He was a very extravagant man and given to dissipation. His uncle often advised him not to spend his money in this manner, but to pay more attention to his work. He was addicted to the habit of taking opium. He was found lying unconscious in his bed on Thursday night, and was removed to the G. T. Hospital where it was ascertained that he was suffering from the effects of opium poisoning. He died at the Hospital on Friday.

The opium vendor from whom the deceased used to purchase opium, stated that the latter had bought half a tola of opium from him on Thursday.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

MARATHA EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

Photo by J. M. Jayakar, Bombay. *Block by "Bombay Chronicle."*

Seventh Maratha Educational Conference held at Nasik on the 28th, 29th and 30th December, 1913. Bai Janaba addressing the meeting on female education, H. H. the Maharajah of Dhar, President, in the centre.

BROOKLANDS AGREEMENT.

DIFFICULTY OF NEW SETTLEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 2.

It is reported in Manchester that there is no immediate prospect of a new agreement to replace the Brooklands agreement. Neither masters nor employees are prepared with proposals. The workers, notably the Cardroom and Spinners Amalgamations, are divided. It is understood that if there is *rapprochement* between the two Amalgamations, masters will be willing to discuss the terms of the new agreement which both sides admit is necessary. The two amalgamations will meet separately shortly to consider their action.

THE TRUST EVIL.

ACTION BY J. P. MORGAN & Co.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 2.

Messrs. J. P. Morgan and Co. announce that they have severed their connection with some of the greatest corporations in the country with which they have been long associated. They say they have done so voluntarily in response to the change in public sentiment and owing to the problems and criticisms regarding the so-called interlocking of directorates.

M. POINCARE.

VISIT TO THE CZAR IN SUMMER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan 3.

It is announced in Paris that President Poincare will probably go to Russia in the summer, accompanied by a battle fleet.

A return visit by the Tsar is also expected.

LOOPING THE LOOP.

AVIATOR'S PERILOUS FEAT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 3.

Mr. Hamel looped the loop at Hendon yesterday with Miss Trehawke Davies as passenger. This was the first occasion on which the feat has been performed with a passenger.

MONTREAL'S WATER SUPPLY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MONTREAL, Jan. 3.

The conduit has again been repaired.

DEATH OF A BOMBAY NURSE.

Deep regret is felt in nursing circles at the news of the death of Sister Caroline of the All Saints' Home at Mazagon, and great sympathy is felt for her bereaved relatives and by her numerous friends. Sister Caroline who was for many years in charge of the St. George's Hospital as well as the Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy and other hospitals in Bombay, had been ailing for the past week and eventually succumbed to the sickness. She was a very popular nurse and a great favourite in all these institutions.

A BURNING FATALITY.

Gowribai, a Hindu girl residing with her parents on Slater Street, was on New Year's Eve standing near a paraffin lamp in her house, when a part of her saree caught fire, burning her severely about her body. She was treated at home by her parents but the injuries proved fatal and she died on Saturday last.

CHURCH QUARREL.

CHURCH ASSOCIATION SUPPORTS BISHOPS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 2.

The Council of the Church Association is writing to the Bishops of Mombasa and Uganda to express sympathy and support.

THE PRIMATE ON THE CONTROVERSY.

LONDON, Jan. 3.

On December 31, Mr. Ian Malcolm wrote to the Archbishop of Canterbury, stating that many laymen were of the opinion that the dangerous controversy in the Press would cease if the Archbishop of Cauterbury published his intention regarding the nature of the court which would hear the matters raised by the Bishop of Zanzibar's Open Letter regarding the Kikuyu Conference.

The Archbishop replied on the 1st instant, that he entirely shared the laymen's feelings concerning the mischief arising from the exuberant, and sometimes heated, controversy evoked by the Bishop of Zanzibar's letter.

The Archbishop continued: "My disappointment is great that efforts to expedite his return to England have been so fruitless. I have been in correspondence with the Bishop of Zanzibar, but have no specific information regarding the exact request he desires to submit to me. It is my duty and my wish to secure that at the proper time the Bishop of Zanzibar shall have an ample opportunity of laying his case before the proper ecclesiastical authority."

(The Church Association represents the views of the extreme section of Protestants in the Anglican Church. It was instituted in 1865 to maintain the principles and doctrines established at the Reformation and to preserve the purity of Protestant worship in the Church; to visit all innovations in the order of the service as prescribed by the joint authority of the Church and State, all attempts to restore the use of the confessional and every exercise of that priestly authority which was put down at the Reformation).

CRICKET IN SOUTH AFRICA.

THIRD TEST MATCH IN PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 2.

The test match was resumed in cool weather. South Africa continued their innings but only totalled 151, Hearne taking five wickets for 49 and Barnes three for 26. England went in again and had scored 117 for three when stumps were drawn. Mead is not out with 54 to his credit.

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 3.

At the conclusion of play in the test match the Englishmen were all out for 308, including 86 by Mead and 77 by Douglas, and South Africa had made 124 for none, Taylor and Zulch being not out 53 and 66 respectively.

WEATHER REPORT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Jan. 4.

Some snow reported from Kashmir but elsewhere weather has been dry. Temperature is normal everywhere except for an excess in Simla hills and a defect in Burma.

Forecast:—No large change.

SHERWOOD FORESTERS BOXING TOURNAMENT.

The sporting public of Bombay will be glad to learn that the Sherwood Foresters are having another tournament, commencing on the 7th of this month. The sporting exhibitions at the April tournament are sufficient guarantee of the quality of the boxing, and a large crowd is sure to be attracted to the Cooperage, on the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th. Among those who will take part, we understand, are the following champions:—

Pte. Sadler, K.S.L.I., ex-feather Weight Champion of India.

Lc.-Cpl. Miles, Light Weight Champion of India (holder).

Pte. M. C. Ginn, 7th D. G. Welter Weight Champion, 9th Division.

Pte. Fisher, Cameron Highlanders, Welter Weight Champion, 6th Division.

Stoker Knowles, H. M. S. Pelorus, Leading Seaman Carsting, H. M. S. Swiftsure.

Inspector Melville, Middle Weight Champion of Bombay.

Volunteer Kubes, Middle Weight Volunteer Champion, Bombay.

There will be two contests, each night, besides eight other fights, particulars of which appear in our advertisement columns. Seats are: Reserved, Rs. 3, or Rs. 8 for whole tournament. Unreserved Rs. 2 and 1. Soldiers, Sailors and Volunteers will be admitted at half price to the latter seats. Seats can be booked at Messrs. McAlpin.

SIMLA TELEPHONE SYSTEM.

VARIOUS IMPROVEMENTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Jan. 3.

The fitting up of the automatic telephone exchange at Simla is progressing steadily and from all accounts it is understood that the transfer from the old system will be effected in time for the forthcoming Simla season. The system which is of the stronger type of automatic is simplicity itself. So far as subscribers are concerned, there will be no operators at the Central which does away with all the trouble hitherto experienced, of being accidentally cut off while connected. Secrecy is also ensured which is an important factor of the automatic system. Subscribers desiring to call up others operate a dial numbered from one to nought and with the operation on the dial of the last digit of the called subscribers' number, connection is established and the bell at the called station then starts ringing and continues to ring until the subscriber answers. This however, is entirely at the will of the caller. Should he not feel inclined to wait until the called subscriber answers, he may disconnect himself by replacing his receiver in its place when the bell at the called station ceases ringing and when it would be useless for the called subscriber to answer as he would get no one.

DELHI GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

SPLENDID BUILDING WITH DOMES AND TOWERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

Writing from Delhi, the "Englishman's" correspondent says, "The present plans for Government House in the new capital contemplate a splendid building with domes and towers, costing half a million sterling to build. The Commander-in-Chief's house, on the other hand, is put down at four or five lakhs.

THE BANK OF MADRAS.

MADRAS, Jan. 3.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Bank of Madras held last evening a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum with a bonus of 2 per cent. was declared. Rs. 100,000 were transferred to the reserve fund, Rs. 75,000 written off premises and Rs. 206,825-5-2 carried forward.

RANGOON PILOTS' GRIEVANCES.

L.-G. REJECTS MEMORIAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Jan. 3.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor have been issued on the memorials of fourteen licensed pilots of the Port praying that a small committee be appointed to enquire into the present state of the service and to report what changes are necessary.

His Honour has had full and careful enquiry made by a special committee into all the matters connected with the administration and grievances referred to by the the memorialists, and after considering the evidence recorded, is satisfied the memorialists have no legitimate cause for complaint, both as regards their remuneration and the administration of the service by the Port Commissioners. On the other hand it has been clearly shown that a deplorable state of indiscipline exists in the pilot service which calls for immediate remedy. The Lieut.-Governor is considering the necessary measures to ensure proper discipine in the service. As to salaries, they are considerably higher on an average than Government has decided to be suitable and represent more than an adequate remuneration for the duties the men perform.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Jan. 3.

Lieut. R. H. Allen, 93rd Battery, R.F.A., at Hyderabad is appointed a company officer at the Royal Military Academy.

Major Bishop, No. 12 Company R.G.A., Tynemouth, will embark for India on January 21, on posting to No. 79 Company, R.G.A., Bombay.

Major A. Houston, R.F.A., will sail for India on January 21, on transfer to the 44th Battery, R.F.A., Bellary.

2nd Lieut. K. W. Harvey, 121st Battery, R.F.A., New Ridge, is posted to the 81st Battery, R.F.A., Kirkee.

Lieut.-Col. E. R. Morton, 56th Rifles, is permitted to retire from November 27, 1913.

Lieut.-Col. Poingdestre Indian Army, will retire from January 28 1914.

Lieut. Davidson, 10th Gurkhas, has been selected for appointment to the King's African Rifles in Somaliland.

BUTCHERS AND COW-KILLING.

END OF CALCUTTA STRIKE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

As a protest against a new Municipal regulation known as the Prime Cow Fee, which imposes a tax of Rs. 10 upon the slaughter of each prime cow, the fee in regard to other stock being annas four the butchers of Calcutta have combined in refusing to slaughter any more cows until the tax has been removed. The effect of this decision has been that not an ounce of beef has been procurable, while the prices of other meat and poultry have advanced from 20 to 50 per cent. above normal.

LATER.

The strike terminated this evening, the men agreeing to give a trial to the arrangement under which Rs. 10 per head is to be paid for each prime cow slaughtered. If the new regulation inflicts any hardship on them, it has been agreed that an inquiry shall be made by the Corporation with a view to removing the grievance.

DAILY MORTALITY RETURN.

One death from plague and one death and one attack from small-pox were reported in Bombay City during the 24 hours ended at 6 a.m. on Saturday. The total mortality from all causes was 100, as compared with 74 of the corresponding period of 1912, and 131 of 1911. Out of a total of 1,885 rats caught by the Municipal rat-catchers on Friday last, 20 were found to be plague infected. Mandavi alone accounting for no less than nine of the latter.

EGYPTIAN PRINCE'S VISIT.

MOSLEM DEPUTATION WELCOME HIS HIGHNESS.

A deputation from the Anjuman Ziya-ul-Islam waited upon His Highness at the Taj Mahal Hotel at 6-30 p.m. to welcome him in the name of the Moslems of Bombay.

The members of the deputation were introduced by Mr. M. Y. Kaderbhoy (Bar.-at-Law).

His Highness after having conversed with Mr. M. Y. Kaderbhoy in English enquired as to the objects of the Anjuman Ziya-ul-Islam which were fully explained to him.

His Highness also addressed a few words to Khan Sahib Mohmed Ali Morghe, Chief Kazi of Bombay, and to Mr. M. H. Makba.

Mr. Fakhar-ul-Mohaqaqin then read an address in Arabic which was the honour of the occasion.

The Deputation withdrew after having garlanded His Imperial Highness and presented him with bouquets.

The members of the Deputation were:—Khan Sahib Kazi Mohmed Ali Morghe, J.P. (Chief Kazi of Bombay); Messrs. M. Y. Kaderbhoy (Bar.-at-Law); M. H. Makba; Fakhar-ul-Mohaqaqin; Sheikh Khalid Yoosaf; Yoosafali Alibhoy Jeewanjee; Molvi Abduraofkhan (Hon. Secy., Anjuman Ziya-ul-Islam); Hamid Ahmed; Sayed Mehmood.

"CITY OF POONA."

The Ellerman Line s. s. City of Poona, Commander J. R. Rae, which left Liverpool on the 18th ultimo with the following passengers, is due to arrive here early morning of the 6th instant when her passengers will be landed at the Ballard Pier about 8-30 a.m.:—

LIVERPOOL TO PORT SAID.

Cornwall, Miss; Johnston, Miss J. R.; Gani, Mr. Paul E.; Hillary, Mr.; Hillary, Mrs.; Jones, Mr. Fred. G.

LIVERPOOL TO SUEZ.

Hunter, Miss M. de P.

LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY.

Andeen, Mr. M. C. and 2 infants; Back, Mr. J.; Bonar, Miss B. C. Brander, Mr. C.; Brindle, Mr. W.; Burrows, Mr. W. E.; Collins, Mr. F. T.; Conville, Mr. K. N.; Conville, Mrs.; Dunbar, Capt. J. Cameron; Gilroy, Mrs. (Senior); Gill, Mr.; Greenhorne, Miss J.; Harden, Miss; Hill, Mr. Wm.; Hodgson, Mr. R. D.; Hodgson, Mrs.; Hogarth, Mrs. W. H., infant and nurse; Mesurier, Mr. J. Le; Mesurier, Mr. B. G. Le; Macdonald, Mrs.; Martin, Mr. Eric; Mitchell, Miss; Newall, Mr. Percy; Pate, Rev. John; Percival, Mr. G. H.; Plummer, Mr.; Roche, Mrs.; Roche, Miss; Roche, Miss; Saunders, Mr. W. M.; Saunders, Mrs.; Saunders, two Misses; Scott, Mrs. E. and infant; Slane, Miss M.; Story, Miss A. L.; Thomson, Miss; Thompson, Mr. J. L.; Wiles, Mrs. G., child, infant and nurse.

LIVERPOOL TO KARACHI.

Anderson, Miss E. M.; Ness, Mrs. D., child and infant.

MARSEILLES TO BOMBAY.

Addis, Mr. F. H.; Addis, Mrs.; Bertram, Mr. J. N.; Blair, Mr. J.; Brewin, Mrs.; Bryning, Mr. W. J.; Bryning, Mrs.; Cumberland, Major C. A.; Goddard, Mr. C.; Greenwood, Mr. W.; Hamilton, Mr. C. J.; Iles, Dr. Mary; Kemp, Miss L. P.; Kemp, Miss E. C.; Payne, Mrs. Lloyd; Mackenzie, Mr. S. N.; Maydwell, Capt. H. S. L.; Minck, Mr. H.; Neilson, Mrs. and child; Partridge, Mr. C. H.; Partridge, Mrs.; Pearson, Lt.-Gen. Sir Alfred; Pearson, Lady; Robinson, Major H. A.; Scuffelt, Miss; Tosh, Mr. H. S.; Turner, Mr. F. C.; Turner, Mrs.; White, Mr.

MARSEILLES TO KARACHI.

Colston, Major H. K.; Colston, Mrs.; Giles, Mr. E. D.; Ross, Mr. J. A.

BOMBAY HARBOUR.

NEW LIGHT ON KARANJA REEF.

The Port Officer, Bombay, notifies that from the beginning of the New Year a light is being exhibited from the beacon marking the Karanja Reefs situated on the eastern side of Bombay Harbour. The light is a fixed white one and is visible from S. 39deg. W. through South, East and North to N. 11deg. W. (magnetic) and eclipsed in other directions. The height of the lantern is 33 feet above H. W. S. and is visible from a distance of six miles The light will be exhibited during the fair season only.

MOTOR CARS IN DISTRESS.

Sir,—When passing the Mahim Causeway some weeks ago I met a car, which was broken down. Apparently they had left their tools behind and were therefore unable to effect a repair. Naturally I assisted them and lent the necessary tools to enable them to carry out the repair. I have been waiting for the return of the tools ever since, but so far in vain. With this experience I shall know what to do in future when I meet a car in a similar state. If this letter meets the car-owner who was good enough to carry off the tools, he will know what great services he is doing to motorists in general.—Yours, etc.

CAR OWNER.

BOMBAY SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

In the Social Service League Free Dispensary, at Babula Tank, Mazgaon, 690 boys 348 women and 246 children, were treated from the 1st August to 31st December last, making a total of 1,284.

Messrs. Moreshwar Wasudeo and Bhagwantrao G. Rele have given a Donation of Rs. 25 to the Dispensary, and Sheth Pestanji D. Khan has promised to supply Medicines required for the Dispensary and has ordered the same from England. Dr. B. V. Rayakar is in charge of the Dispensary.

VICEREGAL LODGE NEWS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Jan. 3.

Lady O'Moore Creagh Sir Harcourt and Lady Butler, Captain Creagh, the Hon. Mrs. Spence and Major Spence, and Captain Buxton dined at Viceregal Lodge last night.

Mr. Lionel Abrahams left Viceregal Lodge to-day.

Lady Hewett, Miss Hewett, and Colonel R. Gordon arrived at Viceregal Lodge to-day. Admiral Sir Edward Slade and his Flag Lieutenant will arrive to-morrow.

SOUTH AFRICAN STRUGGLE.

THE CENTRAL FUND.

	Rs.	as.	P
Amount previously acknowledged.	2,01,961	14	0
Through the Hon. Mr. G. K. Gokhale, C.I.E.	32,500	0	0
Through Lady Dhunbai Cowasjee Jehangir for Ladies Fund as under:—			
Messrs. Tata and Sons	1,000	0	0
Mrs. Sakai	500	0	0
Mrs. K. Nawrange	379	0	0
The "Gujarati" being the 5th instalment of contribution collected from the subscribers and readers of the "Gujarati"	1,683	10	0
The "Bombay Chronicle", being the amount collected by the paper (9th instalment)	1,500	0	0
The Porebunder State, through Mr. Nagindas G. Mody	1,000	0	0
The "Bombay Chronicle", being the amount collected by the paper, (10th instalment)	1,000	0	0
H. H. the Maharajah Holker, Indore, through Mr. H. Natarajan	1,000	0	0
The "Bombay Chronicle", being the amount collected by the paper, (11th instalment)	1,000	0	0
The Deccan Nationalists and others through the "Kesari", Poona being the 2nd instalment,	1,000	0	0
Messrs. Tata Sons and Co., (through Mr. K. Natrajan, being the amount collected by them from the employees of their Mills	701	0	6
Mr. Goekernath Mirra (Secy. S. A. Indian Fund, Oudh) through Mr. K. Natarajan.	700	0	0
"Karachi collections", 2nd instalment, through Mr. Durgadas B. Adwani, Architect, Karachi	652	4	6
The "Gujarati", being the 4th instalment of contributions collected from the subscribers and readers of the "Gujarati"	628	9	0
Dnyan Prakash Fund, Poona, 2nd instalment	600	0	0
The Poona South African Committee, through Mr. C. S. Deole,	600	0	0
Collections of the "Praja Bandhu Office Africa Fund" Ahmedabad through the proprietor Mr. T. P. Thakor	600	0	0
H. H. the Raja of Bansda (camp Bhinar)	500	0	0
The H. H. the Maharajah Saheb of Bhownager	500	0	0
Mr. Hiranand Khemsing, Secy. S. A. Indian Fund, Hyderabad Committe, through Mr. K. Natarajan (2nd instalment)	500	0	0
The Manager of the Bomanjee Petit Mills	353	10	9
H. H. the Maharani of Bhownagar	300	0	0
The Editor "Gujarati Mitra", Surat, for the "Gujarat Mitra Newspaper Fund, through Mr. N. M. Joshi	300	0	0
Mr. Krushna Pegu	300	0	0
Kaachhi and Nagaria, two sections of Modh Baniya of Bombay, through Mr. Shah Kanjee Vaghjee	218	8	0
H. H. the Maharani of Panna	200	0	0
Seth Hukamchandjee (through Mr. Dalvi)	200	0	0
Rai Bahadur Kasturchandjee through Mr. Dalvi)	200	0	0
Seth Kalyanmaljee (through Mr. Dalvi)	200	0	0
Mr. Wadilal Motilal Shah	158	11	0
The Malwa United Mills (through Mr. Dalvi)	151	4	0
Rao Bahadur V. N. Pathak, being the 2nd instalment of the subscriptions paid by the people of Satara	125	0	0
The Bhart Hitaishi Library, through Secy. and Cashier (Jharia E. I. R.) (Manbhum District)	120	0	0
Messrs. Thakersi Muljee and Co., through Mr. K. Natrajan, being the amount collected by them from the Hindustan Spg. and Mfg. Co., Ltd.	104	12	0
The Vyaparottejak Co., (through Mr. Tillu)	101	0	0
Amreli collections, through. Mr. Harilal Govindjee Parekh	100	0	0
Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, through Mr. Dalvi	100	0	0
The Central India Medical School, through Mr. Sarjuprasad	80	0	0
Through Mr. Chhotalal Karsandas Muljee	80	0	0
Mr. Luchman Das Contractor, being the 1st instalment of the subscriptions from the Indian Public at Tangoo	80	0	0
Gandharva Mahavydyalaya performance, through Mr. Pandit Vishnu Digambar Paluskar	75	4	0
Messrs. Thakers Muljee and Co., (through Mr. K. Natarajan, being the amount collected by them from the Indian Mrg. Co., Ltd.	70	0	3
The Hon. Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Kt., being the amount collected from the operatives of the Fazulbhoy Mills, Ltd.	58	0	0
Mr. Pestonjee B. Mehta, Proprietor, America India Cinema Bombay	50	0	0
Mr. Morarjee Jairam Naranjee, through Mr. K. Natarajan	50	0	0
Dr. P. R. Bhandarkar (through Mr. Dalvi)	50	0	0
Dr. V. R. Sukhtankar (through Mr. Dalvi)	50	0	0
Collections of a benefit-performance given by the Arya Niti Darshak Natak Samaj, Bombay	50	0	0
Through Mr. H. D. Majumdar, Ajmere	40	0	0
Collections from the "Arya Prakash Africa Fund", Bombay	35	8	0
Mr. Laxman Trimbuk (Ahmednagar)	35	0	0
Through Mr. Vishwas A. Pitale.	30	4	0
Srimat Savitrabai Saheb (through Mr. Tillu)	25	0	0
Through Mr. N. B. Barhwalla, the collections of the "Gujarati Mitra Mandal Library," Raipur (C. P.)	25	0	0
The members of P. R. C. Hotel, Cocanada	52	8	0
Through Mr. H. R. Sanul	21	13	0
Dr. Sarjuprasad (through Dr. Sukhtankar)	20	3	0
Collections of benefit performance given by the Arya Niti-Darshak Natak Samaj	20	0	0
Lt. R. B. Jadhava (through Mr. Dalvi)	15	0	0
Lt. V. B. Jadhava (through Mr. Dalvi)	15	0	0
Mr. A. K. Vakil (through Mr. Dalvi)	15	0	0
Through Mr. Odhavjee Tulsidas Thakkar	14	11	0
From Mr. Mehta Vithal Punamchand, Antwerp	14	1	0
From Mr. Mehta Mangaljee Bhojraj, Antwerp	14	1	0
Mr. Cowasjee S. Cooper	11	8	0
Through Mr. Vinayak Narayan Manohar	11	0	0
Dr. S. G. Ranade, Bombay	10	0	0
Mr. V. G. Dalvi	10	0	0
Rai Bahadur Major Dube (through Mr. Tillu)	10	0	0
Mr. Thakur Lachmansing (through Mr. Tillu)	10	0	0
Mr. M. G. Kamadia (through Mr. Tillu)	10	0	0
Mr. V. G. Apte (through Mr Dalvi)	10	0	0
Mr. and Mrs. Atmaram Jadhava (through Mr. Dalvi)	10	0	0
Mr. P. B. Jadhava (through Mr. Dalvi)	10	0	0
Through Mr. Sorabjee Cursetjee Bhaya	10	0	0
The Boys of the G. T. H. School, (through Mr. N. V. Thakore, Bombay)	10	0	0
Sums under Rupees Ten	188	6	3
Total Rs.	2,55,107	6	9

THE CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 5TH OF JANUARY, 1914.

Before The Hon'ble The Chief Justice and The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor.

In the Division Court No. 52.

Appeals for hearing and final Disposal.

34-13—577-11—Daphtary F and D The Indian Bank Ltd v. Haji Mahomed Haji Mahomed and ors. Ardeshir H D & Co.

10-13—815-12—Unwalla P & P Jasraj Foaji v. Abdul Rehman Haji Sulleman Abdul Wahed and ors Matubhai J & M Payne & Co.

28-13—224-12—Payne and Co Messrs R D Cooper & Co a firm v. Framji Pallonji Talati Shroff D & D.

11-13—1190-12—Hiralal & Co Hari Bapu Lupne v. Motabhai Dhanjisha Darukhanawalla Pestonji R K & Co.

43-13—720-13—Matubhai J & M Kashibai Widow and anr v. Bai Bhaugubai Widow and anr. Ardeshir H D & Co Unwalla P & P.

44-13—706-13—Pestonji R K & Co The Gokuldas Cullianji Cotton Press Co Ld v. Shripad Govind Ranaday Madhowji K & C.

46-13—31-13—Nanu H & Co Ramdas Mulji v. Valoobai Widow Madhowji K & C.

47-13—917-12—Vachha and Co Bapuji Doosabhoy Patel v. Cassumali Jairajbhoy Peerbhai and anr Payne & Co.

48-13—1093-12—Vachha & Co Maneckchand Oonkarji & anr v. Narmadashanker Harjiwan Hiralal & Co.

49-13—585-11—Shamrao M and H Lakhmiram Kevalram v. Pitamber Akheram Jamsetjee R & D.

50-13—716-12—D J Mantri Shamsherkhan Innooskhan v Sulleman Joosub and anr Smetham B & Co.

58-13—1336-12—Muljі and Th. Bachoo Harkisondas v. Nagindas Bhagwandas Edgelow G W & Co.

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar.

In the Division Court No. 40.

Suits for hearing and final Disposal.

Long Causes.

223-06—Payne & Co The Advocate Genl. of Bombay v. Moosa Haji Hassam & anr Bhaishanker K & G Part Heard Matubhai J and M.

621-13—Jamsetji R and D Ramkissondas Gopaldas v. Shyamlai Mohanlal Madhowji K & C Part Heard 16-12-13

For Hearing on Exceptions Com's. Report.

407-12—Malvi H M and R Bharmal Shripal a firm v. Hamirmal Ratanchand Chitnis M & K.

Long Causes.

236-13—Mulla & M Minocher Merwanji Pavri & anr v. Pestonji Dhunjibhoy & Co a firm and ors Wadia G & Co.

79-13—Judah and S (for a pauper) Manaji Jaganath Bhatkr v. Laxman Ramji Bhatkr and ors Purmanand & Co. (For a a pauper.) Smetham B & Co.

1180-12—Jamsetjee R & D Raghunath Premaji Co a firm v. Shivnarayen Parbhulal Edgelow G W & Co.

783-12—Judah and S Balaji Dhondiba Dhore & anr v. Pandooji Rowji Dhore and ors. Jamsetji R and D.

51-13—Mulla and M Messrs Khimji Meghji a firm v. Jamnabai widow and anr. Dastur and Co.

509-11—Ardeshir H D & Co Esmail Molla and anr v. Haji Abdul Latiff Mahomed Habib Suffeney & ors Pestonji R K & Co. Little & Co. Payne & Co.

230-13—Khunderao L & M Babulal Bhagwandas v. Alli Mahomed Gulam Husein Manecklal & T.

259-13—Dikshet & P Shejmal Maguaji v. Janardhan Balkrishna Bhatodekar and anr Sabins and G.

300-13—Dastur and Co Hathibhai Cullianji v. Versey Poonji and anr. Madhowji K & C Motichand & D.

332-13—C P D'Cunha Krishna Ramji and ors v. Essaji Moosaji Jehangir and S.

342-13—Nadirshaw & D Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy v. Rahim Jusub Shroff D & D.

982-13—Payne and Co Damodhar Ramchandra v. Bai Nanibai Jehangir & S.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.

In the Division Court No. 53.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

S C CT 349/13452-13—Bicknell M R & Co N Joachimson and ors. v. Keshowji Dewkaram Mulla and M As part Heard 20th Dec. 1913.

For Hearing on Exceptions of Com's. Report.

551-11—Payne and Co Tyabally Hassanally v Moharambai widow and ors Jehangir G & B Judah & S Chitnis M & K.

Long Causes.

859-12—Bhaishanker K & G The Lakhmidas Khimji Spg. & Wg. Co Ld. v. Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal Bicknell M R & Co.

261-12—Sabins and G Goomansing Chainsing v. Prithiraj Jethmal a firm Shroff D and D.

498-13—Dikshit & P Magauda Ranchhod and ors v. Manecklal Ghellabhai Manecklal and T.

513-13—Wadia G & Co Kana Massingjee v. Vedibai Tyabjee D and Co.

573-13—Bick. M R and Co. Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal v. Messrs Adamji Peerbhoy and Sons a firm Edgelow G W & Co.

102-13—Malvi H M & R Tribhowandas Narrotamdas Malvi v. Abdualey Hakimji Pagdiwalla & anr, Surjmal & Co.

S C 817-13—Mulla and M Bachubai Jehangir Guzdar Mukri Makhdum Moolla Surajmal and Co.

869-13—Surajmal and Co Mukri Makhdum Moola Bachubai Jehangir Guzdar Mulla and M.

186-31—Unwalla P & P Laxibai v. Tribhowandas Hargowandas and anr Purmanand & Co Hiralal and Co.

795-12—Sabnis and G Anandrao Narayen Rege v. Haji Oomer Haji Esmail Raghavaya N & Co.

1349-12Madhowji K & C The Advocate Genl. of Bombay v. Ramdas Mulji Nana H & Co.

88-13—Unwalla P & P Goculdas Dayram Master v. Jaffer Mahomed Gulam Hoosein and anr. Jehangir M & S.

79-12—Malvi H M and R Binjraj Buldevdas and ors v. Berdichand Prithviraj and anr Payne and Co.

1350-12—Ardeshir H D & Co Damji Hirji & Co a firm v. Manecklal Govindji and ors Edgelow G W & Co.

340-13—Soonderdas & Co Jamnadas Harkhji and ors v. Moledina Haji Kassam Ludha Bhaishanker K & G.

183-13—Unwalla P & P Himutmal Munji and ors v. Kunjbihare Govindrao Joshi and ors Khunderao L & M.

S C CT 512/18658—12 Little and Co Moosa Ebrahim v. Daba Abba Jooma and ors Sabni and G Payne & Co.

849-11—Matubhai J & M Jayantilal Ramdas v. Kissondas Ghanshyamdas & ors Man J H & Co.

1145-12—Mulla and M. Pandooji Rowji v. Giacomo Bettoni and anr. Bicknell M R & Co.

1344-12—Payne and Co Messrs W Wolf & Sons a firm v. Noorbhoy Moosaji a firm and ors Raghavaya N & Co.

478-13—Madhowji K & C Rattansi Narrotam v. Kalianji Narotam and ors.

1298-12—Sunderdas & Co. Shri Moonoo alias Muttoo Bettiji Maharaj v. Purshotam Ambalal and anr Edgelow G W & Co.

416-13—Captain and V Abdul Khan Hasankhan v. Abdul Hamid Mahomed Ismail In person.

266-13—Captain and V Noor Mahomed Haji Mahomed Ibrahim v. Abdulla Mahomed Tar and ors Payne and Co. Wadia G and Co. G and Co.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.

In the Division Court No. 43.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

377-13—D J Mantri Jagannath Dharma v. Jamnabai widow and anr Jehangir M & S Part Heard 15th Dec. 1913.

190-13—Madhowji K & C Goculdas Karsandas v. Valivahu Widow Unwalla P & P Part Heard 15th Dec. 1913.

403-13—Captain and V Lakhamsey Hirji Meisheri v. The All India United Insurance Co Ld. Payne and Co. Part Heard 15-12-13.

Matrimonial Suit.

818-13—Purmanand & Co Phulmasih Ratanlal v. Mary Martin Phulmasih & anr. F P Pavri.

Commercial Cause.

1181-12—Wadia G & Co. A W Champbell v. Prabhudayal Sukhdevbux & ors. Malvi H M & R.

Long Causes.

S C CT 731/27983-12—Daphtary F & D Hirji Mulji and anr v. Punja Jairam Madhowji K & C.

885-13—Mulla and M Manjibhoy Karimbhoy v. Haji Ahmed Haji Hassam Dadu and ors Surjmal & Co Jehangir G & B.

246-12—Matubhai J & M R D Sethna v. Bibi Fatma Sultan alias Bibi Khookeek Shamrao M & H.

862-13—Bhaishanker K & G The Poona Bank Ld. v. The Aachen & Munich Fire Insurance Coy. Crawford B & Co.

95-13—Ardeshir H D & Co Bai Lakhmibai Widow v. Arjun Khimji and ors. Tyabji D and Co Madhowji K and C.

996-11—Mulla and M Bandeyali Ebrahim Posaya v. Messrs. Sallay Mahomed Abrahim a firm Shamrao M and H.

1157-12—Amin and Desai Chaganlal Ambaram v. Choonilal Bapoo Dikshit and P.

249-13—Dubash & Co Mangaldas N Motiwalla v. Abdull Razack Haji Sulleman Abdul Wahed & ors Payne & Co.

84-13—Kanga and S Essabhai Abdulally v. Abdul Kader Sullemanji Payne & Co.

1090-1—2Tyabjee D & Co Raichand Ruttonji v. Panachand Govindji & ors. Mancher-shaw & N.

204-13—Malvi H M and R Shamchandra Rampertab v. Wild and Co. a firm Little and Co.

IN THE HIGH COURT GF BOMBAY IN INSOLVENCY.

BOARD FOR WEDNESDAY THE 7TH OF JANUARY 1914.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.

431-13—Walter Dunn v. Hunsa Futtabji & Co. Crs. No. 2 Himatmul Pratapmul and Co. Crs. No. 4. Dubash and Co. Part Heard. Payne and Co 19th Nov. 1913.

684-12—Maganmul Handamul Joshi v. Goverdhandas Visondas and others Crs. No. 1 Little and Co.

ANGLO-INDIAN SNOBBISHNESS.

NEW IDEAS IN INDIA.

An "Anglo-Indian" writes in the "Daily Mail":—

The truth about India has never been better expressed than in the sentence you quote from Mr. Fielding Hall—"India is lost to us in spirit already, and it only awaits the opportunity to be lost to us in substance also."

The point I wish to make in this letter is that the cause of this estrangement is not Anglo-Indian Government, but Anglo-Indian society.

The arrogance and snobbishness of the Anglo-Indian is a festering sore in the body of the public of India.

It is a lamentable fact that even to-day no Indian gentleman can enter a first-class railway carriage in which there is an Anglo-Indian without running the risk of being insulted.

No Anglo-Indian club will admit an Indian, however high his rank or culture.

When the Amir of Afghanistan visited India, he was officially styled "his Majesty" and recognised by the Government as a ruling Sovereign. In Bombay the Chief Justice, Sir Lawrence Jenkins, took him to the races, and on the way gave him lunch at an Anglo-Indian club. A meeting was called to consider the incident, and a resolution passed condemning the introduction of an Indian visitor. The Amir was the honoured guest of the Government, but to the Anglo-Indian he was a native, whose presence was pollution to his club.

This snobbish arrogance reacts on the quality of the administration, for it makes the governing class a caste apart, and out of sympathy with the people; and the advent in this generation of what Schopenhauer calls "the lady nuisance" has not improved matters. The successful civilian is not the man who knows his people, but the man who has drawing-room accomplishments and petticoat influence. It is he who rises into the inner secretariat circle of a government that is becoming every day more centralised.

Nevertheless, it is not the Government that the Indian hates, for on the whole it is a good Government. His only quarrel with the Government is that it is reluctant to fulfil its pledge to admit the Indian to an equal share in the administration of the country. But he knows that this reform will come in time, and he is content to wait.

What the Indian does resent is that it is a social disqualification to be an Indian. He feels that the governing caste has made him an outcast in his own country.

We thought the Mohammedans were our friends. So they were twenty-five years ago, when they were uneducated. Since then a new generation has arisen, which has been educated and which claims a social recognition which is denied it.

Haran Chandra Bannerji, Sub-Inspector of Police, and Ananda Thakur, contable of Barisal, have been sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of bribery brought by Ban Behary Bannerjee officiating Inspector of Police. On appeal the accused have been released on bail.

ALL INDIA NEWS IN BRIEF.

Major Buchanan Brigade Major, Rangoon, met with an accident while at Kyaukpan manoeuvres recently, sustaining a strained leg my his horse rolling on him.

Mr. Venegradoff, Professor of Jurisprudence of the Oxford University arrived at Trivandram on Friday last, and left the next day.

Her Highness the Senior Ranee of Travancore, Sothu Lakshmi Bai, hvaing attained her majority has assumed the direct management of her estates.

Mr. Henry Marsh, late Chief Engineer for Irrigation in the United Provinces, has completed his engagement in the Argentine and returns to England in January, after an absence of two and a half years.

Sir Thomas Holland, late head of the Geological Survey in India, goes out to Australia in July as President of the Geological section of the British Association. On returning from Australia in September, he hopes to take the opportunty of paying a brief visit to friends in India.

Sunday, the 28th ultimo., being the anniversary of the death of H. H. the late Maharaja of Mysore a large distribution of alms among the poor of the neighbourhood took place at the Mysore Memorial Temple, Kalighat. About 3,500 beggars assembled at the appointed hour and none were sent away empty handed.

The Punjab Moslem Press continues to be the recepient of official attention. Securities of Rs. 3,000 and of Rs. 2,000, have been demanded from the "Badar" of Quadian and the "Nasim-i-Hind" of Rawalpindi, respectively, the former on account of the objectionable tone of its writings and the latter for starting a Press.

The Central Hindu College, Benares, will celebrate its 15th anniversary on the 10th and 11th of January under the Presidency of H. H. the Maharaja of Darbhanga. According to the usual practice the annual meeting and the dinner of the Old Boys Association will also be held at the same time.

Purnachandra Das, a Calcutta College student, alleged to be the ringleader of the dacoity gang wanted by Madaripur police in connection with the Gopalpur and Kawakuri dacoities, who had been absconding, surrendered on Tuesday night to the Sub-Divisional Majistrate in his bungalow. It is said he came direct from Calcutta.

A conference of the professors of history in the colleges situated within the jurisdiction of the Punjab University has met for several days. The origin of the conference is due to Professor Ramsay Muir, of the Liverpool University, who has come out to the Punjab for the cold weather, together with Professor Smithells of Leeds, to deliver a series of lectures in the University.

Her Excellency Lady Hardinge of Pensburst has decided to give, out of the funds which have been collected for a Medical College for Women at Delhi, a certain number of scholarships for lady students who may wish to join that institution, when it is opened. It is proposed to allot 18 scholarships of Rs. 30 a month each, tenable for two years. Four scholarships are allotted for students who are residents of the Presidency of Bengal.

The Governor in Council, Bengal, has been pleased to declare his approval of the appointment, by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, of Mr. R. P. Gibbes, a member of the Colonial Civil Service and at present employed as Emigration Agent at the Port of Calcutta for the Government of British Guianna, to be, in addition to his present duties, Emigration Agent at the Port of Calcutta, aforesaid, for the Governments of Trinidad, Fiji, Jamaica and Mauritius, with ecect from the 1st instant, vice Mr. A. Marsden, transferred.

On Tuesday last, Mr. E. Keays, Second Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, delivered judgment in the case in which N. L. Banerji was charged with cheating Amarendranath Biswas out of a Government promissory note for Rs. 1,000, which was alleged to have been given to the accused by the complainant as deposit money for a post advertised in one of the local dailies., and said to be vacant at the Bishnupore, Raj Estate, and which note the accused accepted without appointing the complainant. After the remaining witnesses had been examined the Magistrate discharged the accused.

Principal F. W Bain of the Deccan College writing to the "Times of India," complains of the dropping of History and Economics from the Bombay University course for the B. A. The consequences, he affirms, are inevitable and disastrous. Under the old system when History and Economics were compulsory the students that came out of the University were in some measure at least equipped with information and principles on which sound political judgment could be based. Students will now go forth without such preparation, without "the one thing needful, a knowledge of the past and present of the world."

Recently a serious dacoity was committed in the house of a wealthy money-lender named Dwarkanath Gope of Karampur village, in the Tipperah district. The gang, composed of about a dozen were armed with guns, swords, and other weapons. They ransacked the house with the help of lighted torches and severely assaulted the inmates. They broke open the safe and looted cash and jewellery valued at about Rs. 10,000 It is reported that the villagers who had collected on the spot were kept at bay by the incessant firming of guns by the dacoits, who retreated at the sound of a bugle blown by the ringleader.

The report of the Calcutta Zoological Garden for the year 1912-13 indicates that this institution is growing in popularity. The receipts from paying visitors show a steady increase, and the financial condition of the Garden is regarded as satisfactory. The number of paying visitors during the year was 656,402, which exceeded the number in the previous year by 27,251; and, in addition to these, 62,222 persons visited the Garden on the free days. The population of the Zoo has been increaseded by gifts from many donors, and by births; it has also suffered some serious losses including the whole herd of kangaroos, which had been a great attraction to the public.

SUSPECTED MURDER.

WOMAN DISCOVERED LYING DEAD IN A POOL OF BLOOD.

SHOCKING REVELATION IN A HUT.

Information was received by Superintendent Coxen, yesterday morning, that the dead body of an old woman, name not known, was found lying dead in a hut belonging to one Ramabai, at Worli Road. Superintendent Coxen accompanied by Sergeant Fitzgerald, immediately repaired to the spot and discovered that the body was smeared all over with blood and had a rope tied tightly round the neck.

The body was found on a matting, covered over with a saree. Near by, was a currey stone weighing about a maund, stained with blood. A box of clothing belonging to the murdered woman was also found broken open and all the wearing apparel were lying on the ground. It is surmised that theft was the motive for the murder. Two neighbours residing next door stated to the police officers that they heard no noise, nor was any alarm raised.

The police surgeon who was called on the scene ordered the body to be removed to the morgue where a post mortem examination is to be held to-day.

No arrests have been made, but the police are busy instituting enquiries.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO POISON HUSBAND.

Parwati, a Hindu woman and the wife of one Gungaram Limbaji, was on Saturday last placed before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad at Mazagon charged with attempting to murder her husband. The prosecution story, was that the accused who had had a quarrel with her husband recently, prepared his meals for him (her husband) on Friday and asked him to eat. On partaking of the food the complainant felt a bitter taste in it and spat it out. Shortly afterwards he grew giddy and began to vomit. He questioned his wife as to whether she had mixed anything in the preparation but she denied having done so. On looking into the food, however, the complainant noticed a white powder inside. Growing suspicious, and moreover having observed his wife talking to two men named Gopal and Krishna a few days previously, he went and informed the Police of what had accused. The accused stated that she had been given the white powder by Gopal and Krishna to mix in her husband's food and was told that it was a medicine. Gopal and Krishna have bot been arrested and the case stands remanded pending the report of the Chemical Analyser to whom the food has been sent for examination.

NEW'S YEAR DAY AT HAJIRA.

New Year's Day was celebrated at the Late Justice Nanabhai Haridas's Sanitarium at Hajira (near Surat) where a schoolboys' athletic sports competition was held and prizes distributed to the winners in the morning by Mr. F. Anderson, Collector of Surat. The Sanitarium was crowded by the school children; and numerous visitors. After the distribution of prizes, sweets were distributed to school children. After the singing of the National Anthem, cheers were given for the King-Emperor and the Queen-Empress.

FATAL OCCURRENCE.

A DOCK LABOURER'S SHOCKING DEATH.

Piaru Rahimutbhoy, a Hindu dock labourer employed on board the P. and O. Company's steamer China, in Victoria Dock, was on Saturday night loading manganese ore when he met with a fatal accident. It appears, the deceased had climbed up a ladder in the hatch, when the crane which was hauling up the bucket would not work. Some labourers tried to swing the slings when the bucket slipped off and fell on the deceased killing him on the spot.

An inquest was held on his dead body, yesterday, when the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

THE HINDU UNIVERSITY.

FUND EXCEEDS 41 1-2 LAKHS.

The following contributions towards the Hindu University Fund have been received from November 16 to December 31st last:—

Brought forward Rs. 27,76,141-13-10; Gore Lal Chunni Lal, Hoshangabad, Rs. 5; Shanker R. Dalvi, Bombay, Rs. 25; Hon. Chatan Singh, Ajmere, Rs. 21; Sarju Narain Singh, Bhagalpur, Rs. 5; Bhubhaneshwar Pd. Vama, Bhagalpur, Rs. 5; Fakir Chand, Bareilly, Rs. 2; Bisheshwar Nath, Allahabad, Re. 1; Har Gobind Das, Lucknow, Rs. 50; Sukhdeo Pd. and Swami Dayal, Lucknow, Rs. 111; S. N. Tadari, Cawnpur, Rs. 100; R. B. P. M. N. Sheopuri, Benares, Rs. 50; Vinayak Shastri, Benares, Re. 1; Girdhari Lal, Benares, Re. 1; Kripa Ram, Mallah, Rs. 100; Jagannath Pd., Nuao, Rs. 50; Baldeo Singh, Mursdan, Rs. 350; The Hon. L. Sukhbir Singh, Mozaffarnagar, Rs. 5,000; B. Mrityunjoy Roy Choudhuri, Calcutta, Rs. 101; Shyam Lal, Bahraich, Rs. 200; Sakhi Chand, Patna, Anna 1; A Hindu, Agra, Rs. 115; Seth Jai Dayal, Sitapur, Rs. 500; Collections from Sitapur, Rs. 2,754; Collections from Sitapur, Rs. 2,754; Collections from Debra Dun, Rs. 117; Collections from Meerut, Rs. 850; Collections from Naini Tal, Rs. 1,342-15; Collections from Kheri, Rs. 200; Collections from Darbhanga, Rs. 12-9; Collections from Sitapur, Rs. 2,754; from Nuao, Rs. 275-9-3; Collections from Sitapur, Rs. 78-1-6; Jagannathenu,Tiruvur, Re. 1; Raja Saheb of Deara, Rs. 255; Gokulchand Jagannath, Hathras, Rs. 100; Thakur Pd., Nuao, Rs. 100; Atal Behari Lal, Nuao, Rs. 250; Bishwesar Nath, Fyzabad, Rs. 150; Lachmi Narain, Debra Dun, Rs. 2; Behari Lal Bakhtawar Singh, Debra Dun, Rs. 31; Brijmohan Sahai,Garakhpur, Re. 1; Churamani Mahto, Patna, Re. 1; Lachmi Narain, Patna, Re. 1; Sri Ram, Muzaffernagar, Rs. 20; Sitla Sahai, Lucknow, Rs. 5; Pateshwari Pd., Basti, Re. 1; Ajodhiya Pd., (on his neice's marriage), Sikohabad, Rs. 5; National Honor, Patan (Guzrat), Rs. 5. Total Rs. 27,89,533-2-5.

Valuation of perpetual annuities of Rs. 48,000 granted by Jodhpur, Kashmire and Bikaner Darbar at 3½ per cent., Rs. 13,71,428-0-0. Total Rs. 41,60,961-2-5.

WOMAN LOST ABOVE THE CHANNEL.

M. SALMET'S PERIL.

DESPERATE FIGHT AGAINST THE WIND.

Probably the most exciting journey in the history of aerial touring was the cross-Channel flight made on Sunday Dec. 14, by "The Daily Mail" airman, M. Salmet, who carried with him as passenger the Hon. Mrs. Assheton-Harbord, the well-known balloonist.

M. Salmet and his passenger started from Hendon the previous morning almost on the inspiration of the moment, under the most favourable weather conditions. Before they had gone far on the way to Folkestone they ran into a fog, which grew denser and denser, and at last compelled them to interrupt their journey at Folkestone for the night.

They started off again across Channel at 11-30 on Sunday morning with a south wind of about twenty-five miles an hour, which was gradually increasing in strength. And then began a game of hide-and-seek in the clouds, to which more than a spice of grim danger was added, and which was vividly described by the airman himself.

"I started flying on a course laid for Boulogne at a height of 3,000 feet, so as to be above the clouds," he said, "but as it was impossible for me to tell up there how much leeway I was making in the rising wind, I came down through the grey cloudbank to look for a ship as a landmark on the tumbling white-crested Channel below. I caught sight of a fishing smack, and to my surprise I found that I was being blown almost at right angles to my course. I turned nearly due south-west, and began to fly into the teeth of the gale. Even now I seemed to be making practically no progress.

"The fog closed round me once more. I flew on, my brain whirling with rapid calculations as to the allowance I must make for the wind so as to hit the French coast near Boulogne where it turns to the south. The planes throbbed and quivered with the violence of the wind. An hour passed; I had expected to take no more than half an hour for the crossing. My petrol supply would last two hours at most. I began to be anxious.

"Strain my eyes as I would through the mist bank, I could see no ship, only the cold, hungry, leaping waves of the grey Channel. In fair weather one has always the resource in case of accident on a Channel crossing of planing down alongside a ship and being picked up. But yesterday I knew that no ship would see us. The minutes passed. Still no sign of the coast. There could be no more than half an hour of petrol now. When the petrol was finished there would be nothing for it but to gide gently down into the rough sea below.

"I am not easily frightened, but a moment came when I said to myself: 'This is the end. It is all over; and the thought that I had a passenger and she a woman made it, naturally, far worse. At last I caught sight of a ship to windward. I must make for that, I said to myself, and when the petrol does give out alight as close to her as possible, in the hope that she will pick us up before the aeroplane goes under. We were making slow progress towards the ship against the gale when I caught sight, on my left hand, of a black mass looming through the mist. I turned the aeroplane towards it, and in a few minutes, to my inexpressible relief, I saw the cliffs.

"We landed. It had taken us one hour and thirty-five minutes to cross the Channel. Had we remained for another half hour lost in the fog it would have meant taking to the water.

"As the engine stopped I turned to look at Mrs. Assheton-Harbord. She was blue in the face with cold, but she cried 'How splendidly interesting it has been!' 'Interesting,' I said, 'for me it was almost too interesting.'

"As a matter of fact I had turned too much down Channel in the fog, and instead of landing near Boulogne, we struck the coast only at Dieppe. After a great deal of trouble in getting a supply of petrol on Sunday we flew on at dusk to Isneauville, near Rouen, and by walking for nearly an hour, found the most obscure of country inns to spend the night in. We flew on to Buc, near Paris, in an hour I have gone through many emotions in the air, but this flight was the most thrilling I have yet known.

BUCHANAN'S

"BLACK & WHITE"

AND

"Red Seal"

SCOTCH WHISKIES.

INDIAN STUDENTS IN ENGLAND.

MANCHESTER EMPLOYERS' LIBERALITY.

EXTRACTS FROM MR. MALLET'S REPORT.

The following extracts are taken from the Parliamentary White Paper in which Mr. C. E. Mallet, the Secretary for Indian Students, submits his report on the work of his department from July, 1912, to June 1913.

MANCHESTER.

At Manchester it is estimated that there are forty Indians. A double appointment was here made by the University in consultation with the Secretary of State. Mr. J. W. Dulanty, M.A., was nominated to act as adviser for Indian students at the School of Technology, and Mr. Gilbert Cook, M.A., to act for other Indian students in the University. Both appointments date from January 1, 1913. A fee of £50 a year is divided between the two advisers. The bulk of the work falls to Mr. Dulanty, as most of the Indian students at Manchester study scientific and technical subjects. Both Mr. Dulanty and Mr. Cook undertook to act as guardians when the parents of students desired them to do so, and, apart from Government scholars, the students have been placed under their care. Mr. Dulanty has been very successful in gaining admission for Indian students to mills and factories in Lancashire, in many cases without the payment of a fee. Trade rules and trade feeling make it often far from easy for strangers to secure opportunities for practical training. But certain public-spirited employers in Manchester and its neighbourhood have responded liberally to the proposals of the University upon this point.

GLASGOW.

At Glasgow Mr. H. Bamford, M.Sc., is the local adviser. Only four students out of fifty-seven are under his guardianship; and it is noted that there has been considerable criticism of the arrangements by some "who mistakenly regard them as an expedient for limiting their freedom." Mr. Bamford's chief endeavour has been to procure opportunities for practical training in civil engineering, as all but five of the Glasgow students are studying for that profession; but it is pointed out that such facilities are specially hard to obtain.

EDINBURGH.

At Edinburgh there were in June last 229 Indian students of whom nine were under the guardianship of the local adviser, Dr. James Miller. Medical students are in the majority, but the number of engineering students is increasing. In this university there are already various unofficial agencies at work; and the Indian students have an institution of their own and take an active part in all university movements.

RACE AND COLOUR PREJUDICE.

Attention has lately been drawn to signs of race and colour prejudice shown by certain Edinburgh students who, like the Indians, are British subjects and visitors from overseas. But prejudice of this kind, so far as it is conscious and deliberate, is (in the words of Mr. Mallet) happily not widely spread. It is found only in a few young men who do not realise what the British Empire stands for or what the obligations of good manners mean. It is repudiated by all that is best in Scottish opinion, and is neither countenanced nor excused by the University authorities in Edinburgh or elsewhere.

GOVERNMENT SCHOLARS.

A number of interesting particulars are given regarding the Government of India scholars. We read that every year a certain number of scholarships are awarded by Local Governments in India, one or two of the value of £200 a year each for three years, the holders of which generally proceed to Oxford or Cambridge, two for the study of Arabic and Sanskrit of the value of £150 a year each for two years, and ten for the study of technical subjects, also of the value of £150 a year for two years or more. The object of the technical scholarships is to qualify the holders on their return to India to improve existing industries, and to develop new industries when possible. There are at present ten scholars holding scholarships of £200 a year, six holding language scholarships, and twenty-six technical scholars; and they are distributed over a great variety of centres in Great Britain and abroad. The language scholars not infrequently take a degree at a German university. The technical scholars are of many kinds. Some are concerned with the textile industries and with chemistry as applied to textiles. Some of them come to study mining, metallurgy, and the various branches of engineering. Others are learning the manufacture of sugar, of pottery, of alkalies, of leather and soap. The list of technical scholars selected for 1913 includes one for the study of architecture, one for the study of flour-milling, two for the study of sugar-engineering, one for pottery, one for leather, one for chemistry as applied to minerals, and three for mechanical and electrical engineering. Besides these scholars one student at present is drawing an allowance of £50 a year to study the fine arts, and one lady who is prosecuting the study of Pedagogy is receiving £150 a year.

THE INNS OF COURT.

A large proportion of Indian students who come to this country consists of men who come to be called to the Bar, and some of them perhaps overrate the value which attaches to a barrister's standing. At Lincoln's Inn it is estimated that there are now between 250 and 300; at Gray's Inn there are 90, at the Middle Temple some 300, at the Inner Temple 39. The large increase of numbers lately at one or two Inns has rendered the problem more difficult than before. There has been some disposition on the part of the Inns to raise the standard of examination required from Indian students seeking admission. It is pointed out that it is a good deal easier to qualify as a barrister in England than to qualify as a pleader in India, and that the examinations in this country ought not to be regarded as a means by which students, unable to pass the examinations which pleaders have to pass in India, are able to secure a qualification that ranks higher by coming here. The recent change which requires Indian students taking the Oxford and Cambridge Senior Local examinations to pass in Latin, may in some respects bear hardly upon students to whom Latin is an unfamiliar tongue. But to the raising of the standard of examination no objection can be taken, provided that due notice is given of any changes made by the Inns of Court. The demand for a higher standard of education for barristers proceeds chiefly from the High Courts in India. The Inns of Court will admit students who have passed Responsions at Oxford or the Previous Examination at Cambridge, and are far from insisting that all Bar students should have a University degree. On this point some misconception appears to exist in India still. Meanwhile, the rule which required a native of India to obtain a certificate from the Collector or Deputy Commissioner of his district, or from the Political Officer attached to a Native State, and which sometimes involved applications to police officials has been altered, and a certificate from the Secretary for Indian Students takes its place. The Secretary for Indian Students has to be satisfied by enquiries made in India, through the machinery of the Advisory Committees, that his certificate may be fairly given; but the method of securing certificates has been rendered more elastic, and adequate testimonials from private persons obviate the need for any application to the police. It should be added that any representations made on the students' behalf by the Secretary for Indian Students to the Inns of Court have received, and are sure of receiving, courteous and friendly consideration.

THE HOSPITALS.

As regards Medicine, the number of Indian students visiting London for this purpose seems likely to increase; and it is of course, important to them that they should be able to secure the same facilities for hospital work as other students. Hitherto these facilities have been granted to Indians more or less freely by the medical authorities at the London Hospital, the Middlesex Hospital, University College Hospital and others. The London Hospital has given a generous lead. St. Bartholomew's Charing Cross, St. Mary's and others have a few Indian students each; Guy's and St. Thomas have each at present only two. And the students have in most cases thoroughly justified the facilities given. At one or two hospitals, however, these facilities are not very freely offered to Indians, and at all hospitals postgraduate appointments are very difficult for Indians to secure.

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS.

On the general question it should be added that the work of the Students' Department is by no means free from difficulty yet. The problem of bringing home to students in India the information which they ought to have before they come has not been fully solved. And on this side many problems of training, as well as the problems of providing lodgings, of arranging for holidays and vacations, of finding companionship and entertainment for students who need them, and of introducing them to English houses and to English friends, still remain to be more adequately dealt with. In these matters time is needed, and the Department must to some extent depend on the voluntary help which it is able to enlist. Above all, it must depend on the co-operation and goodwill of the students, on convincing them that its object is not to watch or to restrict them, but only to secure fair play for them in this country, and to help them in matters where they cannot altogether help themselves. No one desires that British subjects should be driven to seek under foreign governments opportunities of education denied to them in India or here. But the India Office has no desire to do for students anything that they can do for themselves. If the day ever comes when Indian students arriving in this country with few friends or introductions and with little knowledge of English ways, find that they have no special difficulties to encounter and no prejudices to overcome, and that they can secure for themselves without official assistance the fullest facilities for training and education, no one would advocate the continuance of a Students' Department. At present this is not the case. The applications which students make to the Department daily prove that there are many ways in which it can be useful, even to the most independent among them. Students' associations have been lately formed in London, to deal in a serious and practical spirit with the difficulties which Indians encounter here; and if these associations can co-operate heartily with the Department, both they and the Department will gain. It is the Secretary of State's desire that the students should take part in working a scheme which was initiated in their interests alone.

THE COST TO THE INDIAN REVENUE.

In conclusion, it is stated that the cost to Indian revenues involved is nearly £6,000 a year, which will, however, be to some extent diminished when the fees payable by parents in certain cases of guardianship come in. But if the work grows—and the more thoroughly it is done the more likely it is to grow—it may later on require more staff to deal with it. "Six thousand pounds a year is not a heavy price to pay," it is remarked, "if it results in sending back to India, to be leaders of the younger generation, a body of well-equipped and well-educated men, with many links of friendship in England, who have no reason to complain of their experiences here, but every reason to recall them with gratitude and pleasure. But this is only possible if the opportunities needed are freely offered to Indian students who deserve them, and if British educational authorities will realise how large a public opinion is involved."

Sir Francis William Maclean, K.C.I.E., K.C., M.A., of Rutland-gate, lately Chief Justice of Bengal a director of the Marine and General Mutual Life Assurance Society formerly M.P. for Mid-Oxon and afterwards Master in Lunacy who died on the 11th November last, aged 69, left an estate of the gross value of £36,579, of which £36,206 is net personalty.

EXPLORER'S LIFE AS ESKIMO.

STEFANSSON'S QUAINT STORIES.

ACCIDENTS OF ARCTIC TRAVEL.

The record of Mr. Stefanson's second expedition to the Arctic, which began in the summer of 1908 and lasted until July of last year, has just been published, says the "Daily Chronicle." Only a few days ago a message, which had been over a month in reaching the wires, came from Point Barrow to "The Daily Chronicle," and in it Mr. Stefansson told of the mishap by which he and some of his comrades had been separated from the Karluk, the ship of the Canadian Government Expedition in the far North, which Mr. Stefansson is now leading.

One realises that Mr. Stefansson is so familiar with these latitudes, so resourceful, so intrepid and experienced that what other men, less well equipped by training, might regard as a vital blow is to him only another obstacle to be met and overcome. If is lies in human fortitude and indomitable courage to redeem an enterprise which has begun in this inauspicious way, Mr. Stefansson, one feels sure, is the man to do it.

"MY OWN PEOPLE."

His journeyings during these four years, sometimes with Dr. Anderson, the naturalist of the expedition, more often with Eskimo for his only companions, covered thousands of miles along the Arctic coast of Alaska and North-Western Canada, as far east as Coronation Gulf and Prince Albert Land. He met many different tribes of Eskimo, and was incessantly studying their language, their customs, their beliefs. "I have lived with the Eskimo until they have become as my own people. I pass my winters in their houses and my summers in their tents; I dress as they do, eat what they eat, and follow the game across the tundra to get my food exactly as they do, and I have come to feel that I understand them as well as I do my own people."

Of the year which Mr. Stefansson spent with the Dolphin and Union Straits Eskimo he has naturally a great deal to tell us, and it is all of vivid interest.

He found himself among a people whose existence on the same Continent as New York and Toronto was an anarchronism of ten thousand years in intelligence and material development. He had nothing to imagine; he had merely to look and listen; for here were not the remains of the Stone Age, but the Stone Age itself, men and women very human, who thought their simple, primitive thoughts and lived their insecure and tense lives as their fellows of the South may have done ten centuries ago.

THEIR FEAR OF STRANGERS.

They were entirely friendly, possibly because Mr. Stefansson spoke in a dialect a little different from their own. As he observes, it cannot have happened often in the history of the world that the first white man to visit a primitive people was one who spoke their language.

These people, it appears, fear most of all things the evil spirits that are likely to appear to them at any time in any guise, and next to that they fear strangers. But their doubts being dispelled, the traveller found them the soul of hospitality. He was invited into a house and the hostess proved "motherly, kind, and hospitable, like all her countrywomen."

"Her first questions were not of the land from which I came, but of my footgear. Weren't my feet just a little damp, and might she not pull my boots off for me and dry them over the lamp? Would I not put on a pair of her husband's dry socks, and was there no little hole in my mittens or coat that she could mend for me? She had boiled some seal meat for me, but she had not boiled any fat. They always cut it in small pieces and ate it raw themselves; but the pot still hung over the lamp, and anything she put into it would be cooked in a moment."

Mr. Stefansson had only to give a hint as to what interested him, and they put all their information on that subject at his disposal; on their part they showed the greatest delicacy in asking questions. They betrayed no surprise at their guest's blue eyes and light brown beard, because these features, they explained, were much like those of some of their neighbours to the north—the "Blond Eskimo," whom Mr. Stefansson visited and whose discovery has raised such important biological and historical problems.

LOOKING FOR TO-MORROW.

Curiously enough, these people were not much impressed by rifle shooting. When the white man, after hitting a stick 200 yards away, told them that he could kill a bear or caribou at even three times the distance, they merely asked whether he could kill game on the other side of the mountain. It appears that a "spaman" in a neighbouring tribe had a magic arrow by which he could perform this feat. And when Mr. Stefansson looked through his binoculars and saw bands of caribou that were to them invisible they applauded, and asked, "Will you not also look for the caribou that are coming to-morrow, so that we can tell where to lie in ambush for them?" They were disappointed when told that this was impossible, for they knew that their own medicine men had charms and magic that enabled them to see things the morrow was to bring forth.

It was in Victoria Island that the "Blond Eskimo" were found. "When I saw before me these men, who looked like Europeans, in spite of their garb of furs, I knew that I had come upon either the last chapter and solution of one of the historical tragedies of the past, or else that I had added a new mystery for the future to solve: the mystery of why these men are like Europeans if they be not of European descent."

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED.

Of something less than a thousand persons in this tribe ten or more have blue eyes; of the men who have beards a good many are light brown; the hair of the head is generally dark brown or rusty red, and perhaps half the entire population have eyebrows ranging from a dark brown to a light brown or nearly white.

There is no reason, he thinks, for insisting that the "Blond Eskimo" are descended from the Scandinavian colonists of Greenland, but, looking at it historically or geographically, there is no reason why they might not be. It is possible, on the other hand, that for some so-called "accidental" reason blond individuals may have been born from time to time in the past from parents of pure Eskimo blood, and that these may have perpetuated themselves.

As to supposing that it is the climate that has made the Victoria Island Eskimo blond, the theory is hardly tenable, for they live on the same food and under the same climatic conditions as do the Eskimo east of them and west of them, none of whom show the same European-like traits.

The problem is a most attractive one, and the present expedition, with better fortune than has attended it up to the present, may solve it.

The missionary question is always one of absorbing interest. Mr. Stefansson has a good deal to say on it, and of this we have space only to quote one illuminating passage:—

Although it is not easy to get me to admit that the present day Eskimo are far better men than their forefathers, it is easy to get them themselves to admit it. In fact, they are of late years rather prone to assert that they are better men than their ancestors. My man Ilavinisk said to me one day: "The people of Kotzebue Sound were formerly very bad, but they are all good now. In my father's time and when I was young they used to lie and to steal and to work on Sunday." "But," I asked him, "don't they as a matter of fact, tell lies now occasionally?" "Oh, yes, they sometimes do." "Well, don't they really as a matter of fact, tell about as many lies now as they ever did?" "Well, yes, perhaps they do." "And don't they, as a matter of fact, steal about as frequently as ever?" "Well, possibly. But they don't work on Sunday."

The volume, which includes a long report on the natural history collections of the expedition, by Dr. Anderson, is illustrated by a multitude of photographs selected from the thousands Mr. Stefansson took during his journeys.

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MADRAS.

FUTURE OF THE SOLDIER.

FROM THE ARMY TO THE CIVIL SERVICE.

NEW COMMITTEES AT WORK.

The military correspondent of the "Daily Mail" says:—

In spite of the strictures and recommendations which the Esher Committee of 1904 made regarding the plethora of committees which they found to exist at the War Office, Colonel Seely (the Army Council as a body is of little account nowadays) has ordained the assembly of two new committees to investigate and report on certain military problems.

The first committee, under the presidency of Sir Matthew Nathan, head of the Inland Revenue Department, is an important one, and it is only due to the Army that its proceedings should be made public. It is to consider "the conditions of service in the Army and the requirements of Civil employment with special reference to the question of ensuring such employment in Government Departments, or otherwise, for all soldiers of good character on leaving the colours."

Should this Committee really get to the bottom of things military, really understand the British Army of to-day, above all its qualities and its aspirations, and boldly attack its task without fear, favour, or affection, it is not unreasonable to assert that the soldier—officer and man—may look forward to the beginning of a new era when the profession of arms will be regarded as a reality, not as a plaything for aspiring politicians "to touch with a pole," but as a life-long career in the military and civil service of the State to which good men of all ranks may claim to belong.

There is one department of Government service, and that is the Civil Department of the War Office, which presents itself as an opening upon which the Committee may at once direct its efforts. By a happy coincidence, Sir Matthew Nathan, as an ex-officer, is himself a recent example, among numerous others, of brilliant success in serving the country in the hitherto sacrosanct preserves of the Civil Service after employment as a soldier. This augurs well for the future.

SUCCESSFUL PRECEDENT.

The War Office is, and has been from a distant past, divided into two main divisions, one political and financial, the other military. The first division embraces the departments of the Secretary of State for War, the Military Secretary to the Secretary of State the Secretary of the War Office, the Civil Member of Council and Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, and the Finance Member of Council.

Except in a few instances in the departments of the Military Secretary and of the Civil and Finance members of Council, the clerical establishments of the political and finance division are staffed entirely from the Civil Service. This personnel, totalling some 560 of all grades, and receiving salaries ranging from £1,000 and over a year to about 20s. a week, includes such posts as directors, principals, examiners, staff clerks, accountants, writers, librarians, draughtsmen, shorthand writers, etc.

The second, or military, division of the War Office includes the respective departments of the four Military Members of Council—viz., the Chief of the Imperial General Staff, the Adjutant-General, the Quartermaster-General and the Master-General of Ordnance. The clerical staff of this division is manned by ex-officers and ex-soldiers, pensioner clerks, military clerks and quartermasters, totalling some 320 all ranks, with salaries ranging from £450 a year to about 30s. a week.

Prior to 1901 the clerical staff of the military division was, except in a few cases, wholly manned by civil clerks. On the recommendation of the Dawkins Committee all these civil clerks were replaced by ex-officers and ex-soldiers "in order to carry out the policy of decentralisatio." This replacement of civilians by ex-soldiers, it is well known, has met with unqualified success, in spite of the croakings at the time of many civil officials, who predicted that all sorts of disasters would befall the War Office. Nothing has happened but good all round.

However capable the "civil side" of the War Office and its manufacturing and miscellaneous branches at home and abroad may be, and doubtless it is often very good, in the opinion of many experienced officers and not a few civilians there is no valid reason why the whole of the Civil appointments of the War Office and its branches should not be thrown open to and held by duly selected ex-officers and soldiers, and this without any loss of efficiency to the public service and with considerable gain to th public purse.

It cannot be repeated too often that for many years the Army has been turning out a vast number of highly educated men who have held and been trained in highly responsible posts in various civil and finance branches of Government offices throughout the Empire, men who possess qualifications ample in all respects to conduct the business of the civil departments of the War Office, much of which, as is well known, is of a kind that is done daily, and done well, by hundreds of soldiers of all ranks in the Army. Who has not often seen the appointment of a recently joined youth of the Civil Service to, say, the Secretariat department of the War Office being promoted into the contracts branch, or of a civil clerk who has during all his service dealt with, say, records and regulations, being suddenly converted into an expert auditor?

VICTIMS OF TRADITION.

Let us recall what the Esher Committee of 1904 said about Military Finance. Here are some extracts: "The entire system of War Office finance is based upon the assumption that all military officers are necessarily spendthrifts, and that their actions must be controlled in gross and in detail by civilians. This theory is largely responsible for the unreadiness for war which has been frequently exhibited, as well as for reckless and wasteful expenditure. . . . The eminent civilian who fills the post (the former Accountant-General) is not necessarily a trained accountant, and his great staff is somewhat promiscuously occupied with estimating, auditing, accounting, contracting, or purely clerical duties. The fact that a Director and an Assistant-Director of Contracts have been appointed neither of whom had previously any experience in buying, or any knowledge of the special stores to be bought, sufficiently illustrates the practical operation of the dominant theory. . . .

"The theory that military officers of all ranks are, by the fact of wearing uniform, shorn of all business instincts, has inevitably tended to produce the laxity which it is supposed to prevent." The foregoing remarks apply generally with equal truth in 1913 as they did nine years ago.

WORKING FOR FRANCO-GERMAN ENTENTE.

HOPES OF INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE.

The Paris Correspondent of the "Daily Chronicle." wired on Dec. 16. In May last over 200 French and German Members of Parliament, representing every political party, met at Berne on the initative of a group of Swiss Members of Parliament with the object of bringing about a rapprochement between France and Germany. At the conclusion of this first Franco-German International Parliamentary Conference a motion was carried agreeing that a permanent Franco-German Inter-Parliamentary Committee should be appointed. This permanent committee was subsequently elected by the Parliamentary groups for Peace and Arbitration in the French Chamber and in the Reichstag.

At a meeting of the French Arbitration Group, held in the Chamber of Deputies, this afternoon Baron d'Estournelles de Constant gave details of the new international organisation. France is represented, in it by 21 members—seven Senators, including Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, M. Gaston Meunier, and M. Herriot, and 14 Deputies, including M. Jaures, the Socialist leader, M. Augagneur, M. Paul Bareour, ex-Minister, and two members of the present Ministry—M. Metin, Minister of Labour, and M. Raynold, Minister of Agriculture. The last two members, during the time they are in office, will not take any active part in the proceedings of the committee.

The representatives of the German Reichstag on the committee number 18, including Herr Konard Haussaman (Radical), Dr. Belzer (Centre), Dr. Bollert (National Liberal), Dr. Haase (Socialist), and Dr. Ricklin (representing Alsace). The two presidents of the committee are Baron d'Estournelles de Constant for France and Dr. Konrad Hausmann for Germany.

Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, whom I saw after the meeting, told me that the announcement of the formation of the Franco-German Committee was very well received at the meeting of the French Parliamentary group of Arbitration. The new committee, he said, will probably meet early next year.

"It will work earnestly," said Baron de Constant, "to carry out its programme, that is to say, to facilitate an entente between France and Germany.

"With this end in view we will fight a great campaign against Chauvinism in the two countries, and we will work together to dispel misunderstandings and to prevent complications.

"The rapprochement between French and German members of Parliament will certainly bring about better relations between the two nations, and facilitate in the near future, we hope, mutual concessions with regard to armaments.

"At the meeting of the Parliamentary Group of Arbitration this afternoon we decided to accept the invitation of the Commercial Committee of the British House of Commons to go to London on February 25, which shows that while we desire to bring about good relations with Germany we do not forget our great friends the English."

THE WEEK'S RAINFALL.

(From our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Jan. 3.

The latest official statement regarding the rainfall in India during the week ending 1st January 1914 shows that the weather was remarkably dry over the whole Indian region during the first five days of the week.

In the 30th a depression of the cold weather type entered north-west India from the west and gave light to moderate precipitation on the 31st in th Peunjab, the North-West Frontier Province and the north of Rajputana. Rajputana west and the Punjab south-west were the only areas in which the south rainfall of the week exceeded the normal by 20 per cent. or more. In the Punjab east and north, and the North-West Frontier Province the fall was equal to the normal, while it was in defect by 20 per cent. or more in all the remaining divisions with the exception of Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, Sind, Rajputana east, Gujarat and the Konkan, where there was, as is usually the case, no rain.

The seasonal rainfall from the 28th November upto date is 20 per cent. or more in excess in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the United Province east, the Punjab, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Berar, the Central Provinces and the whole of Madras, excepting the northern coast districts. It is 20 per cent. or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, Orissa, Kashmir, Central India west, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan Hyderabad and Mysore.

SAFETY AT SEA.

CONFERENCE AND LIFE-SAVING APPLIANCES.

COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

The consideration in detail of the important matters which the International Conference on Safety of Life at Sea was summoned to deal with has hitherto been entrusted to a number of committees of the Conference, says "The Times." The committees are now rapidly completing their labours, and the full Conference will shortly meet to consider the measures which they recommend. Perhaps the greatest amount of public interest will be centred on the questions which have been before the Committee on Life-saving Appliances which has now agreed upon and drawn up its report. A large number of recommendations of high importance to shipowners and to the teavelling public generally have been arrived at, dealing with such questions as the number of boats to be carried, their dimensions and equipment, the measure that are desirable for extinguishing and also for preventing fires and the number, training, and qualifications of the men who man the boats. These recommendations have yet to be confirmed by the full Conference, but as the committee is a large and authoritative body, consisting of over 30 expert members drawn from peactically all the participating nations, it will probably be found, when the final report is issued, that it follows the main lines of the committee's findings.

"BOATS FOR ALL."

Perhaps the most important question which was delegated to this committee was the provision of boats. Beiefly, the principle of "boats for all," which has been adopted by the shipowners of the chief maritime nations since the public outcry which arose after the Titanic disaster, is accepted for all foreign-going passenger vessels, but with a modification. Accoeding to the committee's recommendations, lifeboat accommodation is to be provided for at least 75 per cent. of passengers and crew, and "pontoon rafts" for the remaining 25 per cent. But this alternative to the lifeboat is only to be permitted when a ship was fitted up the largest number of davits practicable and used them to their fullest capacity. This proposal was brought forward by the British delegation, and was carried by a very large majority. The type of "pontoon raft" here stipulated must comply with certain conditions. It must be reversible, and fitted with bulwarks of wood, canvas, or other suitable material, and of such dimensions that it can be handled with mechanical appliances, and if necessary thrown over the ship's side.

A series of rules defining the types of approved boats and eafts has been suggested in which their features are minutely described. The lifeboats may be open, with internal buoyancy. or with both internal and external buoyancy; or they may be pontoon lifeboats in which persons can be accommodated below deck, or open lifeboats with the upper part of the sides collapsible, or motor-boats. In this last case, howevee, only a limited number of such boats may rank as lifeboats. An interesting proposal was advanced by the British delegation. They suggested a type of large boat, completely decked over, in which the passengers would stand below decks; but the committee as a whole rejected this proposal as somewhat too advanced. In regard to both lifeboats and pontoon rafts, however, a certain elasticity is allowed to each country. Provided that actual trial shows that an alternative type is as effective as the type stipulated in the rules this alternative may be accepted as an equivalent.

THE DANGER OF FIRE.

In view of certain recent disastrous fires at sea the recommendations of the committee as to the measures desirable for coping with fires will be read with interest. The subject was considered both from the point of view of the prevention and the extinction of fires—indeed, in the view of the American delegates the question of prevention was even more important than that of extinction. In the evidence given before the Volturno inquiry it has been stated that the cargo included a quantity of chemicals and oil, and there were stated to be 19 drums of tetrachloride on board. The dangers attended by the carrying of explosive and combustible materials of this character was considered by the committee, and they have decided to recommend the Conference to lay down that no passenger vessel, with certain exceptions, should carry cargo which by its nature or mode of stowage is calculated to endanger the ship or the lives of its passengers. A further recommendation is that each country should issue regular warnings defining such dangerous goods and the precautions necessary in packing and stowing them and should enforce the observance of these precautions. With a further view to the prevention of fires it is suggested that a patrol system should be instituted, so that outbreaks may be promptly detected.

As to the extinction of fires, powerful steam or other pumps would be provided for this purpose. The committee's recommendation is that there should be three on vessels of 4,000 tons, and two on smaller vessels, which can be used simultaneously. The arrangements for the supply of water would also be supervised, and the accessibility of the cargo from this point of view has been considered. The other recommendations provide for the carrying of smoke helmets and safety lamps on board and regular fire drills.

QUALIFICATIONS OF BOAT HANDS.

The subject of the qualifications to be insisted on in an "efficient boat hand" was one which raised wide differences of opinion. In the interests of the seamen it has been urged that two able seamen, with three years' training before the mast, should be carried in each boat. The United States delegates suggested that a period of one years service at sea should be the qualification. Neither of these proposals was accepted. The recommendations made correspond fairly closely with the current practice on all large liners. The definition of an efficient boat hand is a member of the crew who has been trained in the launching, lowering, and detaching of lifeboats and in the use of oars, and has proved himself qualified to handle lifeboats. It is also provided that boat hands answering to these qualifications should receive certificates from their respective countries, but no mention is made of the means to be taken to ascertain the degree of efficiency.

As to numbers, a scale is recommended for each boat or raft carried. Where the number of persons carried is under 61 three efficient boat hands would be required; under 86, four; under 111, five; under 161, six; under 211, seven; and an additional hand for every extra 50 persons. When the committee came to the question of manning generally, however, they found themselves unable to agree, and some of the delegates regarded this as being outside the competence of the Conference. In these circumstances only a general declaration was passed, urging that all foreign-going passenger ships should be sufficiently and efficently manned from the point of view of safety of life. In adopting this resolution the object of the committee was to invite public attention to the subject in the various countries concerned, as it was realized that the value of life-saving appliances depends in a large measure on the proper organization and training of the crew.

MR. CHURCHHILL ON EMPIRE DEFENCE.

"AN ACT OF FAR-SEEING IMAGINATION."

Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, was present on December 16, at the luncheon given by the Navy League at the Hotel Cecil to Captain Halsey and the officers of H. M. S. New Zealand, the Dominion Government's gift to the Imperial Navy, which has just completed a trip round the world. Mr. Robert Yerburgh, M.P., presided, and Sub.-Lieut. Prince George of Battenberg was among the guests, says the "Daily Chronicle."

Mr. Yerburgh proposed the health of the officers and men of the New Zealand.

Mr. Churchill, supporting the proposal, said: At all the places the New Zealand visited she has left behind in the breasts of our fellow-citizens in the different countries beyond the seas not only the memory of a pleasant and interesting visit, but also an inspiration, which, coming as it does in reinforcement of the general movement all over the Empire to participate in the common defence, cannot but be of considerable value and importance.

The gift of the New Zealand by the Dominion of New Zealand to the Mother Country at a time of serious crisis was one of the greatest acts of far-seeing imagination which any modern State can claim credit for. (Hear, hear.) This small community, far away in the recesses of the Pacific, contributed the money out of which this magnificent ship had been called into being, and then dedicated it whole-heartedly, without reserve, without condition and without return, to the general service of the Imperial Navy. (Cheers.) We do our best at all times at the Admiralty to assist the Dominions in giving effect to this universal impulse of aiding the Imperial Navy according to their different means. We recognise the sacrifices and exertions which Australia is making; we look forward with hope and confidence to the assistance which Canada will bring. The gift of the New Zealand does not rank beneath the exertions or contributions of any of the Dominions.

NO "CUTTING THE PAINTER."

The position which the British Navy occupies is different from that of the navy of any other country. We have not only to think of ourselves and of our home interests, we have not only to bear the responsibility of protecting the vast, unarmed populations of these islands from external danger; but we have to see that the sea routes across the world are so safeguarded that the food on which the life of the people and the material on which the large industries of the nation are maintained, arrive in due and regular course. And we have, besides, to keep together the great structure, and fabric of the British Empire, which, linked by so much sentiment, linked by such growing community of feeling in the moral and in the intellectual sphere, has only this one great material link—the sea power of Great Britain—to weld it effectually into a permanent and enduring whole. We believe that the cruise of the New Zealand has notably contributed to the advancement of all these causes.

Captain Hasley, in response, spoke of the enthusiasm which had marked their visit to the various places they had called at, and said there was no difference in the reception given them in South Africa between the Dutch and the British. He was, indeed, astonished at the reception offered by the Dutch, who only a decade ago were our bitterest enemies. (Cheers.) He had heard of such things as "cutting the painter," but he could assure them that their voyage round the Empire had taught them that there was no such thing.

VICEROY'S COUNCIL.

NO MEETING ON THE 8TH.

(From Our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Jan. 3.

As at present arranged the first meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council will be held on the 6th instant and the Hon. Mr. Gokhale's resolution on the South African question being postponed there will be no meeting of the Council on the 8th as originally settled.

The Council again meets on the 9th instant and thereafter on the 13th, 14th and 16th.

It is not known when the Hon. Mr. Surendra Nath Bannerjee's resolution on the modification of the Press Act, will be taken up, it being still under the consideration of the Government of India.

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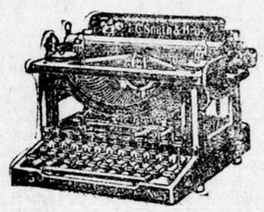

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FASHIONS OF TO-DAY.

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Dec. 18.

Novelties both in fabrics and in styles are constantly appearing, though what may be called the general principles of fashion are fairly fixed. One of the most charming fancies is the use of semi-transparent fabrics over under-dresses of silk in some vivid contrasting shade. The under-skirt is not allowed to show at all, but just tones and enriches the over-dress by its presence. A very beautiful gown of this kind had a draped overskirt of purple semi-transparent silk voile, and an underskirt of rich cerise-coloured satin. The harmony between this bright red and the dull purple was extremely effective. Had the under-dress been allowed to show at all the result would have been rather too glaring.

A PRETTY FROCK FOR A GIRL.

Fashions for the little maidens who are passing from childhood into girlhood often present rather difficult problems. Frocks must be simple; at the same time excessive plainness is apt to accentuate certain angularities of figure and awkwardnesses of manner that schoolgirls often suffer from. We think the design given in our illustration for a pretty frock for a girl of about twelve years old will commend itself alike to mothers and to daughters. It is suggested that a dark powder-blue cashmere should be employed, but, of course, the ever-useful blue serge in a fine make would also serve fairly well. The skirt is of the two-tier order, a style that will be found useful for rapidly-growing children, as it can be easily let down. The waistband is of black velvet, and is ornamented with a handsome buckle, and the little buttons down the front of the bodice are also covered with black velvet. The deep collar and cuffs are of embroidered muslin edged with Valenciennes lace.

A NOVEL BLOUSE.

Always the blouse is going to disappear, according to the prophets of fashion, and always it seems to derive a fresh lease of life from these hostile warnings. Personally I think the blouse has now become as much an essential in the wardrobe as the coat and skirt, and long may it continue to hold its own. It is convenient, pretty, and becoming, and what more can anybody want? Certainly the design given in our illustration possesses all three qualities. It shows one of the very fashionable basqued blouses, and is composed of navy-blue satin. The cut is very simple, the main features to note being the basque, the wide sash, and the low placing of the arm-hole. The vest and the smart hemstitched collar are of white ninon, and the little bow is of black tulle.

A GRACEFUL HOUSE-GOWN.

For indoor wear in the afternoon it would be difficult to find a gown more suitable and more graceful than that shown in our illustration. The two principal features of the present-day fashions, the tunic and the sash, are combined in this charming confection, which, while easy enough for comfort, is yet far more dressy in general effect than a tea-gown. It would serve admirably for any afternoon reception, or for a bridge or tango tea. The material chosen is velvet in the new tint of sand colour, and a striking contrast of colour is provided by the sash, which is of verdigris-green taffetas. The whole artistic effect of the dress depends on the graceful way in which the tunic is cut and the sash is draped. The vest which is used to fill in the decolletage is composed of cream net, and the collar is finished with a tie to match the sash.

INDIAN IRRIGATION DIFFICULTIES.

The economical application of water to irrigation purposes in India depends upon many peculiar factors, says "The Times." It appears that on one of the largest irrigation systems of the Punjab a rapid rise of the subsoil water level took place which threatened serious trouble by waterlogging the area. It was, therefore, necessary to discover the source of this water, and convert the dangerous waste to useful purposes. One line of inquiry on the value of the personal factor, affords an interesting study. The cultivators in the area under investigation are drawn from several castes which range from the Sikh farmers, who are recognized as the best agriculturists in Northern India, to the Mahomedan Janglis, who have only recently emerged from the unenviable reputation of being among the most export of cattle thieves. It is not surprising therefore that the latter are not ranked as efficient cultivators. Nevertheless, the investigation has shown that the Sikh cultivators are only 9 per cent. more efficient as irrigators than the Janglis, and generally speaking, the most efficient cultivator is capable of irrigating only from 4to 5 per cent. more land than the average cultivator with the same amount of water. The second line of inquiry referred to the volume of single outlet discharge which could be handled most economically by the native cultivator. As would be expected, it was found that small discharges caused relatively large absorption losses, while large discharges were difficult to control with the primitive means at the disposal of the natives. The difference however, is not very great. The third line of inquiry referred to the nature of the soil, but is was found that the difference between the total quantity of water required to raise crops on comparatively heavy loan and on light loan is so small as to be negligible for all practical purposes. Finally, an inquiry was made into the liberality with which the allowance of water was given, and here was found the main cause of the waterlogging. The want of accurate means for regulating the discharge so as to correspond to the correct allowance tends to excessive liberality, and as only a small portion of the excess is usefully employed by the crops the remainder accumulates and raises the level of the sub-soil water.

THE PASSING OF THE BUFFOON.

A DRAMATIC CHARACTER AND HIS MEANING.

Mr. S. R. Littlewood, writes to the "Daily Chronicle":—

With strangely little recognition we are witnessing just now the passing of the buffoon. In the theatre—perhaps in life as well—he is passing away from an analytic and intellectual age. It is easier to say what we mean by him than what he means to us. He is an idea that obtrudes itself into the mind at mere mention of the word. He arrives, and blossoms there in the foam and scarlet of his humour. He—not she. Of all the dramatis personae he is the most formidably and essentially masculine. There are figures of feminine humour both upon the past and present stage—the comic old woman, the "singing chambermaid," the American-French "soubrette" of modernity—but they must all pale before the richness, the succulence, the colour and flaming blood of the buffoon!

What does he mean—humanity, or something deeper yet? His true saga has still to be written. Assuredly he was, like all the others, a god to start with. In the dawn of history, upon the Egptian hieroglyphs that may be telling us of 6,000 years ago, Bes, the God of Darkness, takes upon himself the unmistakable character of the buffoon. His is the broad laugh of thick lips, significantly negroid. From Vulcan to Loki, every assembly of the old god north, south, east and west, had to accept the buffoon, not willingly, but in obedience to his irresistible vitality, and in their own despite.

THE FIRST PLAYER.

Long before Thespis and his crew grimaced at the cart-tail, the buffoon was with the world. He was the first player. He probably leered through the juice-stained face of primaeval man, as now through that of the surviving savage. Once, perhaps, those crimson streaks were gashes, streaming with blood, when the laughter of a buffoon echoed inhideous orgies around the tribal fire.

Through the great days of Greece the mostly-lost but none the less valued half of all that drama meant lurked behind the buffoon's mask. The Middle Ages hail him in the Vice of the old "moralities," in the court-jester with his fool's cap and bauble, in the Lord of Misrule and the Silenus-figure of the old mummers' revels, the "old man hung about with dainties," who has been sweetened into our Father Christmas and merged in Santa Claus. He crowned a triumphant way through the 'Commedia dell' Arte," and feasted with kings and councillors of the earth. He imprinted himself immortally in Shakespeare and Moliere. He has lingered even to this last in the low-comedian of melodrama, in the clown of "old-fashioned" pantomime, in the red nosed bon comique of the music-halls.

Whatever be his history or his beginning, he is going now. With the old "fruity," "port-wine" actors he vanished from the sterner walks of the drama. Even the low-comedians of "the halls"—the genuinely and brilliantly low ones—how few they are now! Those fabulous salaries, paid to such as we think we have, are eloquent of rarity. It is our fashion, nowadays, to congratulate ourselves upon the disappearance of the "red-nosed comedian." As a dwindled type, a painted starveling, with neither mirth nor wit nor power of heart, he was baleful enough, perhaps. Like the fox that collected his entire parasite population upon the tip of his nose, preparatory to drowning them all at one plunge, so the whole humour and personality of the buffoon seemed to fade away to that last touch of red in the midst of the pallid face.

THE VANISHING SPIRIT.

Whether in a moment or in a year or two, that last spark will soon, one feels, be out for ever. Shall one say that Dan Leno was the last buffoon, or the unrouged Pelissier? Is Mr. Robey to be counted of the race, or Mr. Graves? Are the multitude of conscientious "barons" and "dames" of the coming Christmas pantomimes, and the clowns who will shout at curtain-fall and throw crackers to the children while the grown-ups gather their cloaks and depart—are they instinct with the real spirit of the buffoon? The test is easy. If you were to call any living one of them so, you would certainly get an indignant letter of denial by the next post, if not a threat of libel.

No, we have everything that cleverness can do, but the spirit of the buffoon cannot breathe our modern sensitised air. These all are, and were, capable of shame. Not so the true buffoon. His grossness was his pride. He was an altogether more perfect representative of wickedness than the villain, who is conscience-stricken by nature and has bad dreams. Those mediaeval folk were amazingly right. The genuine monarch of sin is your buffoon. Like bulbous Pistol of the tattered plume, spouting obscenities, or like his forefather the "Spanish captain" of the old comedy, the buffoon stands among his misdeeds, erect and unrepentant, and answers morality with a guffaw.

It may seem very deplorable that this spirit should have ever existed. But the fact remains—it did, and does so no longer. And not all our tears can make us forget that there was a vitality and virility about him that we do not foster nowadays. This is not for want of trying. All sorts of people have sought to recapture the artistic value of the buffoon, without sin, but it cannot be done. Mr. Granville Barker and Mr. Calthrop preached about the old "Commedia" in their "Harlequinade," but the buffoon is there no longer. The result is empty words. We struggle to create the grotesque, but it proves the grotesque, and nothing more, without purpose or meaning. We talk about the picturesqueness of "carnival," but the essence of carnival was not picturesqueness. It was mad—and drink. The managers of those "variety theatres" which dread even to call themselves music-halls, lest respectable patrons should fear that the buffoon lurked there, strive to supply his place with clattering scene and spectacle, with alluring dances with "knock-about turns" of anxious and skilful acrobats. The plan has succeeded to a certain extent. The buffoon has gone elsewhere.

CHANGING TIMES BRING HOPE.

All of which may be very hopeful for the theatre. In like manner it may be hopeful for literature that there is no Rabelais accepted at the circulating libraries nowadays. So, too, it may be hopeful for the people at large that the old roaring tales and ballads of the folk do not pass from lip to lip. We are growing better, cleaner, nicer, kindlier, more sensitive, and more intellectual.

But we must not blind ourselves to the fact that if we want to be all this we must give up something. There must be no mercy for that natural hankering after the fleshpots among the elect—of which there are signs, here and there, and for which the present so-called moral crusade is partly a protective measure. Just as any man worth his salt is in himself a battlefield of conflicting forces, so must every nation be, if it is to keep its vigour. A fierce puritanism on one side, an equally strong rebellious humanity on the other, is not that very warfare essential to our social health? Any negotiations between the two cannot but mean weakness, one way or the other. And there is no possible doubt upon which side the buffoon ranges himself. He is not, nor ever will be, on the side of the angels. He is bad as bad can be—badness in all its glory.

So we shall have to recognise sooner or later that compromise is useless—that there is no humour in the modern heaven. If we are to make moral temples of our theatres the buffoon must not only go. He must never come back. Good riddance? Perhaps so. Perhaps we shall some day achieve the twilight of the gods. All the same, there was a noon of men, and the buffoon was of it.

INDIAN EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The Secretary of State for India in Council has made the following appointments to the Indian Educational Service:—

Francis Ritchie Blair, M.A. (Edin.), to be Headmaster of the Government High School, Patna; Francis Moreton Cheshire, B.A. (Cantab.), to be Professor of English at Morris College, Nagpur; Kenneth Newton Colvile, M.A., (Oxon.), to be temporary Professor of English at Elphinstone College, Bombay; William Chalmers Douglas, M.A. (Edin.), B.A. (Oxon.), to Inspector of Schools for Coorg, the civil and military station of Bangalore, and the South Kanara district of the Madras Presidency; Alan Gordon Harper, B.A. (Oxon.), to be temporary Professor of Botany at the Presidency College, Madras; Tyrell Churton Orgill, B.A. (Cantab.), to be Headmaster at the Ranchi Zilla School; and Ralph Lilley Turner, M.A. (Cantab.), to be Professor of English Literature at Queen's College, Benares. Miss Irene Wilkins has also been appointed to be mistress of domestic economy and housewifery at the Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong.

That the Cawnpore Bar Association at a general meeting assembled, desire to place on record their appreciation of the honour conferred on Babu Anand Swarup, the Vice President of the Association in bestowing on him the title of Rai Bahadur and to congratulate him most sincerely on the receipt thereof. The Cawnpore Bar Association desires to express their thanks to the Government for having fittingly recognised Rai Bahadur Babu Anand Swarup's service.

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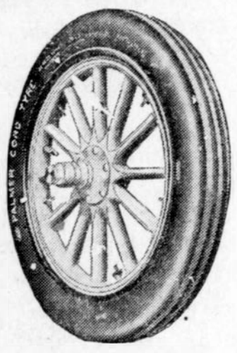

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